

THE NAPAN

Vol. XLVII] No 24 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CAN

VOTE FOR M. S. MADOLE

Fisher's Music Store.

AN ODE.

WALL PAPERS, did you say?
Come on, you'll bless the day,
You did a visit pay
To Fisher's.

The Summer now we greet,
To read in cool retreat
We've BOOKS that can't be beat,
At Fisher's.

POST CARDS to write your friend,
We've got them without end,
The Choicest you can send
Are Fisher's.

The Sweetest Music too,
Greatest old Songs and new,
There's no such stock on view
As Fisher's.

At the request of several customers it is intended to have Mr. Felling, the Gerhard Heintzman tuner here again shortly. Those who wish to secure his services will please notify as early as possible.

THE 6TH OF JUNE.

Ye men of the town, and ye men of the plough,
Most grave are the issues confronting you now,
The weal of your land is close linked with your own,
How shall she develop? Ye know how she's grown.

Shall the thoughts of her councils be lofty and clean?
Shall truth and true equity ever be seen?
Shall the God of our fathers our purpose inspire,
And our child grow to manhood to honour his sire?

Or shall we go forth like an unguided raft
Hearing still, and still more, that most ugly word, graft?
Shall our country forever be tainted? Just think!
With poverty, caused by the gangrene of drink?

Oh! rich is our heritage, great the bequest
Most nobly bequeathed to us. What our behest?
Shall this standard of purity sink in the mire
Or by unflinching effort rise higher and higher?

Think hard, and think often, e'er yet ye decide
The present is yours, and the future beside
Take no narrow views, but look deep at the whole,
And you'll cast a straight vote for your true friend Madole.

MADOLE MEETING!

L. F. HEYD, K. C.

will address a Public Meeting in the

TOWN HALL, NAPANEE, at 2 p.m.

Saturday, June 6th.

All are Welcome.

FIRE = FIRE = FIRE

PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY WITH

THE CAMERON

Steel Ladders and Fire Escapes.

It is practical. It is made of Bessemer Steel. It is permanent. It is inexpensive. It is always ready for use. It is indestructible. It costs less than any fire escape and without a competitor. Ice and snow will not adhere to it. No rot as in the case of wooden ladders. It should be on all

Churches, Schools, Hotels, Private Houses, Barns
and Out Buildings.

This flexible steel ladder is made in two sizes of selected Bessemer Steel. One for wellings, barns, and outbuildings, and 7 1/2 for fire escapes.

When adjusted to the wall they are as firm as the wall itself. They have been recommended amongst many others by the following:—

D. R. NOOMAN.—Chief of Fire Department, Perth, Ont.
J. P. QUIGLEY— " " Syracuse, N. Y.
E. J. JEWELL— " " Auburn, N. Y.
C. M. HOGG— " " Binghamton, N. Y.
J. H. ESPEY— " " Elmira.
G. F. McDONALD—Sec'y Fire and Light Committee, Ottawa, Ont.

and hundreds of others. Completely successful wherever introduced.

Sole Agent for Napanee, Deseronto and District.

CHAS. FISHER, = NAPANEE.

To the Electors

OF THE
County of Lennox.

Fellow Electors, the time is drawing near when the electors of this county in common with its other constituencies will be called upon to elect a representative for the Provincial Assembly.

It may not be possible for me to see you all personally and I adopt this method of placing myself before you and reaching as many of you as possible.

As you are aware in December last in convention assembled, my friends did me the honor of selecting me as their candidate for the Provincial Parliament. I am therefore now before you in that capacity soliciting your votes and influence at the approaching election.

I need not say that this honor was placed upon me unsought or solicited.

My opponent and myself are personal friends and although we differ in politics, neither of us permit this difference to interfere with our social or business relations and I feel confident

Light Weight Underwear

Summer comfort in Underwear can be obtained only from Underwear that fits. Our Underwear is correctly made and it does fit. We can fit any shape or size of man that comes to us.

MEN'S THIN UNDERWEAR

Sole Agent for Napanee, Deseronto and District.

CHAS. FISHER, = NAPANEE.

TO MY WALLPAPER FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS.

I wish to thank you for your past patronage and hope that if I have given you good satisfaction and you are satisfied with my WALL PAPERS in regard to cost, colors and the length of rolls, and the way that I have served you, I hope that I will see all your smiling faces at my store looking for Lloyd's Wallpapers, as they are the best money can buy.

JUST A WORD

I have a good many Samples of 21 inch paper, meaning a great saving, also

I still sell the Border by the Roll.

If you do not see my PAPERS you will be sorry when you see your neighbours.

GOT AT
LLOYD'S
OLD STAND.

A. O. ROBLIN
Market Square, Napanee.

We Sell:—The Wm. Grey & Son's Fine Carriages; The J. Case Threshing Machinery; Traction, Stationary, and Marine Gasoline Engines; Grinders, Well Drilling Machinery; Appleton Saws; Blue Bell and National Cream separators; Celebrated Dain Hay Loaders.

SCOTCH DIAMOND SMOOTHING HARROWS,

Four Section \$15.50. Three Section \$11.50

Agents for Toronto Windmills.

Call and see Our Goods.

Hot Weather Specialties.

Hammocks
FANS
Latest Fiction.

—at—
A. E. PAUL

The Central Bookstore.

Cheese Factories Are Opening

and you will want a thoroughly reliable Alarm Clock

Alarm Clocks—Plain.
Alarm Clocks—Repeater.
Alarm Clocks—Fancy.
Alarm Clocks—Extra Loud.

F. Chinneck's is the place to get a thoroughly reliable one as we make a point to buy nothing but good ones.

F. CHINNECK'S
Jewellery Store.
Near Royal Hotel.
Good Quality Store.

—A—
CALENDAR
—FROM THE—

Frontenac Business College
KINGSTON, ONT.

will convince you of the superiority of our courses of training, and the unexcelled advantages offered by our institution.

RATES VERY MODERATE.

Students may enter any time of the year as all instruction is individual in character. No time like the present; write to-day.

T. N. STOCKDALE, Principal.

Your Lawn Mower

WILL RUN EASILY
CUT PROPERLY
AND LAST LONGER,

If you have it sharpened on our New Machine built specially for sharpening Lawn Mowers.

Machines called for and delivered.

The Napanee Bicycle Works
W. J. NORMILE, Prop.

Lamps and lamp goods we have a full line, they are always handy at
BOYLE & SON.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresoline Tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

your votes and influence at the approaching election.

I need not say that this honor was placed upon me unsought or solicited.

My opponent and myself are personal friends and although we differ in politics, neither of us permit this difference to interfere with our social or business relations and I feel confident in saying that we shall continue and close the contest as good friends as we commenced it. I flatter myself that I do not need any personal introduction to you. I have been with you and among you in fact for the last 25 years, and have taken a more or less active part in your public and local affairs. You are therefore in a good position to judge of my ability to perform the important duties pertaining thereto in a manner creditable to myself and advantageous to the old county of Lennox. Whilst my politics have been Liberal I have never been a hide bound partisan. I shall never consider myself bound to support my party except when I believe them to be right and acting in the best interests of the Province and can give to you a reason for the faith that is in me and can justify, at least to my own conscience, the course I shall see it my duty to take as your honored representative.

From what I have already said you will understand my position and I trust it will meet with your approval and merit your most generous support irrespective of party. In matters pertaining to our own country should you honor me with confidence and elect me as your representative I shall always consider myself at your disposal and you will ever find me ready and willing to do what in me lies to advance the interests of our own locality and especially that part of it confined within the bounds of Lennox irrespective of local personal or political considerations, and if I can consistently and properly do a political opponent a service I shall be as cheerfully at his disposal as I will be to those attached to me by political ties. This I consider the proper position for a representative of the people to take.

I hope to have during the campaign the opportunity of discussing with you on the public platform at greater length some of the many public questions which are at the present time interesting the people.

To those of you I shall not be able to see personally, that this will make no difference as to the activity you will put into the campaign in my behalf and that you will see the careless ones and invite them to the polls to cast their ballot for the cause of good Government.

Again soliciting your votes, influence and support at the approaching election and thanking you in advance.

I am your obedient servant.

M. S. MADOLE.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. WALLACE

Kingston, May 25. A son of Samuel Gordon, aged 14, living at Sharbot Lake, was injured severely in an accident on Monday. He placed a dynamite cap on a rail and struck it with a stone. His eye was injured, and he may lose the sight. The ends of three fingers were blown off. He was taken to the Kingston General Hospital, and will recover.

Like to Try Psychine

"Please send me a bottle of Psychine. I have a child afflicted with tuberculosis, and have been advised to try your medicine by our family doctor, as he says he cannot do anything more for my child."

MRS. H. STEPHENS.

Arthur, Ont., July 14, 1907.

Psychine cures when doctors fail. Many are sorry they did not try Psychine first. Throat, lung and stomach troubles yield to its curative power. At all druggists, 50c and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto.

MEN'S THIN UNDERWEAR

Just four words will tell it, "Best for the Money."

French Balbriggan, Lisle, Gauze, Light Wool, etc., 35c, 50c, 75c, and \$1.00.

Boys' Balbriggan, all sizes, at 25c and 35c.

J. L. BOYES,

BELL ROCK

Business is brisk here these days. The cheese factory is in full swing. Mr. R. R. Pennypacker, Superintendent of the Verona Mining Co., is overseeing the work at the Spar mine here this week.

The gardens are late, the ground being too wet to work.

Several of our young people attended the entertainment at Verona Monday night and report a good time.

James Sagriff, sr., is still very low. Mr. and Mrs. James Yorke returned home from Belleville on Saturday.

J. Pomeroy, Miss Libbie Pomeroy and Miss Grace Pomeroy attended the funeral of the late Wm. Pomeroy, at Wesley on the 17th inst.

Visitors—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Davy, Enterprise, at A. Smith's; Miss A. Tremmen at I. B. Wheeler's.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

MOUNT PLEASANT.

The farmers of this vicinity are taking advantage of the dry weather and are rushing their seeding and planting.

Mr. Wilbert Alcombrack arrived home from the North-West last Tuesday where he has been spending the last two years for the good of his health.

Mr. Malcolm Haggerty was appointed Librarian on Sunday to look after the new books recently purchased by the Sunday School.

The L. A. Society was reorganized on Friday afternoon. Reo Thompson presiding. Mrs. O. S. Davis was re-elected president, Mrs. E. B. Bell, Vice Pres., Miss Martha Henderson, Sec., Miss A. Cline, Financial Sec., Mrs. A. S. Oliver, Treas., Miss May Sexsmith, Crusader, Mrs. A. Mowbray, Mrs. H. Oliver, Mrs. J. Turnbull, Com.

The young men of our neighborhood have organized a baseball team, they have been practicing very hard and are now ready for challenge from any other team.

Harry Youmans, of North Bay, is also visiting in the neighborhood and renewing old acquaintances.

A little baby girl arrived at Mr. John Doyle's on Saturday morning.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Oliver on Monday night.

Communion service was held in Mount Pleasant church a week ago last Sunday. Rev. E. Fraser Bell, of Woodville, N. Y., delivered an able sermon and assisted the Rev. Mr. Thompson in administering the sacrament.

Mr. Wm. Clancy, of Enterprise, who was spending a few days in town with his step-son, Dr. McCormack, spent Saturday evening and part of Sunday with Mr. E. B. Bell.

FREE EXPRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

NADA—FRIDAY, MAY 29th, 1908

DOLE,

= Good and Honest Government. =

Reply to Open Letter

Napanee, May 26th, 1908

EDITOR EXPRESS.

In reply to the open letter addressed to myself in connection with voters I desire to say that I have no hesitation in defining my position in reply to the question asked by Mr. Lott through the columns of your paper. The school law introduced in 1906 was class legislation of the boldest kind inasmuch as it dealt only with rural sections. In the next place it took from the Trustees the right to manage their own internal affairs and largely increased the taxes in each section for which they did not receive a return, and in spite of the appropriations made to the different schools in the County the taxes are bearing heavily on the people of the County. If elected I shall do all in my power to have the Act repealed and have placed on the statute book in its place an Act that will return to the Trustees if every Section their right to manage their own local affairs and not leave them in the position of being forced to comply with a law that is tyrannical and despotic in its very nature. It certainly will be a great pleasure for me if elected to use my vote and influence, which I will certainly go in restoring to the electors the right to transact their own business and thus remove this excessive tax, which has been placed upon the farming community by the passing of the School Law of 1906.

Yours Truly

M. S. MADOLE.

Napanee, May 27th, 1908.

EDITOR OF EXPRESS

Dear Sir:

I notice a letter in the columns of your paper addressed to myself, and the other candidates for the Dominion and Provincial House, particularly the latter.

I regard Mr. Lott as one of the best informed men on current affairs, as well as one of the most up-to-date farmers in the riding of Lennox and Addington. In reply to his letter I would say that I am of the opinion that it is somewhat premature to issue a letter giving my opinion on the various questions that will come before the people in the coming elections for the House of Commons, as there may, and likely will be questions of considerable importance introduced, discussed and passed before the present session closes. If due time it is my intention to discuss these questions before the public. I am not so fortunate as Mr. Wilson, M. P., who I believe has made the statement in a quiet way that he does not approve of the increased sessional allowance. He, however, does not seem satisfied with this increase, but is using His Majesty's mail free to distribute any address that he may make in the House of Commons thereby saving himself the expense of

TAKE NOTICE

Removal Sale.

Reduced :- Prices

—on—

Lumber, Lath,
Shingles, Cement.

In fact all the stock of Building Materials which we have on hand.

We also have a quantity of 4 ft. Mill Wood which we are selling at reasonable prices.

Anyone desiring to secure such material will do well to give us a call at the yard of our Napanee Agency.

The Rathbun Co.

W. B. Grieve, Agent.

NEW BOOKS FOR THE LIBRARY.

Another consignment of books has been added to the already well stocked shelves of the Public Library.

For the young people, there are nine volumes devoted to Captain Cook, Sir Francis Drake, Joan of Arc, Lord Roberts, Chalmers of New Guinea, Bishop Pattison, Abraham Lincoln, Lord Nelson and Robert Bruce. These books are in narrative form, illustrated in colors and are sure to please the children.

For those who cannot afford to travel abroad the next best thing is a good book dealing with points of interest. Six books beautifully illustrated, entitled respectively, Venice, Cairo, Genoa, Constantinople, Florence and Naples, supply this want. These six volumes are educative and interesting.

Of a similar character is the "Continent of Opportunity" by Frances E. Clark. This book contains the impressions of the author from an extended tour through the South American Republics.

The following works of fiction carefully selected from the latest publications will be in great demand. "The Measure of Rule" by Robert Barr, "Exton Manor" by Archibald Marshall, "The Barrier" by Rex. Bach, "King Spruce" by Holman Day, "Derelicts" by William J. Locke, "Santa Lucia" by Mary Austin, "The White Dove" by William J. Locke, "Love's Logis" by Anthony Hope, "The Morals of Marcus" by William J. Locke, "The Prima Donna" by F. Marion Crawford, "Seraphica" by Justin Huntly McCarthy, "Marcia Schuyler" by Grace Livingston, "Hill Lutz," "Beau Brocade" and "Prisoners of Chance"

For the boys, the following have been provided "The Isle of Black Fire", "The days of Chivalry" and "The Boy

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

FOR SALE—First-Class Gasoline Stove Very little used—can be had cheap. FISHER'S MUSIC STORE. 17th

TO LET—9-roomed House, corner of Mill and West Streets. First-class repair, convenient to market and post office. MANLY JONES, Agent, Napanee. Box 526. 23rd

Court of Revision.

The Court of Revision for the Municipality of Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby, will be held at the Chatsworth House, in the village of Denbigh, on SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF MAY, 1908, at 10 o'clock a. m. All parties interested are required to attend at said time and place.

PAUL STEIN, Clerk.
Denbigh, May 9th, 1908.

Notice.

The Court of Revision for the Municipality of Shelbourn will be held in the Town Hall, Tamworth, on JUNE THE FIRST, 1908, at the hour of 10 A. M., for the purpose of hearing appeals against the Assessment Roll for 1908. All parties concerned will govern themselves accordingly.

J. F. DIAMOND,
Township Clerk.
Dated at Tamworth this 13th day of May.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the hearing and determining of appeals against the assessment of the village of Bath for the year 1908, will be held in the town hall, Bath, on Saturday, May 30th, 1908, at 7.30 p. m.

MAX ROBINSON,
Clerk of the Municipality of Bath.

Court of Revision.

The Court of Revision for the Municipality of Richmond, will be held in the Town Hall, in the Village of Selby, on MONDAY, JUNE 1st, 1908, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of hearing appeals against the Assessment Roll for the year 1908.

All persons interested will govern themselves accordingly.

ABRAM WINTERS,
Township Clerk.
Dated at Selby this 19th day of May 1908.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the Municipality of the Town of Napanee will be held in the Council Chamber, in the Town Hall, Napanee, on WEDNESDAY THE 3rd DAY OF JUNE, A. D., 1908, at the hour of 7.30 p. m., for the hearing and determining of appeals against the assessment of the said Town of Napanee for the year 1908.

All parties concerned will govern them

Spring Goods Arriving.

New White Waists—

This is the best time of the year to buy White Blouses, as all experienced shoppers know, before all the prettiest ones get picked up. Come and see our stock before buying.

New Spring Coats."

In these we have a very fine assortment.

New Millinery—

We are opening up this week our first shipment of Spring Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Laces, etc.

DOXSEE & CO.

The Leading Millinery House.

—THE—

ALBERT COLLEGE, AND SCHOOL OF FINANCE

(In Albert College, Belleville, Ont.) is now the leading school of practical education of Canada. ATTENDANCE DOUBLED IN LAST THREE YEARS.

\$40 pays board, tuition, room, electric light, use of bath, gymnasium, all but books and laundry, for a term of ten weeks—longer period at same rate. \$25 pays tuition alone for the entire scholastic year.

A staff of experienced specialists give individual instruction in five distinct courses. An evening class FREE for all registered students in this department. Graduates holding the best positions. Candidates prepared yearly for the examinations held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario and for Commercial Specialists.

For particulars and Illustrated Calendar, address

PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D.
Belleville, Ont.

SEEDS

Seeds, Plants and Fertilizers for Field, Garden or Conservatory.

Poultry Supplies of all kinds.

Also Feeds and Medicines for Stock.

Raw Furs bought and sold

—at—

SYMINGTON'S

Dundas Street, Napanee.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

public. I am not so fortunate as Mr. Wilson, M. P., who I believe has made the statement in a quiet way that he does not approve of the increased sessional allowance. He, however, does not seem satisfied with this increase, but is using His Majesty's mail free to distribute any address that he may make in the House of Commons thereby saving himself the expense of several hundred dollars, and charging the same up to the people of this country.

Regarding the school legislation enacted by the present Government, I feel as Mr. Lott says, that I really have no responsibility in the matter except as a voter, but am willing to state my attitude in regard to same. It used to be said by the Conservative party, when in opposition that the former governments were taking away the rights of the people by relieving our County Councils of work that should have been left, and entrusted to their care, but circumstances have changed. I believe if there ever was an autocratic premier in the Dominion of Canada, one who seems inclined to be a dictator, that we have one now in the person of Hon. J. P. Whitney.

I believe school teachers should receive fair remuneration for their services. I am not going to suggest what a salary should be, it all depends on circumstances. It is the principle of the legislation enacted that I object to. I think teachers should be encouraged in their work, for I believe on the quality of our teachers, and, the general efficiency of our schools depend the future of our provinces. I do not believe that the members of our Local Legislation should usurp the right to dictate to the people who pay the greater part of the cost directly, and, the balance indirectly what the salary of a teacher shall be. All business men, and, concerns the world over are quick to recognize and promote according to ability. As a rule salaries are based according to worth. Then if this be so I do not see why the honest men, and farmers of this fair province should not be considered capable and honest enough to deal fairly with the teacher.

I believe the majority of people are inclined to do what is right, and, the question of remuneration can safely be left in their hands.

I consider an act iniquitous that takes away the rights of the people, and is not willing to trust them. It is a well known fact that we would not to-day have any model schools had not the Liberals forced them to continue the same. I have no doubt but that our Normal schools better fit a teacher, but as a rule the majority of people feel that they have done about all they are able when they have sent their children to high school and then a term at model which is close by and convenient to all. This should be considered all the qualifications necessary for three years, when as a rule, if a teacher is at all saving in his or her habits they will then be in a position to pay their own way to Normal. I then think that if a person wishes to continue teaching that they should be compelled to attend Normal in order that they might be the better fitted to continue teaching as a profession.

Yours Truly,
F. S. WATMAN.

Hammocks, Hammocks, we sell Palmers, all the new weaves and best quality made.
BOYLE & SON.

TIRED LIVING.

Ten Years of Rheumatic Torture Had Sapped all Joy from Life, but South American Rheumatic Cure Proved the Life Nectar.

"For over ten years I was a great sufferer from rheumatism. I tried many remedies and was under treatment of best medical men, but nothing gave me any hope of a cure. I procured a bottle of South American Rheumatic Cure; its effects on me were truly wonderful, for when I had taken but one bottle every pain and symptom of rheumatism had left me. I heartily recommend it." — W. H. Sherman, Morrisburg, Ont. (32)

by Anthony Hope, "The Morals of Marcus" by William J. Locke, "The Prima Donna" by E. Marion Crawford, "Seraphica" by Justin Huntly McCarthy, "Marcia Schuyler" by Grace Livingston, "Hill Lutz," "Beau Brocade" and "Prisoners of Chance"

For the boys, the following have been provided "The Isle of Black Fire," "The Days of Chivalry" and "The Boy Duck-hunters," "Peeps into Nature's Ways" by John J. Ward, illustrated by photographs and photomicrographs by the author and "The Worlds Great Astronomers" are a series of popular lectures which may be read with profit by old and young.

Outside Gloss White Paint That Stays White.

Have you noticed how many White Painted houses that have turned dark? You can avoid it. Let us tell you all about Outside Gloss White at Wallace's Drug Store, Napanee.

What They Said.

Maybe it didn't mean just what to the casual listener it seemed to mean, but this is what the farmer was overheard to say to his wife as they looked over the market reports in the daily paper:

"Well, M'ria, hogs is up, an' that means we're wuth a good deal more today'n we was yisterday."

The Wise Men.

"After all, it's the wise man who can change his opinion."

"But the wisest men simply can't do it."

"Why not?"
"Because they've been dead for years."

The total area of Africa is estimated at about 11,500,000 square miles, of which Great Britain owns 2,712,910 square miles.

For Auto Boats, Automobiles and Electric Machines

Try "Calypool" lubricating oil. This oil is imported from Russia and is especially prepared for complicated and delicate machinery. It is highly filtered, light colored, contains small percentage of carbon, and has a high degree fire test. The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee. Ask us for "Anti Friction" cup grease.

It is admitted that the Whitney government make some mistakes—it is even confessed that the events of "that last awful week" are worthy of condemnation—but it is not conceded that the people have wholly lost confidence in the administration.

There is a Pink Pain Tablet made by Dr. Shoop, that will positively stop any pain everywhere sell them as Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets, but they stop other pains as easily as headache. Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets simply coax blood pressure away from pain centers—that is all. Pain comes from blood pressure—congestion. Stop that pressure with Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets and pain is instantly gone. 20 Tablet 25c. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

Well, there is no doubt that the prestige of the party has suffered extremely. There is no question that the feeling is running as keenly against the government to day as against the late government three years ago, and after a reign of thirty-three years. There is, therefore, no telling what may happen. The fear of the party in power is shown by the plea that "we should have another chance."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. Hatcher*

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the Municipality of the Town of Napanee will be held in the Council Chamber, in the Town Hall, Napanee, on WEDNESDAY THE 3rd DAY OF JUNE, A. D., 1908, at the hour of 7.30 p.m., for the hearing and determining of appeals against the assessment of the said Town of Napanee for the year 1908.

All parties concerned will govern themselves accordingly.

W. A. GRANGE,
Municipal Clerk.

IN THE SUBROGATE COURT, OF THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

In the estate of Allan McPherson Fraser, late of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, gentleman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O., Chap. 123, Section 33 and Amending Acts, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said Allan McPherson Fraser, who died on or about the Sixth day of May, A. D. 1902, are required to send by post prepaid or to deliver to John English, solicitor for the Executor, on or before the 15th DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1908, their names, addresses and description, and a full statement of particulars of their claim, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, duly certified, and that after the said day the Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

JOHN ENGLISH,
Solicitor for said Executor.
Dated this 19th day of May, A. D., 1908. 23d

POUND KEEPER.

Applications for the position of Pound Keeper for the Town of Napanee will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon, on MONDAY, JUNE 1st, 1908.

Apply stating terms.

W. A. GRANGE,
Municipal Clerk.

TENDERS WANTED

Sealed Tenders marked "Tenders for Sewer" will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon, of Monday, June 1st, 1908, for the construction of a sewer on West street in the Town of Napanee. A deposit of 10 per cent. of the contract price must accompany the tender. Plans and specifications of said sewer are on file in the office of the Clerk and may be examined on any day from 9 to 12 a.m. and from 1 p.m. to 3 p.m.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. A. GRANGE,
Municipal Clerk.
Dated at Napanee, May 19th, 1908.

THE CROWN BANK OF CANADA

Our banking facilities are for your use.

We are glad to meet you and to assist you in whatever ways we legally may.

Your savings are safe when in our keeping.

All transactions are strictly confidential.

R. G. H. TRAVERS, - Manager

STIMINGTON'S

Dundas Street, Napanee.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,762,000

SURPLUS 4,739,000

TOTAL DEPOSIT BY THE PUBLIC

OVER 35 MILLIONS.

Interest paid on Savings Account Every Three Months.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Acting Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000.

RESERVE \$4,000,000

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS.

SIR. H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Pres.
E. F. HEDDEN, General Manager.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid on same. Interest payable quarterly, on the last days of February, May, August and November. Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.
Yarke Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

The County Council

of Lennox and Addington will meet at the Council Chambers, in the Court House, Napanee, on

Tuesday, 2nd June, 1908,

at 2 o'clock p.m.

at the call of the Warden.

All accounts must be in the hands of the undersigned, not later than Wednesday, 3rd June, 1908, in order that they may be considered.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk.
Dated May 22nd, 1908.

The EMERGENCY SHELF



"I Go to Market Regularly, Usually on Friday."

"YOUR EXCHANGE contained lately an article headed 'Timely Meals for a Week.' It—and particularly your terse comment upon it—moves me to get into print if possible.

"I know that the table may be set for two for the amount named (\$3.89 per week). Moreover, I can better it considerably.

"First, I would say that we are a family of three adults, and that all are 'heartily eaters.' We do not need to be 'tempted' when we come to the table. We like our food well-cooked and well-seasoned. I never 'skimp' my cookery, but use plenty of butter and milk.

"I go regularly on a certain day each week—usually on Friday—and buy my groceries. My order amounts to \$2.50. (Two dollars and fifty cents.) I always pay cash down. This varies a few cents, of course, but I make a list of articles needed for that week and keep the prices down to that, knowing what these are. I don't mean to say that \$2.50 spent in any old way will supply three people with food for a week, but judiciously expended it will, and it does!

"If your pantry is well-stocked, try it! If you are short of everything,



"A Garden that Helps Us Out."

last six months, and some kinds, such as cloves and allspice, longer. Have baking powder, condensed cream, raisins, citron, rice, barley, beans and peas always on hand. They do not deteriorate. Get one at a time, as you can, and replenish whatever you use up each week. You won't run out of everything at once.

"I keep a few things upon an 'emergency shelf,' and if I use from it, I fill it up again. For example—a can of mustard, sardines, salmon, corn, peas, a package of cheese wafers, a pound of soda biscuits, etc. You have no idea how many possibilities such



"One Half Dozen at Pick Six"

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list of articles needed for that week, and keep the prices down to that, knowing what these are. I don't mean to say that \$2.50 spent in any old way will supply three people with food for a week, but judiciously expended it will, and it does!

"If your pantry is well-stocked, try it! If you are short of everything, you will either have to 'stock up,' or begin and work into this plan gradually. I have kept house on this basis for three years, and began at first to get 'stuck up.' For instance, spices, of all kinds, a half pound at a time, etc. One half pound of spice, except at pickling time, will

up each week, and you won't run out of everything at once.

"I keep a few things upon an 'emergency shelf,' and if I use from it, I fill it up again. For example—a can of mustard, sardines, salmon, corn, peas, a package of cheese wafers, a pound of soda biscuits, etc. You have no idea how many possibilities such a shelf affords for 'rounding out' a dinner or luncheon.

"I have never figured out the cost of each article and the whole amount down to a cent, as 'One Housemother' has, because I am always stocked up and could not tell exactly. But the total is what counts, and my total is \$2.50 for



"We Raise Chickens."

groceries, 25 cents for milk and the same for incidentals. This gives \$3 per week, against 'One Housemother's' \$3.80.

"I wince, in anticipation, at your comment, but I am not as parsimonious as

that sounds. There is a good deal in saving everything. Nothing goes to waste in my kitchen.

"I offer a sample of our weekly menu. It is plain, but wholesome. I include

THE HOUSEMOTHERS' EXCHANGE

BUT for the annoyance caused to certain respected correspondents by a single word in an article upon "Honey and Its Uses," published in the Exchange several weeks ago, I should find much amusement in the fact that that one dissyllable has brought a swarm of protestants about my ears.

I was assured by more than one person who assumed to know all about honey and its uses—especially its abuses—that artificial comb is filled with manufactured honey and put upon the market. I did not inadvertently, upon the cheat. The head and front of my offending was the substitution of "paraffine" for "wax." I should not waste time and space in explanation had not the flood (swarm) of corrective protests convinced me of the necessity of setting the matter straight to the best of my ability.

Noting your article on honey and its uses, I would like to ask you where you can find comb honey manufactured by man, or the comb made of paraffine and filled by the bees. There is a large offer for one pound of comb honey, made without the intervention of bees. If you would inquire into the facts of the case or visit a house where beekeepers' supplies are sold, you would find that the foundation of the story that comb honey is manufactured is a pretty old one. It was first told by W. L. Wyler, at present a government chemist, who, in 1890, after a long investigation, found that paraffine was not used by one-fourth of the people and by the statement at the time it is still believed by many.

The story is probably founded on the fact that thin sheets of comb foundation made of pure beeswax are used as starters. The foundation is called so thin that it takes thirty to forty sheets of the thin comb foundation and more of the extra thin,

4 inches by 16, to make one pound. Beekeepers place in the section box or box in which comb honey is started a strip the length of the box and one inch wide, and it is placed in the center of the box. This gives the bees a straight start and the box of honey when completed is even and well shaped.

In the frames used for extracting honey, the frames being large enough to hold ten pounds, a full sheet of the foundation is used of the heavier weight, and is firmly wired in, so that in extracting, the comb will not fall out. When the combs on these frames have been built out and the bees have filled them with honey, the frames are placed in an extracting machine and the honey thrown out by centrifugal force. The empty combs are then replaced in the hive to be refilled by the bees, and these are the combs that save the bees the work.

In regard to this artificial comb manufactured for the bees, we will say that the only comb manufactured up to this day is the comb foundation, or simply the base of the comb on which the bees build their cells. This comb foundation is often-times called "comb starter," as it is used principally to guide the bees and get them to build their comb straight in the little square boxes or sections.

This comb foundation is made of pure beeswax and not of paraffine. It is not a question of choice with the manufacturer as to whether to use beeswax or paraffine. The bees will not accept paraffine foundation or any other foreign thing, excepting just made of absolutely pure beeswax.

Besides, paraffine would not stand the summer heat inside of a beehive. Beeswax melts at 150 degrees, Fahrenheit while paraffine melts at a much lower temperature.

We are enclosing a small sample of this foundation, which is the kind that has been made so far, for the use of the bees.

In re-reading the foregoing communications, I incline to be glad, if not sorry,

for the blundering word that was the innocent means of laying before our housemothers information upon an important subject that, I fancy, will be as new and full of interest to most of them as it is to me. The bees should be grateful to the ingenious coadjutors who save them the main part of the drudgery of their summer work. We will, henceforward, drop out from Dr. Watt's machine-made jingle

"How neat she spreads her wax," and congratulate the busy bee upon having no more to do than to

"Labor hard to store it well
With the sweet food she makes."

A Hint and a Question

I should like to tell "Mrs. W. B. of Lincoln, Ill.," how to keep the bowl in the bathroom closet clean and white. I have a bottle of vinegar close at hand and every night I pour a little in the bowl and let it stand until morning. If the bowl be very brown, "Mrs. W. B." would better put a quart in for a beginning. It will clean it beautifully.

Please tell me who stands in the receiving line at a wedding reception, and in what order?

The mother, or the hostess, stands beside the bridegroom; the father, or host, by the bride. Beyond these on either side are the bridesmaids.

Preparing Hardwood Floors

For the benefit of correspondents who are getting ready to open country houses or to clean and make ready for sum-

mer use the homes in which they live all the year, I print admirable formulas for preparing hardwood floors, always a problem in the sum of housewifely duties.

For Staining Floors.

Raw linseed oil, one quart; turpentine, one pint; color to the desired shade with raw sienna or French ochre. Mix thoroughly and apply hot with a flat brush.

The floor must be perfectly dry. Rub in well and until the oil ceases to stain the rubbing material.

For any useful quantity of stain, mix above materials in the proportions herein given.

For Waxing Floors.

Beeswax, four ounces; paraffine, four ounces; turpentine, two quarts.

Heat to the melting point of the beeswax and paraffine and incorporate all the ingredients thoroughly. Apply hot.

Pour any remaining waxing compound into a suitable dish. Cool. It will form a solid cake with which you may, from time to time, renew the surface by rubbing it on cold. Afterward, go all over the floor with the rubber. For ordinary renewal of the surface the ordinary paraffine is preferable.

How to Make the Floor-Rubber.

Prepare a piece of wood from four to six inches thick and about two feet square. Attach a handle to the middle at an angle of 45 degrees. The handle should be about 4 1/2 feet long. Cover the rubber with two or three thicknesses of old blanket or carpet. The floor should be polished daily with the above after a good sweeping. J. D. W.

Lest the mention of daily polishing should dismay the busy woman, I slip in the intimation that the work is a fine gymnastic exercise for the half-grown boy or girl. Ten minutes of it will do as much to strengthen back and

THE DEMANDS OF AN IDEAL

The Man Gains the Crown Who Grasps at Every Shining Pebble By the Way.

"S. B. What's ever it is, hasten and give to the poor and come, take up thy cross and follow me."—MATTHEW 21.

Ideals are our treasures only so long as they are also tasks in which we tread. The visions of things great and worthy are not given that we might have something beautiful to contemplate, they are calls to serve, to endure, to toil, to bear burdens and meet difficulties.

The dreams of goodness or of goodness that go no further than dreaming leave us weak, poorer, less than if we had never seen them. He who sees the height and does not strive to attain it is less than he who seeing it, at all lives toward his lowlier vision. Our dreams must determine deed. Life were empty without its dreams; it were emptier still if it were nothing but dreams.

Yet how easy it is to be satisfied with aspirant or never to make the investment of endeavor, to paint pictures of life's crowns, but never to be willing even to pay the price to gain any of them. So many imagine that they must be saints because they have thought so often of scrupulous joys. It takes a good deal more than looking at heaven to make

THE HEAVENLY LIFE.

Now every sincere man is asking the

question, How may I realize the ideal? Every sincere idealist is seeking for means of practical expression of that which is visioned before him. He is not afraid of paying the price. He knows that it will be high if the end is also high. There is an easy descent to the things that are below; there is no facile grade, no means of sliding up unconsciously to the higher levels.

Every attainment means so much loss; every gain so much giving up. We have to learn to choose, to discriminate, to reject even many good things that we may gain that which is best. None can gain all of everything; all may win all of something if willing to lose other things.

Blessings are not a curse of themselves; they are a curse and a cause of the deepest poverty when we choose them before some better things. The young man in the story must sell his possessions because they stood between him and the attainment of his ideals. So long as they were the chief good to him he could make no progress toward any greater good.

Here is the imperative demand of every ideal, that it shall occupy first place. The things you set first in your endeavors, in your affections are the things you will

attain. No matter of what good things you may dream, it is the things you really,

AT BOTTOM OF ALL,

desire that will be yours. It may surprise some of us to see the prizes with which we shall at last be found, and yet they always will be these of our supreme choosing.

But the ideal demands more than the giving up of things that conflict; it demands service, expression through work, through activity. It is not enough to give up the things that hinder; these things must be made to serve the lofty ends of the worthy ideal. Where unworthy affections have been cast out there must be no empty places; love still must be there, but directed into new channels.

If you would be great you must do great things. You must not sit down before any task simply because it is high. Duties are not to be admired; they are to be done. The first price of achieving is attempting. Better the humblest effort to do some great thing than the most highly developed picuring of the ideal that satisfies itself with the picture alone.

In a subtle way high idealism becomes the foe of worthy realities. How easy it is to substitute

DREAMING ABOUT HEAVEN

for any attempt to bring heaven to our everyday lives. How easy to praise the love of God as a substitute for the practice of the love of man.

The religious life is the life that sees the high visions of life's possibilities, cherishes these visions and steadily, at any cost, with this as the supremely worth while aim of living, seeks their realization, counts all things as worthless compared to this, that fullness of life may be found for one's self and made

possible for all others.

It's not the man who dreams the dreams of coming glory, but the man who daily does all his little deeds in the light of that glory who is doing most for this world and for his ideals. The great question is not whether you can talk poetry, but whether you are willing to pay the price of the ideal life.

The world is full of people who wish it well; it needs more who will work for it, weal, to whom its welfare, the realization of its highest good, is the supreme thing in life, that for which they are willing to sell all else and to take up any cross. By their deeds shall their ideals be known.

HENRY F. COPE.

EMPEROR OF GERMANY

HAS FORTY-NINE HOMES, BUT PAYS NO TAXES.

Would Have Showiest Village in the World if He Could Bring All His Houses Together.

The Kaiser is trying to have his pay raised. He finds it utterly impossible to play the role of the great and only William on a mere \$4,000,000 a year. The Prussian Diet will be asked to make a substantial addition to this tax on the ratepayers, and it is expected that there will be a lively protest. For it will be remembered that Prussia assumes the whole burden of the civil list, Emperor William taking on the job of Kaiser of the German Empire without pay, writes a Berlin, Germany, correspondent.

Lesson IX. Jesus Risen From the Dead.

Golden Text, Rev. 1. 18.

THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Verse 1. The first day of the week — Following the Jewish Sabbath, and corresponding to our Sunday.

Mary Magdalene—From whom Jesus had cast out seven demons (Mark 16. 9). She is mentioned among other women as one of those who "ministered to Jesus of their substance" (Luke 8. 2). Her devotion and loyalty to Jesus are attested by the part she played in the scene at the cross and subsequently. That Jesus first appeared unto her after his resurrection (Mark 16. 9) cannot have been an accident.

Early—That is, early in the morning, though not early in the Jewish day which had begun at sunset on the evening preceding.

2. Cometh—Into the city.

They—An infinite reference to the enemies of Jesus. Mary for one was clearly not expecting the miracle of the resurrection.

4. The other disciple outran Peter — John was much younger than the sturdy leader of the apostolic group.

5. Stopping—This was made necessary by the fact that the opening in the vertical wall of the limestone cliff was low and much smaller than the dimensions of the tomb itself.

The linen cloths—In which the body of Jesus had been carefully wrapped (compare John 19. 40).

Yet entered he not in—Overcome probably by a feeling of reverence; or, as some have suggested, for fear of incurring ceremonial pollution.

6. Entered—With impulsive boldness so characteristic of Peter.

8. Saw and believed—Some have suggested that what John saw in the tomb convinced him that the body of Jesus had not been carried off either by friend or foe, and that in this passage the author records the conviction first made upon his own mind that the Master had risen from the dead. Perhaps, however, this is reading too much into the narrative at this point. We may take the expression to mean that John was now convinced that Mary Magdalene's message was not idle talk, but that the body of Jesus had actually been removed from the tomb by his enemies. The next verse, moreover, lends strength to this interpretation.

9. As yet they knew not the scripture—Had not yet grasped the significance of what Jesus himself had told them concerning his death and resurrection.

10. Their own house—That is, their residence in Jerusalem.

11. Mary—Mary Magdalene. To her is vouchsafed the first appearance of the resurrected Christ.

At the tomb—To which she had returned after bringing to the disciples the message that it was empty.

12. Two angels—One angel only is mentioned by Matthew (28. 1) and Mark (16. 1) as appearing unto the woman. This may possibly have been the spokesman of the two mentioned by Luke and John.

13. Woman—Here, as appears from the whole context, a title of tender address, which throws much light on its use by Jesus in addressing his mother on the occasion of his performing his first miracle (John 2. 4).

Because they—Since the antecedent of the pronoun is not expressed, many have thought Mary referred to "the Jews" as the special enemies of Jesus and his disciples. This may be correct; more probably, however, the pronoun is used indefinitely, the sense being, "Someone has taken away my Lord." A moment later Mary thinks that possibly it may have been the gardener (verse 15).

15. Whom seekest thou?—Not "What seekest thou?" as the gardener might have inquired. Note that Mary herself

use up all the gap-fillers; but you have spent that \$5 for table expenses. And, unless John allows his wife an emergency fund, the money has gone for daily living. I do not wish that you or any other of my fellow-tollers in the domestic field should "wince" at an utterance of mine. Heaven forbid! I am here to help, not to hurt.

If I have smiled in affectionate amusement when one has appended to the painfully accurate "list of household expenses": "I had butter in the house"; or another: "We have a garden that helps us out"; or a third, "We keep a cow," or: "We raise our own chickens and don't have to buy eggs," yet is modestly proud of keeping expenses down, without thinking of computing what they would have been had the butter tub been empty, or if she had to buy vegetables or milk or eggs, I am not inclined to ridicule or to sneer at the oversight.

Here lies the truth: Every dollar spent in the purchase of household stores during the year should be equitably apportioned in making up weekly and monthly accounts. I have been sharply taken to task by wives made sore-hearted by the comments of husbands upon the failure to bring down table expenses to the standard set by the "\$4-a-week cranks," as one goaded correspondent names them in a recent protest against the publication of "any more of those pestiferous reports of how ten people can live and fatten for what wouldn't keep a family of three like my husband from starving."

I believe honestly that unintentional omissions, such as I have pointed out, are responsible for most of the misunderstanding and uncomfortable feeling that have attended upon correspondence on this subject.

The emergency shelf is a capital thing, and "Miss C." has given us a capital letter. Her menu will be found below.

Marion Harland

*How Many Possibilities
an Emergency Shelf
Affords for Pounding Out
a Dinner or Luncheon.*

Family Meals for a Week

(Contributed by "Miss C.," Detroit, Mich.).

MONDAY

BREAKFAST.

Cereal and cream, toast, coffee, fried cakes.

LUNCHEON.

Cold meat sandwiches, pickles, fruit, cake, cookies, tea.

DINNER.

Meat stew with onions, mashed potatoes, bread and butter, cake, sauce and tea.

TUESDAY

BREAKFAST.

Cereal and cream, egg toast, coffee and cookies.

LUNCHEON.

Cheese sandwiches, pickles, fruit, cake and tea.

DINNER.

Bolled potatoes, fried bacon, creamed parsnips, bread and butter, bread pudding, tea.

WEDNESDAY

BREAKFAST.

Fried mush, cinnamon biscuits, fried cakes, coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Lettuce sandwiches, eggs, pie, cookies, tea.

DINNER.

Meat potpie, mashed potatoes, creamed carrots, lettuce, bread and butter, pie, tea.

THURSDAY

BREAKFAST.

Cereal, fried mush, bread and butter, cookies, coffee.

LUNCHEON.

FRIDAY

BREAKFAST.

Eggs, toast, coffeecake.

LUNCHEON.

Egg sandwiches, celery, fruit, cake, cookies, tea.

DINNER.

Bolled salt fish with cream sauce, bolled potatoes, fried parsnips, cake, sauce, tea.

SATURDAY

BREAKFAST.

Fried bacon, hashed potatoes, bread and butter, cookies, coffee.

DINNER.

Breaded pork chops, bolled potatoes, mashed turnips, pickles, bread and butter, cottage pudding, tea.

Hashed potatoes, bread and butter, cake, sauce, tea.

SUNDAY

BREAKFAST.

Cereal and cream, toast and eggs, fried bacon, fried cakes, fruit, coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Cold sliced meat, bread and butter, cake, jelly, tea.

DINNER.

Roast beef, mashed potatoes, creamed lima beans, cress and green pepper salad, hot biscuits and butter, fruit, pudding, tea.

The foregoing menu, the contributor thereof assures us, may be served as it stands at a cost not exceeding \$3 per week, and that for a family of three adults. That is to say that three grown persons may be fed with wholesome food in abundance and in agreeable variety for \$1 a

luncheons. The menu is bona fide. I'm carrying it out this week. Never a week passes in which we do not have somebody at our table. We rarely have more than two.

"I have a host of good and economical recipes that I'll send if you would like to have them.

"Miss C. (Detroit, Mich.)."

We shall be glad to have your recipes and to use them.

I am grateful to you for writing at length and so clearly. The more pleased because you have made so plain that the wayfaring housemother, though a novice, may not err in perceiving why there is such a discrepancy between estimates of current expenses supplied by you and the \$4-a-week disciples and the woman who has a stated monthly stipend she cannot exceed, yet which will not set forth her table for the sums you name.

When I put my finger upon that emergency shelf, or what corresponds to it in other households, I designate the root of bitterness and the core of the apple of discord. It is an admirable adjunct to refrigerator and market basket. No home should be without it. I survey my well-stocked shelves with complacency. I buy sardines, canned tomatoes (we buy no other canned vegetables or fruits), spices, soaps, sugars and sealed packages of tea, crackers, cottolene, flavoring essences, mustard, vinegar and alcohol at wholesale prices and salad oil in half-gallon cans.

One compartment holds jellies, another pickles; two or three shelves are devoted to my homemade canned fruits.

For mine is a cupboard, not a shelf. I heartily applaud your system of reserves against the day of surprise or accident.

BUT (the printer has not capitals big enough to convey the importance of the monosyllable!) BUT every dollar that goes to the "stocking up" you denote as of great value should be added to the

*4 Pounds of Spice Except
Pickling Time Will Last
6 Months.*

heartily applaud your system of reserves against the day of surprise or accident.

BUT (the printer has not capitals big enough to convey the importance of the monosyllable!)—BUT every dollar that goes to the "stocking up" you denote as of great value should be added to the sum paid for table expenses and accounted for in the total of each week's outlay. Say that I spend \$5 on the first day of the month in replenishing the shelf, filling up the gaps made during the last four weeks. I should divide that sum by the number of weeks in the next month, adding a certain sum to each report of a weekly outlay. You may not

Meat, potato, mashed potatoes, creamed carrots, lettuce, bread and butter, pie, tea.

THURSDAY BREAKFAST.
Cereal, fried mufin, bread and butter, cookies, coffee.

LUNCHEON.
Minced meat sandwiches, lettuce, cheese biscuits, cookies, fruit, tea.

DINNER.
Vegetable soup with potatoes. (A good blue soup that is satisfying.) Sauce, cake, tea.

If desired) Into a hot frying pan and cook it carefully. Remove the bacon; then fry the liver a very little. Remove the liver from pan, put the gravy into the pan with all or part of the bacon fat; season with a little onion, if desired; thicken with blended flour. Pour gravy on platter; place liver thereon; decorate with the bacon and serve hot.

To Wash Comforters.

Melt one bar of white soap in one-half bucket of water. If the comforter is very soiled at edges, place the same on large laundry table or clean floor. Pour on part of the soap and rub gently with the flat of the hand, taking care not to disturb the cotton. Turn gently, if necessary, and repeat operation on the other side. Then fold the comforter lengthwise to fit the wringer; fold again crosswise to fit the washtub; put it in the tub with good strong suds, rubbing the layers as they can be reached with the flat of the hand. See that it is in a perfect fold, without twisting in the least. If this is done where there is hot running water, the water may be changed as often as desired. Wring out and hang on a windy day. If good cotton is used and washed in the making, a comforter may be washed many times and be as fluffy as a new one. If not much soiled, the first rubbing may be omitted.

Soaking Clothes.

I think few people realize the help to laundress and the saving to garments in having them well sorted and soaked in strong suds the day before washing. We use one tub and three galvanized buckets for soaking clothes. We melt one bar of family soap and one-half bar of white soap in a large washing, and rub a trifle more on soiled places.

Remove the fruit stains from table linen with boiling water poured through them; put in a tub or clear water while attending to other things; then pour on fresh warm suds, leaving them in the pail. Then put sheets and underwear in the tub with warm suds, towels in one corner. Put handkerchiefs in a bucket with cold suds; put bucket on the fire long enough to heat the water, but do not let it boil. Then put handkerchiefs through the wringer, and all disagreeable mucus will be gone. Then they can be placed with the rest of the clothes.

In the morning the suds may be removed. If the clothes are very soiled, add hot water to start the washing. I will not finish process on account of lack of space. I find so few know how to use soap and hard water for two years a washboard was unknown in our laundry. Plenty of suds and rinsing will do the work.

The foregoing menu, the contri-
butor thereof assures us, may be
served as it stands at a cost not ex-
ceeding \$3 per week, and that for a
family of three adults. That is to
say that three grown persons may
be fed with wholesome food in abun-
dant and in agreeable variety for \$1 a
week per capita.

May I commend the list and the
author's readable communication—given
elsewhere on this page—introducing the
menu to our practical housemothers?

Appreciation and Suggestion

I enjoyed reading your useful, sensible
and interesting article, "Vegetables That
Go With Certain Meals," and in which you
ask your readers to suggest adjuncts to
a fish dinner. Accordingly, I venture to
suggest that, to my taste, spinach or any
kind of greens, lettuce or coldsaw com-
bine well with fish; also onions, cooked in
any manner. A horseradish creamed gravy
as a dressing is delicious with boiled,
steamed or baked fish. I should imagine
that stewed celery, creamed or with butter
dressing, would be a good dish to serve
with fish.

By the way, every scrap, however, unap-
petizing-looking of a bunch of celery,
when cooked, helps to make a dainty dish
alone, or is good put into the soup or
gravy. No part of celery that is unspiced
should be thrown away.

Thank you for kind appreciation of
our humble efforts to meet the needs of
our members. Our California constitu-
ency counts for much in my estimate
of the working capacity of our corporate
body. I am always glad to hear from it.

Cooking Cabbage

DO YOU know that cabbage may be
boiled without emitting that ob-
jectionable odor, which so often
causes us to drop that vegetable from
our menu?

The method is a very simple one, and
well worth trying. Into the midst of
the cabbage place a good-sized onion,
which has been peeled; then on top
place slices of stale bread, cut thick.

Do not add too much water to the cab-
bage at one time, or it will soak the
bread and cause it to separate and mix
with the cabbage, but, rather, add
water from time to time in course of the
boiling process.

Upon the back of the stove, where it
will just simmer, set a small vessel con-
taining vinegar and sugar.

The bread and onion absorb the odor,
and the vinegar and sugar are a precau-
tion to make assurance doubly sure.

CHANGE

limbs as half an hour with the dumb-
bells.

Rice Patties and Fish

How would rice patties go with fish? We
love it! Cheese, butter, pepper and salt go
into the mixture.

Rice, or itself, is an insipid accom-
paniment of fish. Dressed and seasoned
as you suggest—in Sydney Smith's
words, "animated" (see his salad)—it
would not be amiss. In fact, it should
go well.

"Aid and Comfort"

Members have been more than usually
generous with "aid and comfort" this
week. Witness the goodly array that
follows:

Laxative Gems.

One quart of wheat bran; one pint of
flour; one pint of sour milk; six table-
spoonfuls of New Orleans molasses; one
or two teaspoonfuls of baking soda. Be guided
by the sourness of the milk.
Mix the soda with the molasses; add sour
milk and flour. Bake in heated gem pans in
a moderate oven.
This makes twelve gems.

Steamed Liver.

The most delicious way of cooking liver.
Use cold liver, cut over one-quarter inch
thick. Wash the same; remove outer skin
and arteries; place in graniteware or porce-
lain dish; sprinkle each layer lightly with
salt and pepper; add a few very thin slices
of bacon and put in steamer. Cook from one
to three hours, as desired. Pour an amount
of gravy will form in the pan. When steam-
ed remove the bacon and put it (and more,

The reason given for this request for
higher wages is the fact that the cost
of living has increased materially in Ger-
many and that his majesty's chamber-
lains are no longer able to run his "49
castles" as cheaply as heretofore.

What the Kaiser does with all his cas-
tles is a subject for speculation with all
but the initiated. If they could all be
bunched they would form a good-sized
village—and a village more pretentious
than any other in the whole world. Some
of his places are of enormous size and
most of them are showy in their construc-
tion and style. As a matter of fact,
though, they are all in German parlance
called kaiserliches schloss (imperial
castle), very few of them, such as the
widely known palaces at Berlin and at
Potsdam, are really castles in the strict
sense of the word. Many of them, for-
merly built as strongholds, perched upon
peaks, or squatted in the middle of
marshes in order to make them impre-
gnable against attack, have given way
to ambitious modern palaces. But the
word schloss is now applied to any house
of considerable size which a nobleman
owns and occupies.

Among the Kaiser's Berlin palaces the
royal castle on the Spree is one of the
largest and probably

THE MOST FAMILIAR

to tourists. Originally it was of very
modest proportions but from time to time
additions have been made, keeping pace
with the growth of influence and power
of the Hohenzollerns. The castle is
gaudy, raw and pretentious in construc-
tion. The walls outside are of stucco
instead of stone masonry. The preten-
tious columns of the salons indoors are
of imitation marble while the same key-
note of show and pretense governs the
whole structure and all its details.

One more interest is the Charlotten-
burg Castle, a structure much plainer
and of later construction. It is situated
in a charming park and is extraordinary
for its great length. Five hundred
metres, I believe, are the correct figures.
At any rate I know that it is only beaten
in this respect by Schonburg near Vien-
na, and Nymphenburg in Bavaria. This
place was the home of the late Emperor
Frederick III. during his last short stay
in Berlin. The mausoleum in the park is
the burial-place of Queen Louisa of
Prussia and of her grandson, William,
the first German Emperor.

One of the most interesting of Kaiser
William's places, historically, is Schloss
Koenigsberg. In the province of East
Prussia. This castle, which was finished
in 1261, was a famous stronghold of the
order of the Teutonic Knights, one of
the three great military and religious
orders to which the Crusaders gave birth,
the other two being the Templars and the

KNIGHTS OF SAINT JOHN.

At one time the order was undisputed
master of a population of 3,000,000 people
and played a leading role in the political
history of Northern Europe. In the chap-
el of this famous castle Frederick III.,
Elector of Brandenburg, crowned himself
as Frederick I., King of Prussia, in 1701.
One hundred and fifty years later, Wil-
liam, who was afterward to be the first
German emperor, put upon his head the
same crown in the same chapel.

Perhaps the most widely known royal
home outside of Berlin is Wilhelmshofe,
near Cassel, the summer resort of Jer-
ome Bonaparte while he was king of
Westphalia. The Versailles of Germany,
as it has been called, was begun by
Frederick II. and furnished by his suc-
cessor, William, and it is said that 2,000 work-
men were employed for fourteen years
in its construction. Its chief boast is

the great fountain, which throws up a
jet of water twelve feet in diameter to
the remarkable height of 190 feet. Na-
poleon III., who was made prisoner at
Sedan with 90,000 of his troops and after-
ward was sent by his captors to Wil-
helmshofe Castle, was a great admirer
of the place and used to spend hours
watching the stream of water shooting up
into the air.

But all of the Kaiser's other landed
possessions, be they proud castles, pre-
tentious modern palaces or extensive
villas, sink into insignificance, histor-
ically, when compared with one small,

ALMOST SHABBY COTTAGE

situated at half an hour's distance by
rail from Berlin. This place is called
Koenigs-Wusterhausen and once it was
a famous hunting-ground, situated in the
heart, as it is, of a very large forest.
To this day the woods are still frequently
secured by royal sportsmen. The castle
is a plain, solid building resembling in
appearance a respectable farmhouse of
the second best.

Koenigs-Wusterhausen was the favor-
ite summer resort of Frederick William
I., the second king of Prussia, one of the
most remarkable monarchs that ever sat
on a throne, and the father of Frederick
the Great. Here he spent a few months
every year and here he gave full, unre-
strained vent to the cruel, savage, brutal
aspects of his nature, rendering the lives
of his queen and his children a very
hell upon earth. Here at 5 o'clock every
afternoon of his stay was convened the
tobacco parliament, that queer assembly
which is as famous in the pages of his-
tory as the same ruler's giant guard at
Potsdam. The sessions were held in a
large room in the castle which to this
day has been religiously preserved.

definitely, the sense being, "Someone
has taken away my Lord." A moment
later Mary thinks that possibly it may
have been the gardener (verse 15).

15. Whom seekest thou?—Not "What
seekest thou?" as the gardener might
have inquired. Note that Mary herself
never refers to the body of Jesus as
such; with her it is only "the Lord," and
yet more personal, "my Lord." She has
not yet brought herself to think of him
as dead, and to her the lifeless form is
still himself. This state of mind on her
part is the point of contact from which
Jesus gently leads her back to a recog-
nition of himself, her living Lord.

The gardener—The tomb with others
was in a garden, just as a modern
cemetery is a garden spot, carefully
tended and cared for. The gardener
was the one person whom she might
expect to meet there at that early hour.

16. Mary—How much of tenderness,
love, gentle reproach, authority, and
comfort may not the Master have put
into this one word!

She turned herself—Not having waited
for the gardener's (as she supposed) an-
swer, she had turned again toward the
tomb, lost once more in grief, without
having caught the deeper significance of
the question, "Whom seekest thou?" But
at the speaking of her name she turns
again in sudden recognition to him who
had addressed her.

Rabboni—in the Hebrew literally, "My
Master," a form of address used by pu-
pils in speaking to their teacher.

Which is to say, Teacher—The fact
that Mary at this moment used just this
expression and spoke in Hebrew throws
a flood of light on the whole scene. For
just one moment it is Jesus, her beloved
teacher and friend, whom she has found
again.

17. Touch me not—Jesus had not re-
turned to life to renew the old familiar
fellowship with his disciples on earth.
His ascension was to inaugurate a new
fellowship, a spiritual union, between
himself and his disciples, hence this
warning command to Mary. The verb
here used implies in the Greek a "cling-
ing to."

My Brethren—Emphasizing the fellow-
ship and oneness of Christ with his dis-
ciples which is to continue.

My Father and your Father—A like-
ness with a difference. Jesus nowhere
identifies the sonship of believers with
his own.

EIGHTY MINUTES MORE DAYLIGHT.

The British House of Commons May Put ...the Clock On.

An extraordinary committee has been
appointed by the British Government for
the novel purpose of examining the pro-
posals made by a scientist named Wil-
liam Willett for terminating the present
waste of daylight during the summer
months.

As contained in the Daylight Saving
bill, which has passed the second reading
in the House of Commons, his suggestion
is to obtain the use of eighty minutes
more of daylight each day for several
months in the year by advancing the
clock twenty minutes on each of the four
Sundays in April. In similar manner
the clock would be set back twenty min-
utes on each of the four Sundays in Sep-
tember.

Mr. Willett, who is a lucid, sensible,
and businesslike man, brought with him
and laid before the committee the signa-
tures of one hundred and fifty well-
known persons, including scientists, jud-
ges, members of Parliament, journalists,
lawyers and financiers. Mr. Willett put
in a small diagram showing how at pre-
sent the joyous hours of morning sun-
shine are being wasted while people
snore.

Sir Edward Sassoon, who is presiding
over the committee, looked rather puz-
zled as he traced the question of inter-
national communication. "A man who
has business with America," said Mr.
Willett, "will suffer under the new time,
and a man in America who has business
with the East will gain an advantage
so that one will be balanced by the other.
As to continental railway time tables,
they will also be affected, but," he added
confidently, amid laughter, "they will all
come round to the English point of view."

NEWS FROM THE MINES

SPRING AWAKENS COBALT TO FURTHER ACTIVITY.

Heavy Shipments Being Made—Navigation Opens in Montreal River District.

The main shaft at the Temiskaming is down over 250 feet, at which level a station has been cut and extensive underground work will be undertaken. Sinking will be continued to the 30-foot level. A shipment of forty tons was sent out to Copper Cliff last week which will run in the neighborhood of 4,000 ounces silver to the ton. At the present time the greater portion of the underground work is being carried on at the 200-foot level. On the first and second levels upwards of a thousand feet of drifting and cross-cutting has been done to date, and ore is being stoped from four different veins. A force of sixty men is employed and the work is being hustled along in the usual way. The Conlagas Mine has three cars of high grade and concentrates ready for shipment. On the surface the company is adding a considerable amount of new equipment, which includes a gas producer power plant, with which to operate the concentrate plant, says a Cobalt correspondent of the Globe.

MAY START AGAIN.

David Carlyle of the Carlyle Construction Company of Cleveland, Ohio, was a visitor in camp last week. A meeting of the directors of the company was held in Cleveland on Tuesday for the purpose of arranging to resume operations at the mine at the earliest possible moment. The property has been closed down since last fall with the exception of the compressor plant, which has been kept in operation supplying power for two drills to the Badger Mine, a contract which was arranged prior to the time the mine was closed down. The main shaft at the Rochester is down ninety feet, with about 100 feet of drifting at the 75-foot level. The management are confident that good shipping ore will be found. The main vein on the surface, which has been stripped upwards of 200 feet, shows an average width of from five to fifteen inches of calcite, with nicotite, smallite, cobalt bloom and native silver.

AT THE HUDSON BAY

A force of over 40 men is employed and the force will be increased later on. A carload of high-grade ore is being loaded this week.

At the Right of Way the force has been increased and the development work is being rushed along in the main workings as well as the sinking of the new shaft close to the Silver Queen Mine. Last week a carload of 30 tons of ore was sent out to Denver, Colorado, from the Buffalo Mine.

The Buffalo is working a force of nearly 150 men, and sent out another car of ore last week. A force of over 50 men is employed at the Foster. Extensive underground development work is being carried on with good results. Last week a carload of high-grade ore, aggregating 35 tons, was shipped to New York.

MR. YOUNG GETS CONTROL.

Cyril T. Young of Haileybury has got control of a lease on the Peterson Lake property, known as the Lucky Number Seven lease. Number Seven lease adjoins R. L. 404 on the Nipissing property. A force of men has been put to work and the lessees believe they will eventually strike a number of the Nipissing veins flowing at that side of the lake. On the Little Nipissing Lease on Peterson Lake, Superintendent Madden continues to hustle the development work along, with splendid results, and a carload of ore will be sent out during the next few days. Development work is being pushed ahead rapidly with a force of about 75 men at Cobalt Lake. A

A WITCH DOCTOR'S WORK

CAUSED UPRISING AGAINST BRITISH IN EAST AFRICA.

Medicine to Avert Wounds—Was Intended to Render Weapons of British Useless.

Full details of the operations which have recently been concluded in the East African protectorate against a number of clans of the Kisii people, who were in open revolt, have been published. The movement originated with a witch doctor, who preached an anti-European war, and affairs were brought to a head by the attempted assassination of the British resident, Mr. Northcote, and the murder of several British subjects, including policemen, traders and porters. The theatre of operations was in that part of the protectorate bordering on the shores of the Victoria Nyanza. For many years the Kisii have terrorized surrounding tribes by frequent and successful raids. They are divided into seven sections, each independent of the other, and there is such hostility among the various clans that the men of one section cannot trust themselves within the sphere of another clan, so that intercourse is only carried on through women, who act as envoys.

MEDICINE AGAINST GUNFIRE.

The attempt on the life of the British commissioner had been instigated by a witch woman of the Kitutu clan, who compounded medicine which was to prove efficacious against European weapons. By her arts she convinced the people that with the disappearance of Mr. Northcote, Europeans would be cleared out of the country. To her influence, doubtless, is to be attributed the fact that the enemy seemed but little impressed by Maxim fire.

Mr. Northcote had the narrowest possible escape, for as he rode on his mule in the vicinity of the new station, his assailant, who lay concealed in the grass, stabbed him from behind with a spear, the blade of which entered the middle of the back, but luckily glanced on a rib and came out of his side. The wounded officer, who has since recovered, was conveyed to the station, where the guard of sixty armed police fortified themselves against the surrounding tribesmen and awaited success.

Immediately this and the other outrage became known, armed police were despatched from Kisumu and Karungu, while a force of King's African rifles was sent from Lumumba to relieve the garrison, and at the same time 300 men of the Third Battalion King's African rifles, under the command of the officer commanding the protectorate troops, were hurried to the scene of the revolt.

WITCH WOMAN FLEES.

After three days' marching through hostile country, during which the tribesmen were punished severely, it was learned that the witch woman had fled for protection to Ndube's people, and it became necessary to penetrate the latter's country. The tribesmen displayed every sign of hostility, but the venerable chief Ndube, wearing shabby European clothes and a Cameroonian helmet, came forward unarmed, and declared that he and his people were friendly. Meanwhile the flanking columns were having arduous experiences. On the following day Ndube personally conducted the column in his village, where signs of good will were exhibited on all sides, and the troops remained in camp for three days.

This brief and successful expedition will open up a portion of the protectorate as remarkable for the density of its population as for the richness of its soil.

CATTLE DRIVING IN AFRICA.

Experiences of a Drover on a Thousand Miles.

QUEER FACTS OF HISTORY

LITTLE INCIDENTS THAT WERE NOT IN THE SCHOOL BOOKS.

King Charles' Mistake—Nelson's Victory—The French and Waterloo—A Wizard.

The whole of Charles the First's reign was marred by grave errors of judgment, which cost him very dear. But perhaps the greatest mistake he ever made was to forcibly detain in England the very men who were to bring him to the block.

In 1637 the great Puritan emigration had commenced. Oliver Cromwell determined to go to the New World. "Eight ships," says Hume, "were lying in the Thames ready to sail; in one of them were embarked Hazelrigg, Hampden, Pym, and Cromwell. By a sudden order in Council the vessels were detained."

If Charles had only known! The whole story of the Stuart dynasty might have been changed if that ship, which contained those four men, had been allowed to slip its moorings and put to sea.

BATTLE WON THROUGH A GLASS EYE

This sounds impossible, yet it is a fact that one of Nelson's greatest victories was won for England by his glass eye. More than once he had added to his own and England's glory by "splendid disobedience," but never more successfully than at the Battle of Copenhagen.

He was then Vice-Admiral and second in command under Sir Hyde Parker, who, no particular fighter, left the main attack to Nelson.

He, nothing loth, sailed into Copenhagen Harbor and engaged the enemy. A furious fight ensued, and as the English ship seemed overmatched, the pusillanimous Parker signalled to withdraw. A signalling officer brought Nelson the news, upon which the hero clapped his telescope to his glass eye and said, "I see no such signal. Fight on, my men."

In another hour the victory was his, and the guns from the city and fleet were silenced.

HOW THE FRENCH WON US WATERLOO.

Both as a lad and as a young officer the Duke of Wellington studied military tactics and strategy at Angers, in France, and it was there that he had the advantage of "sitting at the feet of" one of the greatest masters of scientific warfare who ever lived, Vandamme. Wellington himself is recorded to have said that he owed the idea of forming a square of infantry to resist cavalry to his French teacher.

The formation had been tried in the eighteenth century by the Austrian-Leopold regiment at Villers-Cotterets, France, but our 15th Hussars broke the square. The French used it in 1812 at Salamanca, when again it failed before the charge of the English Dragoon Guards. It was essentially a formation only serviceable with the steadiest troops.

The Iron Duke saw its merits, knew he had the right material, and at Waterloo it was the French square, Vandamme's idea, which rolled back the Imperial Guard and broke the power of Napoleon.

A BRITISH GENERAL AS A WIZARD.

To Lord Wolseley the loss of his eye in the Crimea proved of great service to him and his army in his first Egyptian Campaign. He could get no information of the enemy's strength or position. An Arab spy was captured prowling round the English camp. It was then to one the sullen fellow knew everything.

Lord Wolseley questioned him. The man stood stolidly silent between the two soldiers. A happy idea struck the General. He said in Arabic, "It is no use your refusing to answer, for I am a wizard and can destroy you and your army." The man then spoke freely and

HOW TITLES ARE TAXED

WHAT A MAN MUST PAY IN ENGLAND TO BECOME A PEER.

The Curious Demands Made Upon a Man Who Becomes a Titled Personage.

The elevation of John Morley and Sir H. H. Fowler to the peerage is probably as pleasing to themselves as it is to their thousands of admirers, but each of the gentlemen so honored will have to pay a fee of at least £200 for the privilege of adding the title of "Viscount" to his name, which is the cost of letters patent for a viscountcy of the United Kingdom, says London Tit-Bits.

For higher rank the fees amount to more. The new Duke of Devonshire, for instance, when he comes to take the necessary letters patent which will fully entitle him to his own will have to pay £350 for the same, in addition to paying away an immense fortune in the shape of death duties. If the change had been that of a marquessate the fee would have been £300. A newly made Earl pays £250, a Baron £150 and a Baronet £100.

These fees, however, are only part of the expense entailed by a man who is honored with a title. The cost of investiture, heraldry, &c., considerably augments the amount. It may be remembered that when Lord Roberts accepted his earldom in 1901, and was subsequently given the Garter, he was presented with a bill for £1,750, which at first he

STRONGLY OBJECTED TO PAY.

To the average reader it will probably seem absurd that when such rewards for serving the country are granted the recipient should so suffer in pocket. It is not so bad nowadays, however, as in the time of James I., for instance, who mulcted his baronets pretty heavily for their privileges. They were obliged each to maintain thirty soldiers for defence purposes or pay into the Exchequer an equivalent sum, which amounted to £1,000 per year. Furthermore, to be qualified for the honor in those days one had to be a "gentleman born" and have a clear estate of £1,000 per annum.

Originally the fees were paid to certain officers of the State connected with the business of investing a man with his title, but they are now more in the nature of duties, and are paid into the Exchequer, thus helping to swell the revenues of the country. Recently it was proposed that a further tax on titles—£10 per annum for a knight, £100 for an earl, and £5,000 for a duke—should be imposed, and some irresponsible people have even dared to suggest these titles should be put up to auction and sold to the highest bidder.

REQUESTS FOR FEES.

As illustrating the curious demands made upon a man who becomes a titled personage it might be mentioned that at the beginning of the year 200 celebrities, who within the last four years have been granted the privilege of prefixing their name with "Sir," each received a letter from the Walker Trustees, Edinburgh, asking for a sum of £3 6s. 8d., which it was said, was due in respect of each gentleman's creation as knight of the United Kingdom. In the case of a baronet £5 was demanded. When inquiries were made it was found that the Walker Trustees, of whom very few of the titled gentlemen had ever heard, had purchased the rights of the Heritable Usher of Scotland, one of the many functionaries scattered about the United Kingdom who were entitled to perquisites in the shape of fees from persons whom the King honored by conferring titles upon them.

Practically all the officeholders who were entitled to these perquisites surrendered their rights to the late Government in return for an annual allowance. The Heritable Usher of Scotland, however, declined to do so, and consequently the Walker Trustees, as holders of that office, sent out their much discussed requests for fees to noble lords, baronets

sing veins showing at that side of the lake. On the Little Nipissing Lease on Peterson Lake, Superintendent Madden continues to hustle the development work along, with splendid results, and a carload of ore will be sent out during the next few days. Development work is being pushed ahead rapidly with a force of about 75 men at Cobalt Lake. A carload of high-grade ore is being shipped the present week and another will follow next week which will be two carloads for the month. From present shipments, a considerable amount of cash is being realized in excess of operating expenses.

UP MONTREAL RIVER.

With the opening of navigation on the Montreal River this week hundreds of prospectors have departed, and are preparing to leave for James township this week. Charles Gifford, Manager of the Moosehorn Mine, is reported to have ten tons of high-grade ore loaded on scows at Elk Lake ready to ship via the Montreal River to Latchford, from where it will be loaded on cars and sent to the smelters in New York. Mr. Gifford's property is the first to make a shipment from the new belt. A company has been incorporated at Mt. Clemens, Mich., to take over the control of the Watts property in Smythe township. This property has several native silver showings. The Gates claim in James township has been sold to a Toledo syndicate, who will begin extensive operations on their property during the coming summer, and also hope to make the Gates a shipping proposition before the end of the year.

GOOD NEWS OF ELK LAKE.

A correspondent at Elk Lake writes: The workmen on the Holden property, Tudhope, have struck a vein cross-cut at a depth of ninety-seven feet. The vein is fourteen inches in width and rich in native silver. This mine will make a rich shipment of ore. The company sunk a shaft depth forty-seven feet, and then let the contract to sink another fifty feet. The vein dipped from the shaft, making a cross cut of thirteen feet necessary to reach the vein. Miners and others on the Montreal River section are jubilant over this good find being made at this small depth.

FOR BEGINNERS IN BUSINESS.

The keynote to success in business is to learn without delay how your employer likes his work done, and then to do it in that way as far as possible. Never obtrude your views or ideas unless they are asked for. If you are a shorthand-typist, and your employer makes a grammatical slip, correct it in your transcription, but don't point it out. This is a case where silence is more than golden. No "head" likes to have his errors come back for him by a young employee. Positions of trust rarely come to those who are content to wait for "something to turn up." The man who gets on is he who by constant effort prepares himself for something better. Try to earn the goodwill of your employer. Strive to make yourself valuable in whatever situation you fill, even if but a temporary one. Tact is worth cultivating. It softens the intercourse between employer and employee. If your first position is not to your liking, don't throw it up at once. It may be to your advantage later on to use that firm's name as a reference.

A WALL.

The robin sings his gentle lay,
A song of peace 'tis meant to be
But still I wish he'd go away,
His warble has no charm for me,
I'm beating carpets.

The skies above are azure blue,
A blue that charms all poet's eyes;
For me the blackest clouds would do,
In all the heavens no pleasure lies
I'm beating carpets.

All nature seems to smile at me,
I hear the bleating of a calf;
All nature smiles, and you'll agree
The world is giving me the laugh,
I'm carpet beating.

terate as remarkable for the density of its population as for the richness of its soil.

CATTLE DRIVING IN AFRICA.

Experiences of a Drover on a Thousand Mile Trek.

J. J. Reynard, who has just completed the long trek from the north, in conversation with a representative of the Rhodesia Herald gave a few of the experiences of the road. He started from the neighborhood of Fyfe, close to the German East African border, in the April of last year and reached Lomagundi, over a thousand miles distant, at the beginning of last February.

The journey could be done quicker, but haste often means loss in stock, and in out of the way places of the globe time counts for naught. The first portion of the journey was uneventful. In the second stage of the trip, between Mpeka and Serenje, known to cattlemen as the starving area, traveling was slow, food was scarce and the cattle could only proceed by short stages. Fly was bad in places, but this insect only infests short strips of country and by passing through by night loss was averted.

Lions were also persistent and followed the cattle down almost to the Zambezi, but strange to say did not make their presence heard, nor were seen south of the river. Whilst making one of the nocturnal trips across the fly belt Mr. Reynard had rather an exciting experience with lions. The cattle had been resting throughout the day and at sunset the order to march was given. The herd was split up into four lots, each in charge of a reliable native.

All went well until about 10 o'clock and good progress was being made. The night was excessively dark and suddenly vibrating through the darkness came the roar of lions. The marauders were attacking the last mob of cattle. The herd boys fled in all directions and the cattle stampeded. It was too black to see the attacking force, but the frightened bellow of the cattle and now and then a cry which plainly told a beast had received its death blow was evidence that the lions were at work.

When day broke one of the divisions of cattle was scattered, and it was not until evening that they were collected. Three cows and calves were found killed and partly devoured. Two other cows were badly mauled. During the trek down the herd was attacked five times by lions, and on one occasion a bullock was carried off right under the eyes of the frightened natives.

Another cause of loss was the numerous game pits made by the natives. These are dug in close proximity to the cattle track and several beasts fell into these pits, hidden by the long grass, and were impaled on the sharp stakes.

WISDOM IN SCRAPS.

Being sensitive is easier than being sensible.

Some people put all their energy into a smile.

Backing horses will seldom push a man to the front.

Formerly the play was the thing; now it is the receipts.

Many a man's early training has kept him from succeeding.

Give a boy a small pin and soon both will be in mischief.

It is better to put yourself on the back than to kick yourself.

It is hard to distinguish the flatterer from the true admirer.

Try to deserve the good opinion of those who think well of you.

A woman's love is a paradox; you can't keep it unless you return it.

Some of us are too clever to be good, while others are too good to be clever.

The disgrace of poverty is usually overshadowed by the discomfort.

Many a man has been sentenced to hard labor for life simply for kissing a woman.

The longer a woman knows a man, the less she cares about her personal appearance when with him.

ing round the English camp. It was ten to one the sullen fellow knew everything.

Lord Wolseley questioned him. The man stood stolidly silent between the two soldiers. A happy idea struck the General. He said in Arabic, "It is no use your refusing to answer, for I am a wizard and can destroy you and your masters. To prove this, I will take out my eye, throw it up, catch it, and put it back in my head."

And, to the horror and amazement of the fellow, Lord Wolseley took his glass eye, threw it up, caught and replaced it. That was enough; the Arab, whimpering, gave the General and his staff information which led to British victory.

A PLAY THAT KILLED A KING.

The history of Sweden records an extraordinary incident which in 1513 brought the reign of King John II. to a tragically sudden end.

The King and the Court were present at the performance of the Passion Play. The actor who took the part of Longinus, the soldier who had to pierce the Christ in the side as He hung on the Cross, was so excited and frenzied by the acting, that he really killed the man who impersonated, Our Lord.

The dying man, falling suddenly and with great violence, knocked down the actress who represented the Holy Mother. King John was so enraged against Longinus that drawing his sword he leaped upon the stage and struck off his head.

Before the courtiers could protect him the spectators, who had applauded the too violent actor, rushed upon their king and killed him.—Pearson's Weekly.

STARVING GENTLEWOMEN.

Daughter of a Baronet Who Sold Shoestrings on London Streets.

Extraordinary cases of starving gentlewomen have come to light in England, such as superannuated governesses, widows of improvident husbands and those who in the days of their youth were able to make quite a comfortable income as clerks or otherwise, says the Quiver.

By gradual stages representatives of all these types have sunk lower and lower, and sometimes, having sought forgetfulness in drink, have come to the lowest grade before drifting into the shelter of the institution.

Here was, for instance, a wretched looking creature, but with unmistakable signs of having once been "a lady," whose only source of income lay in her handful of foot laces which she sold to mechanics in their midday rest. She proved to be the daughter of a baronet, whose marriage had displeased her family.

Estranged from her relatives by the quarrel of early life, she had too much pride to reveal to them the poverty by which she had of late been overtaken; but, absolutely miserable, she crept about the mean streets of our vast city as successfully hidden as if living in another hemisphere, far from the gorgeous mansion, the carriages and the servants which once were hers by right of birth.

FILLING MANY WANTS.

One of the most useful trees in the world is a species of palm which grows in Brazil. It might safely be called a vegetable emporium, for it yields everything, from medicine to cattle-feed. From the roots is obtained a very valuable medicine which is much used for purifying the blood in springtime. Its timber takes a very high polish, and is eagerly sought after by cabinet-makers for fine work. The sap becomes wine or vinegar, according to the treatment it receives. From the sap starch and sugar are also obtained. The fruit of the tree is given to cattle for food; the nut, ground to powder, makes a good substitute for coffee; and the pith becomes bottle-corks. Thus from this one tree are obtained medicine, timber, wine, vinegar, starch, sugar, coffee, cattle-food and corks. It really deserves to be called a useful tree.

Practically all the officeholders who were entitled to these perquisites surrendered their rights to the late Government in return for an annual allowance. The Heritable Usher of Scotland, however, declined to do so, and consequently the Walker Trustees, as holders of that office, sent out their much discussed requests for fees to newly made knights and baronets.

A BOAT RACE IN THE EAST.

Create as Much Excitement as Races in This Country.

The American and the British university crews are not the only crack oarsmen who send their racing craft shooting through the water to the cheers of a watching, excited throng. The Burmese boat-races on the Irrawaddy are no less worth watching than those of the Thames or Hudson. Sir James Scott gives a description of one of these events in his book on Burma.

At four o'clock in the afternoon the sun still beats fiercely on the mile-and-a-half stretch of river above and below My-an-oung. The whole population of the town is out, and excited family parties from scores of villages about are gathered on the banks of the Irrawaddy. Girls wearing the brightest of silk handkerchiefs, young men scrupulous as to the set of their turbans, and staid old men and women all crowd together in bustle, excitement and anticipation.

October has come, and with it the time for boat-racing. My-an-oung has challenged Thok-n-kna, the hitherto unquenched champions of the low country.

The goal of a Burmese boat-race is a curious affair. At the point of finish a boat is anchored in the stream. A long bamboo stretches across its bows, and through this is run a rattan which projects a few inches from its mouth. Each of the boats has its own side on which to pass, and as it rushes by, the bow oarsman drops his oar, rises, snatches at the rattan, and pulls out the long cane. Sometimes both get it at the same time; then the boats upset, but the bowsman who has presence of mind to stick to the rattan wins.

In this particular race one boat, that of My-an-oung, is decorated with the figure of a peacock; its rival bears the sign of three fair flowers. The crew of the former is young, a fine, strong lot. The other crew is older, with muscles of steel. The boats are fifty feet long, but draw only a few inches of water.

The boats take their places and a hush falls on the crowd. It is necessary to propitiate the guardian spirits of the river with votive offerings. In the stern of each boat crouches a man, holding a bunch of plantains, cooked rice, flowers and betel for the water gods. This is a precaution which must not be omitted, or there is no knowing what disaster may befall.

Now the boats start and the bustle and din begin once more. Everybody is talking and shouting. The Peacock gains. The trainer of the Three Fair Flowers lets out a yell, and that boat spurts ahead of its rival. The people of My-an-oung are in despair. Old women tear their scanty hair, girls rush to the water's edge, and the young men and boys rush into the river up to their necks.

Oo-ohn, the old trainer of the Peacock, shaking as if in palsy, shrieks, "Yonk-kyal!" The crew quicken their stroke and the boat shoofs toward the goal. Both bows throw down their paddles at the same time and catch at the rattan. The Peacock's man comes up triumphant, bearing the long cane, and My-an-oung is happy. The great boat-race is over and the Peacock has won.

NO FEAR.

Husband—"That's a foolish habit you women have of carrying your purses in your hands when in the street."

Wife—"Why is it?"

Husband—"Because a thief could easily snatch them and get away."

Wife—"Well, if the husbands of other women don't give them more to put in their purses than you give me to put in mine, the thief would starve to death."

WINTER LIFE IN NORWAY SEA SERPENT FISHING SOME FROST TRAGEDIES RULER OF THE AFGHANS

LADS AND LASSES OUTDOORS BY DAY AND NIGHT.

Week End Skiing Parties That Spend the Hours of Rest in Huts Amid the Wilds.

A writer for a German paper who has been stopping in Christiania gives a surprising account of the liberty accorded to the young people of Norway, especially the girls. After receiving the rite of confirmation the girls receive what he calls schlusselfreiheit, or key freedom, their parents literally hand over to them a night key and complete liberty to come and go as they please day and night.

Though the period of schlusselfreiheit comes in the early teens, the beneficiaries have no scruple about enjoying it to the fullest extent. With or without male companions they go off winter and summer on long country trips, week end parties usually, which start on Saturday afternoon when the half day sessions of the schools are over and the offices close up and last until Monday morning.

All through the country for the length of a day's journey about the capital there are ski huts, in which the pleasure parties take refuge over night. Rich families own their own ski huts, sometimes several of them in various directions; but the greater number are owned by farmers, who rent them out at the rate of from

\$1.60 TO \$2.60 A MONTH.

Just outside of Christiania is the Holmenk. It is a great hill about 3,250 feet high, so near to Christiania that its abrupt cliffs seem to look down over the houses in the suburbs.

Parties go out by day to get the glorious view of sea and shore from the summit. They go out in the evening and spend all night there to watch the Northern Lights and the sunrise.

A trolley line runs to the top of the mountain and the stunt of walking up has become so commonplace that nobody thinks of doing it any more. The company issues for one crown, about 27 cents, a ticket good for all day rides. The cars are equipped in winter with means of carrying skis and bobsleds; so nobody rides down, at least in winter time. There are great sloping reaches of snow on which the bob sledding is superb.

There are dozens of stag parties and almost an equal number made up of girls only. But in a large number of cases—perhaps a majority—boys and girls, young men and women, tramp together.

There is a total absence of attempts at gallantry; the girls are as independent as the men. They expect none of the small assistances or courtesies that our girls would look for, and they get none.

In winter time the skis are invariably taken along. Sometimes bobsleds are taken too, if the country to be traversed favors their use.

SKATES ARE OFTEN TAKEN TOO.

Each individual has provisions for a day or two and sometimes the tea making apparatus is divided evenly as to weight.

The costume is picturesque, woollen caps of gay colors give brilliant effect to a snow landscape over which they are dotted, when viewed from a distance on a sunny day. Warm sweaters, generally white, are worn by men and women alike, the men wear knickerbockers and leggings; the girls' skirts coming a little below the knee, and leggings too. The shoes of both sexes are built strictly for business purposes.

When the hour of rest comes, the whole party takes to the ski hut and all sleep in their clothes on beds of pine needles. In summer the early sunrise finds them afoot again. In the winter the start is made hours before dawn and the objective point of the morning is often some height from which the coming light is hailed with song.

CHUNKS OF PORK AND BOMBS WILL BE USED.

Carl Oilsen Believes That It Is Possible to Capture a Sea Serpent.

To anyone fond of sensation the proposed expedition of Carl Oilsen, of Copenhagen, with the object of catching a sea serpent, will certainly appeal.

Carl Oilsen may be fitly described as an "ancient mariner." He has sailed the seas since he was a boy, and seen much of the wonders of the deep. He firmly believes in the existence of the sea serpent. Though he has never actually beheld one with his own eyes, he has heard many tales from shipmates, who claim to have had that experience.

Oilsen is firmly convinced that it is possible to capture a sea serpent off the Norwegian coast, where these monsters have most frequently been seen. Recently he advertised in a London paper for the necessary funds to fit out the expedition. What is more to the point he has received several replies. Up to the present, however, none of them have been quite satisfactory from his point of view.

Should the funds be forthcoming, he proposes to charter a steamer and start for the coast of Norway. Some miles off the shore there runs a deep gully in the ocean bed, which he believes to be the

HOME OF THE SEA SERPENT.

Norwegian fishermen, it may be mentioned, in passing, regard the existence of the monster as beyond all dispute, and can tell numerous stories of its appearance in their flocks.

The method devised by Oilsen for the capture of a sea serpent is much the same in principle as the method followed by modern whalers. A whaling harpoon nowadays is provided with a bomb, which explodes when the weapon is shot home and the line tightens. The bomb not only kills the whale, but generates a gas, which prevents the carcass from sinking.

As sea serpents do not often make their appearance on the surface, however, Oilsen proposes to seek for them at the bottom. This will necessitate a modification of the whaling method. Instead of trying to shoot a harpoon into one of these monsters, it will be necessary to attract it by means of a bait.

The bomb will be attached to the bait. When the sea serpent swallows the latter there will be a tug on the line, just the same as in ordinary fishing. The tug will not only explode the bomb, but release three steel claws. These claws will prevent the creature getting away, even if the bomb does not kill it. In other words, the monster will be fairly hooked.

WILL TAKE NO RISKS.

In the sea serpent hunt Oilsen does not propose to take any unnecessary risks. As he says himself, he would prefer to give the monster a pretty wide berth when it was fighting for its life or in a death flurry. He suggests, therefore, that the steamer should tow a buoy a considerable distance astern. To this buoy would be attached the line that stretched to the bottom. When the serpent was hooked, the steamer could, if necessary, cut adrift from the buoy and pick it up again when the creature had become played out.

As to the bait, Oilsen is in some doubt, not knowing what would prove most likely to tempt the sea serpent. He thinks, however, that a good chunk of pork, such as is used in capturing sharks, ought to do the business.

Many people may be disposed to scoff at Oilsen's scheme on the ground that the sea serpent is merely a myth, invented for what is known as the "silly season." Nevertheless, there is a mass of evidence to prove that serpents—or, at any rate, great, snake-like monsters—inhabit the deep. They have been seen over and over again, and by witnesses

CURIOUS ACCIDENTS CAUSED BY ICE AND SNOW.

The Greatest Calamities of Frost, Strangely Enough, Are Those Caused by Thaw.

In February, four years ago, there was a tremendous frost on the Continent. The Vistula, among other rivers, was covered with ice of immense thickness, and when the thaw came and the bonds of frost were loosened, the roaring river became choked with gigantic dams of ice.

In Galicia, near Szeuczyn, the flood grounded in a shallow part of the stream and instantly a vast barrier of ice began to rear itself; while behind it the choked river swelled into a mighty lake, and scouring over its banks, inundated the flat country for a width of nineteen miles.

A regiment of sappers armed with dynamite arrived by special train but their efforts were of little use. Within twenty-four hours no fewer than ten villages were under water, 800 families were homeless, and nearly seventy people were drowned.

TO SEA ON AN ICE FLOE.

A dreadful disaster was that which happened a couple of winters ago at Wieringen, on the Zuider Zee. This great shallow inland sea of brackish water usually freezes every winter for a long distance out. One January evening a number of people were amusing themselves skating off the village, some at a considerable distance from shore, when suddenly a great floe, acres in extent, cracked away from the rest of the ice, and rapidly widening lane of water divided a dozen skaters from the shore.

Some plunged in and swam back, but seven were carried out to sea on the floating ice. Those on shore rushed to boats, but here the frost completed its deadly work. The boats were too tightly frozen into the sand of the beach to be moved, and by the time that one was loosened it was dark. Next day the unhappy skaters were found, frozen to death.

On the low, sandy shores of Lake Michigan stands the village of Sandpoint, a little place of wooden-built houses, which is—oddly enough—inhabited only in winter. Its people are fishermen who catch their prey by cutting holes in the ice when the lake freezes. One night in February, 1907, a tremendous gale arose, and before the sleeping inhabitants a five of these little box-like dwellings knew what had happened, their homes which were built without foundations, were blown on to the ice, and went sliding at great speed across the frozen surface. One house dropped into a hole, and inhabitants were drowned, but the other, fortunately, brought up safe against the edge of a long cape, which runs out in front-fashion almost opposite the village.

This brings to mind an extraordinary accident which occurred at Telluride, Colorado, about three years ago. Some seventy miners were asleep in the shaft house of the Liberty Bell mine, when the end of a glacier in the mountain above broke away, and sliding down the valley, struck the shaft-house and carried nearly half a mile. The amazing thing is that the occupants were not all killed. Thirty escaped alive. These were busy digging out the dead when a second landslide occurred, and another ten of the poor fellows were crushed or buried.

SUNK BY FROZEN SPRAY.

It will always be remembered as one of the strangest accidents caused by frost that the liner, Germanic, was, in 1891, sunk at her wharf in New York, simply by the enormous weight of frozen sea water, which coated her weather side. No lives were lost on that occasion, although the financial loss was heavy. A similar disaster, which befell the small tramp steamer von in 1879, had a more tragic event. Overwhelmed with masses of frozen spray, and with her engines disabled, she turned turtle in the North Atlantic, and of her crew of seventeen only

CHARACTER OF HABIB-ULLAH KHAN, AMIR OF KABUL.

The Man Who Tries To Do Many Things Besides Governing His People.

A short, stout man, who wears a gray frock coat when visiting, likes afternoon tea, plays a remarkably good game of bridge, does not hesitate to sit down at the piano and sing a song for the entertainment of a party, and after dinner has been known to speed the parting friend with a long and animated conversation on the doorstep—this is one side of the character of Habib-Ullah Khan, Amir of Kabul, Seeker after God's health and Lamp of the Congregation and the Faith.

He did all these things when visiting India in the early part of last year, says the London Daily Mail. He seems to have created the impression in some minds that he was the Asiatic counterpart of the German Emperor.

He told various people whom he met that he was the best smith in Afghanistan, the best carpenter, the best drill sergeant. Then he claimed to be able to preach a better sermon than any Allah, and as a matter of fact

LED 700,000 PEOPLE IN PRAYER

at Delhi—surely the largest prayer meeting on record. He speaks seven or eight languages; he plays cricket; he has acquired a liking for the motor car and seems to think very highly of his own powers as a doctor.

Then, too, he apparently knows how to enjoy himself at a race meeting, and when he makes a bet, he pays on the spot if he loses. When he was in India an attendant stalked solemnly behind him, carrying a vast cashbox full of money, from which disbursements were made when necessary. He is said to be a good sportsman, but when he plays cricket with his attendants the Amir apparently always wins. It might perhaps be risky for opponents to make a better showing. A slight impediment in his speech is associated by tradition with an ancient palace intrigue to poison him when heir apparent.

His left hand has but four fingers, due to a gun accident some four years ago. It might have been a one armed man and it had not been for the skill of a British doctor who went from India and cured an injury which seemed likely to develop to mortification of the arm.

When in India his outspokenness and cheerfulness seem to have made him

A GENERAL FAVORITE.

As the sun set he would stop his train at a wayside station "and invite any humble loiterer of the Faith to say his prayers with the King of Afghanistan." He wanted to know everybody's views and wanted to inspect everything that seemed likely to be useful in his household. He stopped an army sergeant's wife to discuss with her preferences and seals, and he made the chemical lecturer at a hospital which he visited explain the properties of carbon dioxide in relation to combustion.

But on the other hand he would not waste any time in inspecting a little gathering of war-ships that had been arranged for his special benefit—the British navy cannot go through the Khyber Pass. Perhaps this explains the fact that he preferred to hurry off to the races rather than witness "battie practice."

Two things seemed rather to cast a shadow over him. "I hope you don't mind the bagpipes!" a neighbor asked him at one of the innumerable banquets. "Not at all," he answered; "I have them at Kabul." "But"—with a sad smile—"they don't stand so close behind my chair."

Then too the joys of railway travel did not appeal to him. In anticipation of his visit to a famous shrine a monorial was built to carry him to the sanctuary in a jewelled royal car. He looked

When the hour of rest comes, the whole party takes to the ski hut and all sleep in their clothes on beds of pine needles. In summer the early sunrise finds them afoot again. In the winter the start is made hours before dawn and the objective point of the morning is often some height from which the coming light is hailed with song.

The climate of southern Norway greatly favors the outdoor winter life. Early in December the country becomes thickly covered with snow, which practically remains until the spring. The thermometer hardly ever rises above freezing point and the chances of rain are negligible. Snow is not taken seriously by the skiers and the cold is seldom so intense.

AS TO BE DANGEROUS.

It is on the Holmenkollen that the international ski contests take place every year, bringing English, German, Swiss and French competitors in constantly increasing numbers. There are events for men and women and boys and girls of all ages, and young people come from all parts of Norway without chaperone or guardian and spend several days on the ground to take part in them.

The German observer of these conditions says that the freedom allowed to the young people appears to have the best possible effects, especially in the development of character among the women. In particular, he says, it seems to fit them for public life.

Almost every city in Norway has at present a number of women in the municipal governing bodies, and in the next election the women are to exercise the full franchise in the choice of members for the Storting or national legislature.

FISH THAT GLOW.

Direct Their Rays in Any Direction Like a Searchlight.

The inhabitants of the ocean vary in many respects according to the depths at which they live, but most of all in their powers of vision. Fish that live at very great depths have either no eyes at all or enormously big ones. There are two methods of getting about in the gloomiest abysses—by delicate organs of touch, or by sight, that collects the few rays of light due to phosphorescence or other accidental sources.

The fish which live near the top of the ocean have smaller eyes than those, say, eight fathoms down. One hundred and twenty fathoms deeper, where daylight disappears, the eyes are bigger still. Beyond the depth of 200 fathoms, small eyes prevail, with long feelers to supplement them.

At this depth, in fact, sight is practically useless. In the greatest abysses the fish are usually blind, feeling their way about solely by means of their sensitive bodies. Some, indeed, show signs externally of having once possessed eyes, but that is all.

In others—the oldest and most confirmed abyssal species—the eye has disappeared altogether externally, though traces of it are still to be recognized, embedded deeply in the tissues of the head.

Many deep-sea fish have a curious system of hollows in the skull or about the body which hold a kind of phosphorescent slime. Others have round or oval, shining opalescent spots, placed on the head or along the body or tail.

All of them are abundantly supplied with nerves, and they are apparently organs for the production of phosphorescent light. If so, such a fish must swim about surrounded by a faint glow, somewhat like that thrown off by luminous paint.

One scientist even suggests that these fish may have the power of directing their rays in any direction, like a searchlight.

ON THE COUNTER.

Mrs. Lomas—"I don't see what she wanted to marry him for; he has a cork leg, as well as false teeth."

Mrs. Smith—"Well, my dear, you know that woman always did have a hankering after remnants."

Many people may be disposed to scoff at Olsen's scheme on the ground that the sea serpent is merely a myth. Invented for what is known as the "silly season." Nevertheless, there is a mass of evidence to prove that serpents—or, at any rate, great, snake-like monsters—inhabit the deep. They have been seen over and over again, and by witnesses whose words cannot be questioned.

One of the most famous and best-authenticated appearances of the monster is that recorded by Captain McInhae, of H.M.S. Daedalus in 1848. At five o'clock on the evening of August 6th a midshipman reported "something very unusual rapidly approaching the ship from before the beam." On the attention of the captain and other officers being called to the object, it was seen to be an enormous serpent, some sixty feet of the body being visible above the water. It passed so close to the ship that, to use Captain McInhae's own words, "had it been a man of my acquaintance, I should have easily recognized his features with the naked eye."

Captain Drevar, of the Barque Pauline, gives a most extraordinary and thrilling account of the attack by a sea serpent on a whale, which was witnessed by the whole crew of his vessel on July 8th, 1875. They first noticed a tremendous commotion in the sea. On drawing nearer they discovered it was caused by a monster sea serpent coiled twice around a large sperm whale. The head and tail parts of the serpent, each about thirty feet long, acted as levers, with which it twisted its victim around with great velocity.

The fight continued some fifteen minutes, in full view of the crew of the Pauline. Then the whale was dragged down head foremost towards the bottom, where no doubt, the serpent gorged upon the body at its leisure.

MEXICAN LOTTERY TICKETS.

Millions of Them Sold Every Year—Misshapen Persons as Vendors.

Nearly \$100,000 is spent in Mexico City every week in lottery tickets, and in the same period about \$70,000 is paid back in premiums, says the Mexican Herald.

On the weeks immediately preceding the big drawings, the sale, of course, mounts up to great sums as, for instance, when the \$200,000 drawings are held, there are 20,000 tickets at \$10 each sold on the streets, and practically every ticket is disposed of, most of them during the last two weeks before the drawing. But as a general proposition, on an average of \$15,000 a day is spent by Mexico City people on the lotteries.

There are, as is well known, three companies operating under concessions from the government for the conduct of lotteries in Mexico City.

Many picturesque figures are included in the list of lottery vendors in Mexico, for all must be licensed. Blind men and women, dogs, old men, cripples and deformed persons all seem attracted to the business of selling lottery tickets, for there is an inexplicable fascination about buying a ticket from a misshapen person, for there surely must be luck in it, and this feeling is played upon by the vendors.

There have been, from time to time, rumors of changes coming in the lottery business of Mexico, that this industry is going the way of the gambling houses, now entirely driven out of practically all cities of the republic, and one hears that the great new prizes are but the forerunners of the lotteries' last days, and their efforts to gather in what they may while they can. How much truth there is in this one cannot say, but it is reasonable to suppose that the lotteries will ultimately be suppressed.

The burglar was cautiously descending the stairs towards the door with his spoil when an electric globe flashed into light and the master of the house confronted him. But his amazement at the unexpected vision was as nothing compared with his surprise at what he heard. "Don't be alarmed," said the householder, "just oblige me by posting this letter. It's the claim which I'm sending to the Lurgery insurance company."

by the enormous weight of frozen sea water, which coated her weather side. No lives were lost on that occasion, although the financial loss was heavy. A similar disaster, which befell the small tramp steamer von in 1879, had a more tragic event. Overwhelmed with masses of frozen spray, and with her engines disabled, she turned turtle in the North Atlantic, and of her crew of seventeen only two lived to tell the tale.

One of the most amazing tragedies of first occurred in Colorado on a February day, twelve years ago. The temperature was far below zero, but the air dry and clear, and the sun shining with amazing brilliancy. Five people, who were driving together across the tract of forest reserve known as North Park, did not really feel the cold.

Suddenly the distant mountains disappeared in a white mist, and the sun lost its brilliancy. Presently one of the women put her hand up to her cheek, crying out that something had stung her. A breeze began to blow, and the air became charged with a mist of fine particles which glittered like diamond dust. They saw a settler, his face covered in a shawl, signalling to them furiously. They drove to his house, and he hurried them in. Before morning all the party were dreadfully ill, and one woman was dead. This fog is of fine ice particles, so intensely cold that they reach the lungs without melting. The Indians justly call this strange phenomenon the White Death.—Pearson's Weekly.

DO BABIES FEEL THE COLD?

Eskimo Children Gambol Naked in the Snow-drifts.

That very young children are not affected by extremes of temperature to the same extent as adults is a matter of common knowledge amongst ethnologists. Bancroft saw Comanche babies sleeping peacefully on the bare ground, their bodies quite nude, when the grass was covered with hoar frost; and most Arctic explorers have been struck with the hardiness of the young Eskimo children, who are accustomed to gambol naked in the snow-drifts.

Then, too, there is the almost incredible incident recorded by Ross, of an Inuit woman, who, in a temperature registering more than 40 degrees below zero, calmly withdrew her babe from her fur-lined hood, and held it towards him in a state of absolute nudity, her object evidently being to induce him to admire its fine proportions.

Cold such as this would sear an ordinary white adult's skin like the blast from a furnace, yet it seemed to have no appreciable effect on the little hyperborean, who on the contrary crowded and kicked lustily, in evident delight, on being given a stick of frozen seal blubber to suck.

So perhaps, after all, there may be something to be said for mothers who insist on leaving their children's arms and legs bare in all weathers, in order, as they say, to "harden them."

INVENTOR OF ENVELOPES.

It is somewhat curious that such a simple contrivance as the envelope should be a comparatively modern invention. As a matter of fact it is just a hundred years since a paper manufacturer of Brighton, England, named Brewster invented envelopes for letters in their present form. Even then it was some considerable time before their use became at all general, not, in fact, until somewhere about the year 1850. Before this date (as many who are living now will remember) a letter, written only on one side, was folded in two, then in three, sealed with a wafer or sealing wax, and addressed on one of the blank sides.

Mamma—"Now, Freddie, mind what I say. I don't want you to go over into the next garden to play with that Binks boy; he's very rude." Freddy (heard a few moments afterwards calling over the wall)—"I say, Binks, ma says I'm not to go in your garden because you're rude; but you come into my garden—I ain't rude."

am at one of the innumerable banquets. "Not at all," he answered; "I have been at Kabul." "But"—with a sad smile—"they don't stand so close behind my chair."

Then too the joys of railway travel did not appeal to him. In anticipation of his visit to a famous shrine a monorail was built to carry him to the sanctuary in a jewelled royal car. He looked at the monorail, he looked at the car, and

THEN ORDERED A LANDAU.

The Amir is the son of one who was a slave girl before she became one of the queens of Afghanistan.

His harem in Kabul is not so large as that maintained by his father. Angus Hamilton says that when the Amir came to the throne three wives were divorced in order to keep the spirit of the Koran law, which forbids the maintenance of more than four wives.

Many slaves of prepossessing charms, we are told, are taken into the harem from time to time and added to the number of his concubines. But the queens appear to exercise a strict censorship in regard to the type of slave. The hapless woman who becomes a favorite and excites the admiration of the Amir "is generally removed."

One queen, it is recorded, "has killed with her own hands three of her slaves and personally chastises her erring handmaids, purposely disfiguring any whose physical attractiveness might charm the Amir."

The four wives of the Amir "occupy positions which are graduated to a recognized scale. The first wife draws an allowance of one lakh of rupees annually; the second wife receives eighty thousand rupees, the third wife forty thousand rupees, the fourth wife twenty thousand rupees a year."

One rather gathers that the domestic life of the Amir is not untroubled and that the influence of his wives is not cast on the side of peace and quietness.

HIS FATHER'S PIPE.

Last night when Pa an' Ma went out I sneaked into the den. An' got Pa's pipe an' had a smoke. Just like the grown up men. I got his "honey" jar an' filled it. The bowl an' struck a light. An' puffed away just like my pa. O! I was brave all right.

I put blow clouds of smoke about. An' then I made two rings. An' then I understood just why a pipe such comfort brings. O God! I had a fully time. A regular dandy treat! Except that something made me sick. That I had had to cut.

I guess I must have cut too much. Of apple pie an' cheese. Got while I sat a smokin' there. I slobbered all my knees. Began to shake, an' then the things Went round an' round an' round. The ceiling got loose from the walls. An' rested on the ground.

The mantel shelf just danced a jig. The sofa was a-swinging. I tried to lie down there awhile. But couldn't catch the thing. An' then my head began to swim. My eyes they both got blurred. I tried to call our hired girl. But couldn't say a word.

An' so I lay upon the floor. Which rocked just like a boat. I felt like I was burning up. My tongue stuck in my throat. I never was so sick before. I can't explain just why I got that way, unless, of course, It was that apple pie.

My ma came home an' found me there. As sick as I could be. She saw the pipe upon the floor. An' so she said to me. "You've smoked your father's pipe, you have. 'It's made you sick, I'm glad.' She wouldn't bieve me when I said It was the pie we had.

When the Hair Falls

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EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

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become ridiculous. For instance, he went to the trouble of photographing certain trees on a limit belonging to Mr. Burrows and exhibited same by magic lantern to prove the character of the timber, and in talking scandal through the country he illustrated his lecture by means of his magic lantern.

Mr. Ames has as his inseparable companion a certain leather portfolio, a gift from the Government, and with this in his hand he is a familiar figure as he stalks around the corridors or adjourns to his home.

Man of Suspicious Nature.

Mr. Ames would be a useful member of the House were it not that his judgment is warped by his suspicious nature, a nature that can see nothing but wrong in any person to whom he is politically opposed. A man who professes to be a critic should be accurate, and one who expects to influence others should not be led into indiscriminate and rash statements by prejudice.

One noticeable peculiarity of Mr. Ames is this, he makes a pretension of being conscientious as a public man, he lectures before the Y. M. C. A. upon the theme of "fair play," he claims that he would rather be "right" than prime minister, and yet this same man stands up before the people and states deliberately what he knows to be untrue with respect to the ownership of timber berths. When the subject was being investigated before the Public Accounts Committee berth 1,049 was found to be the property of one John McBain. Mr. Fraser, a lawyer, swore he put in the tender for Mr. McBain and he got the limit. Now, then, on Tuesday last, Mr. Ames stated that Mr. Burrows, who is now an M. P., owned that limit, although he, Ames, was president at the investigation and heard the sworn testimony of Fraser.

Was Given Lie Direct.

The strange feature of the case is that this moral man, Ames, who advocates fair play, when interrupted by Mr. Burrows, who characterized the statement as an absolute falsehood and that Mr. Ames knew it to be, calmly proceeded with his narrative as if nothing had happened, it never occurred to him to withdraw the statement.

Cross Misstatements.

Another sample of the loose method of exaggeration indulged in by Mr. Ames is that he stated at Halifax that Mr. Burrows owned 1,600 miles of timber limits. When Mr. MacDonald demanded that he make the amends honorable, his reply was that "he had the lantern slide that he showed." Whatever the this absurd statement means is known only to Mr. Ames. The facts are that Mr. Burrows is interested in 433 square miles of limits, and only owns a half interest in six of the limits which stand in his name. Mr. Burrows is head of the largest lumbering concern in the Northwest. He has several mills and an immense cut of lumber each year. He is in no sense a speculator, although Mr. Ames has constantly misrepresented him in this regard.

Mr. Burrows has paid the department in bonus altogether \$59,069 in public competition for timber berths. In the aggregate he was \$10,290 higher than the next lowest tenderer, so that the country is richer to that extent by reason of Mr. Burrows entering the competition. He paid an average price per mile of \$112.50. The average price paid during the time he was tendering was \$60 per mile, so that Mr. Burrows, instead of receiving any favors from the department, paid nearly twice as much as the average price paid for all limits that were sold during that time.

Ames Incontinently Squelched.

Mr. Ames met his Waterloo when

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Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Med. College, Chicago, says of glycerine:

"In dyspepsia it serves an excellent purpose. Holding a fixed quantity of the peroxide of hydrogen in solution, it is one of the best manufactured products of the present time in its action upon encrusted, disordered stomachs, especially if there is ulceration or catarrhal gastritis (catarrhal inflammation of stomach). It is a most efficient prostatic Glycerine will relieve many cases of pyrosis (heartburn) and acid indigestion."

preaches fair play and consideration for the other fellow.

Good Regulations in Force.

The Government has long since changed the regulations with regard to the sale of timber. The regulations under which Mr. Ames says abuses have been practised, were made by the Conservative Government. The present Government long ago made improvements in this regard. Before any limits are put up for sale, there is a Government investigation and survey, then limits may be put up for auction, mills must be established, or the limits will revert to the crown. The speculator cannot get them now as was possible in Conservative times. Then the party heeler and political leaders became the owners of limits free of charge. The present Government offered them for public competition, now they are auctioned to the highest bidder.

The timber scandal which was resurrected on Tuesday by Mr. Ames, probably to help out the policy of obstruction, has again been buried, and this time with little likelihood of its ever being brought to life again. Mr. Ames has received a lesson that may teach him to practice some of the charity he preaches, at least it is hoped he will not, make insinuations against men whose record is just as good as his own unless he has the proof.

Appeal for Decency.

Mr. MacDonald concluded his masterly analysis of the alleged timber scandal by an appeal for decency and

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POLITICAL NEWS!

Mr. Ames, Conservative member for St. Antoine division of Montreal, is so constituted that he entertains a suspicion of everybody and everything opposed to his own peculiar views. This characteristic has become so marked that his colleagues in the House allow him to pursue his hobbies unrestrained.

Man With a Hobby.

Mr. Ames' particular specialty just now is "timber deals." There was a time when he devoted his energies to "land deals," but he exhausted his subject in due time, and employs himself now in tracing the history of certain transactions between Mr. T. A. Burrows, a lumberman carrying on business in Manitoba, and the Interior Department, from which Mr. Burrows is compelled to purchase his lumber.

The fact that Mr. Burrows is a Liberal and Mr. Ames a Conservative probably explains why the latter, with his Sherlock Holmes instincts, sees something suspicious in every circumstance relating to the former's business operations. Mr. Ames has carried his investigations to a point where they

instead of receiving any favors from the department, paid nearly twice as much as the average price paid for all limits that were sold during that time.

Ames Incontinently Squelched.

Mr. Ames met his Waterloo when Mr. E. M. MacDonald took him in hand. It rarely falls to the lot of a member of the House to be so utterly discredited and have his case, which had been built up laboriously upon innuendo and insinuation, swept away until not a vestige remained. This was the unfortunate experience of Mr. Ames on Tuesday. To say that Mr. Ames was conscious of his position does not describe the situation, he squirmed, turned and twisted under the biting sarcasm and incisive reasoning of the member for Pictou, until he became an object of commiseration. The pitiless analysis of the case presented to the House by Mr. MacDonald should have the effect of burying for all time to come the idle talk of timber scandal. Mr. Ames would do well in future to practice what he preaches, to make no charges in the absence of evidence, and not to attack the character and reputation of honorable men unless upon indisputable proof. The salutary lesson administered by Mr. MacDonald may deter Mr. Ames from venturing in future to build up a case upon flimsy material, and may also teach him to withdraw when he finds the evidence does not support his contention.

Mr. MacDonald commenced by reminding the House that Mr. Ames took advantage of his absence from the Public Accounts Committee room to move that all proceedings close with relation to the timber inquiry. Fortunately this was prevented. Mr. Ames tried to stop all investigation at a point which would have demonstrated the utter fallacy of his contention.

Animus Clearly Shown.

Mr. MacDonald proceeded to show the methods followed by Mr. Ames in investigating timber deals. Every witness called was with relation to any limit in which Mr. Burrows was interested. Although many documents were called for, unless the name of Burrows appeared Mr. Ames lost all interest in them. Any kind of fraud might have been committed for all he knew or cared by other people, but to associate the name of Mr. Burrows with something wrong was the sole aim of Mr. Ames.

Alluding to the insinuations of Mr. Ames that there must be something wrong in Mr. Burrows' tenders because

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Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
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he sometimes enclosed two or more cheques with his tender, Mr. MacDonald pointed out that Mr. Ames saw nothing irregular in the fact that a number of other gentlemen did precisely the same thing; he was not after them, therefore there was nothing suspicious in this circumstance.

The Truth Not Wanted.

With regard to the Imperial Pulp Company the same indifference was shown. It had been regarded as a great mystery by Mr. Ames and his friends, but no sooner did they find that the company was composed of influential gentlemen that they did not even call the company official to the stand, although he had been subpoenaed.

When they found that Mr. Burrows was interested in the company, they did not even call him, although he was in daily attendance at the committee. Allegations were made against Mr. Turiff, M. P., one time Commissioner of Dominion Lands, but this gentleman would never have been called to testify had he not insisted upon going on the stand and giving his evidence.

Mr. Fraser, another gentleman interested with Mr. Burrows, was kept hanging around the committee room for days and finally told to go home by Mr. Ames' friends.

Mr. Ames does not want investigation, what he wants is to engender suspicion against certain supporters of the Government. He does not want the facts, he prefers to circulate innuendo and insinuation of wrong doing through the country. He does not desire to elicit the truth, but, he is to discredit certain persons who are opposed to him politically. His aim is not to protect the people of Canada, but to injure his political opponents. He does not want fair play, he wants to win to power at any price.

More Misrepresentation.

Mr. MacDonald criticised severely the statements recently made by Mr. Ames in Halifax, to the effect that the present Government had alienated all the available timber lands in the Northwest, and proceeded to show the grave inaccuracy of the statement in the face of the report of the superintendent of forestry that there remained over and above the timber granted, 772,578 square miles of timber lands, and of this quantity 130,000 square miles were of the very best timber lands.

Mr. MacDonald went very fully into the custom which is followed by tenderers for limits, showing that it is customary to put in several cheques so that the actual amount of the tender may not be known by the amount of cheque. This custom is followed by nearly all the tenderers, but Mr. Ames saw nothing suspicious in this with regard to any person excepting Mr. Burrows—in fact he objected to evidence upon this point going before the committee—naturally he did not want the custom to be established for then his case against Mr. Burrows fell to be ground. This is the man who

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Appeal for Decency.

Mr. MacDonald concluded his masterly analysis of the alleged timber scandal by an appeal for decency and fair play, and a cessation of innuendo insinuation and misrepresentation. If this were so, then said he, "Canada will be better off, parliament will be better off, and honorable members of the House will be free of the consciousness that they have not practiced what they preached."

Opposition and Obstruction.

The Opposition present a miserable appearance in the House. They say with respect to the election act, unless it is withdrawn no estimates will be passed, and yet whenever the House goes into supply, estimates are passed. They have repeatedly stated that Civil Servants estimates will not be passed, but on Wednesday they passed a big batch of these.

The fact is, that the Civil Servants in Ottawa, who have been getting only a portion of their pay, have been talking in unmistakable language as to what they will do in election times, and the result is that the Opposition has weakened.

It is quite likely that the Conservatives will accept the very reasonable offer made by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, practically all they asked, but just what time will bring forth no person knows. The idea seems to be that if the Government can be embarrassed then the object of the Opposition has been gained. The fact that important interests suffer does not appear to be regarded at all by the Opposition. There are a number of very important bills to come down, and the people of the West more particularly are interested in the Hudson Bay Railway bill, and any delay to this measure will undoubtedly be visited upon the Conservatives at the next election.

Very Inconsistent Men.

It seems absurd that the very men who announce as a plank of their platform, reform in the election laws, should fight so strenuously to defeat a bill whose very object is to prevent bribery, corruption and tampering with the voters' lists. But one must remember that if all the grievances were removed the Conservatives would have nothing left to talk about.

The same methods appear to be followed by the Conservatives on all these questions, and it leads to but one conclusion that the object is not to much to redress a grievance as to create political scandal and capital. In the Public Accounts Committee they stop a question that will forever end a condition that they describe as scandalous. They refuse to call a witness who can clear up a matter for all time. They move to stop investigation at the very point when evidence is directed straight at their grievance. When shown to be in the wrong, they won't admit anything. They consistently refuse to retract statements even after they are characterized as falsehoods, they stick to their grievance whatever it may be.



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Because your system is exhausted and
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If you have a headache, it's blood pressure. If it's painful periods with women, same cause. If you are sleepless, restless, nervous, it's blood congestion—blood pressure. That surely is a certainty, for Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets stop it in 20 minutes, and the tablets simply distribute the unnatural blood pressure.

Bruse your finger, and doesn't it get red, and swell, and pain you? Of course it does. It's congestion, blood pressure. You'll find it where pain is—always. It's simply Common Sense.

We sell at 25 cents, and cheerfully recommend

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"ALL DEALERS"

In the House they block the very measures they advocate before the people. They criticise the Government for excessive expenditure and without exception they clamor for public buildings to be erected where they are not required by the public service, but where the building of them may gain a few votes. They blame the Government for not paying public servants, and at the same time refuse to vote the money. In fact the Conservatives have no policy, but many grievances, little faith in themselves, no confidence in the party and a constant dread that public opinion is so much against them that they dare not face a general election.

Weak women should read my "Book No 4 For Women." It was written expressly for women who are not well. The Book No 4 tells of Dr. Shoop's "Night Cure" and just how these soothing, healing antiseptic suppositories can be successfully applied. The book, and strictly confidential medical advice is entirely free. Write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. The Night Cure is sold by—ALL DEALERS.

BIDED HIS TIME.

Patience and Persistence of the East
Indian Trader.

The patience of certain Indian traders is almost beyond belief. However, as a virtue is seldom a simple and single hearted affair, but usually consists of a mixture of several motives, it is safe to conclude that greed mingled with a good share of obstinacy goes to make up the measure of these peddlers' patience. It thus becomes only a passive form of the persistence which belongs to the skillful trader everywhere. A. D. McCormick in "An Artist In the Himalayas" gives an account of a transaction in which he had a part.

He was camping in the mountain region, and merchants were continually coming to his tent in the hope of disposing of their wares. They did not seem to mind if their goods were not bought.

"Only just look at this beautiful work, sahib," said one.

"I am too busy," replied Mr. McCormick.

"Oh, I don't mind. I'll wait." At the end of the day there was the trader.

"I want to show sahib this beautiful ring."

"I don't want any ring," insisted "sahib." "Go!"

"But, sahib, I sell this ring very cheap."

"I tell you I don't want it!"

"I wait, habor (highness). If sahib only see the ring he will buy."

The next morning he was seated about 100 yards from the tent, gazing

CLEVER FISHERMEN.

Odd Methods of the Indians on the Sault Ste. Marie.

On the Sault Ste. Marie the Indians have a novel method of catching white fish. Two Indians go with a canoe into the rapids. One occupies the bow and one the stern. The latter uses a paddle to keep the boat's head upstream. The former has a pole with which to steady the boat, standing upright in his place.

They take with them a dipnet four feet in diameter attached to a pole or handle fifteen feet long. This is placed ready to the hand of the Indian in the bow. The fishing is done at the foot of the rapids, where the water boils and tumbles furiously.

With his pole the Indian in the bow holds the canoe or lets it float steadily sidewise, now up a little perhaps and then down, but always under perfect control. The Indian gazes constantly into the water, which is often ten feet deep where they are fishing and the depths of which no white man was ever yet able to school his eye to penetrate.

Suddenly he seizes the net by the handle with one hand, still manipulating the boat with the other, and plunges the net into the water, perhaps ten feet away, thrusting it to the bottom. Then he gives it a peculiar twist, draws it up and turns out into the boat often as many as half a dozen whitefish weighing from three to five pounds.

These Indian fishermen are unerring in casting their nets, and it is not an uncommon thing for them to capture 300 whitefish in a day. How they are able to see the fish in the bottom of the rapids is a mystery no one has yet been able to fathom.

As Good as a Porter.

It is curious how many people are in ignorance of simple little facts in connection with everyday life which would save them a large amount of unnecessary labor and fatigue. Take the case of carrying a heavy bag or portmanteau, for instance. We all know the annoying way in which it knocks against our legs and the almost intolerable ache in the arm that is supporting the burden. Few people are aware, however, that by folding a couple of newspapers and putting them under one's armpit a large amount of the strain and inconvenience is immediately removed. Try it next time you are hurrying to catch a train.

DR. VON STAN'S PINEAPPLE TABLETS.

The best by test—and making themselves a household word because they live out their promises to the letter, give instant relief in all stomach troubles, and absolutely cure Dyspepsia and Nervous diseases.

No long tedious treatment, with possible disappointment in the end, but improvement from the first dose—and many a stomach sufferer has proved them so. One who has tested them says: "They're a delightful and positive cure and are filling a long-felt want." They're handy to carry. Take one before and after eating or at any time you feel a symptom of distress in the stomach. Sixty tablets, 35c. (29)

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A STORY OF NELSON.

The Presence of Mind of the Great English Admiral.

Captain Mahan relates the following anecdote concerning Lord Nelson's letter proposing a truce to the crown prince of Denmark, dispatched in the midst of hostilities:

The decks being cleared of all partitions fore and aft and all ordinary conveniences removed Nelson wrote in

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It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Those of a consumptive tendency find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

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A SMART ENGLISHMAN.

The Story He Told of His Experience in "the States."

A tall, practical Englishman went over to "the States" the other day from London. He took lodgings at an inn in a small village, which shall be nameless. He had dinner, and among those who sat at the table with him was the waiting maid, whom he designated as "servant," but he received an indignant correction from the landlord.

"We call our servants, sir, 'helps.' They are not oppressed; they are not Russian serfs."

"All right," said the Britisher; "I shall remember."

And he did, for in the morning he awoke the whole house by calling out at the top of his voice, which was like the tearing of a strong rag:

"Help, help! Water, water!"

In an instant every person equal to the task rushed into his room with a pail of water.

"I am much obliged to you, I am sure," he said, "but I don't want so much water, you know. I only want enough to shave with."

"Shave with!" said the landlord. "What did you mean by calling: 'Help! Water?' We thought the house was afire."

"You told me to call the servant 'help,' and I did. Did you think I would cry 'Water!' when I meant fire?"

The explanation, it would seem, was satisfactory, and he can call the servants "servants" as much as he likes at that place now.—London Answers.

Not Very Flattering.

When the artist had finished his scenic sketch of the stretch of woods skirting the suburban road, he looked up and beheld a serious faced Irishman whom he had previously noticed digging in a trench by the roadside gazing queerly at his canvas.

"Well," said the artist familiarly, "do you suppose you could make a picture like that?"

The Irishman mopped his forehead a moment and, with a deep sigh, answered, "Sure; a mon c'n do anything if he's driv to ut!"—Argonaut.

Some Good Anagrams.

The following is a list of very remarkable anagrams:

Astronomers, no more stars; catalogues, got as a clew; elegant, neat leg; impatient, Tim is a pet; matrimony, into my arm; melodrama, made moral; midshipman, mind his map; old England, golden land; parishioners, I hire parsons; parliament, partial men; penitentiary, nay, I repent it; Presbyterian, best in prayer; revolution, to love



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"But, sahib, I sell this ring very cheap."

"I tell you I don't want it!"
"I wait, hazor (highness). If sahib only see the ring he will buy."

The next morning he was seated about 100 yards from the tent, gazing into space. Two hours later he was in the same position. At nightfall he was still there. Mr. McCormick could stand it no longer. "Show me the ring," he called. "What do you want for it?"

"Oh, hazor, it is a beautiful ring! I made it myself!"

"Here, you old scandal, this isn't a stone—it's a piece of glass!"

"Oh, sahib, e-stone is good e-stone. Gil-lass, no!"

"Well, what do you want for it, you swindle?"

"Fifty rupees."

"Make tracks quick! I wouldn't give more than ten!"

The next day the merchant reappeared, offering the ring for 45 rupees; the day after he came down to twenty; the third his price was ten.

"Sahib said he would give ten!" he insisted.

Mr. McCormick finally in desperation handed out 10 rupees, and the trader went away smiling, having fairly bored his way to success.

Potter Wasps at Work.

The family cumenidae, or solitary wasps, contain some curious workers. Some are miners and dig tiny tunnels in the earth; some are carpenters and cut channels in wood and then divide the space into chambers by partitions of mud; some build oval or globelike mud nests on branches or twigs. This home may be partitioned into several tiny rooms, into which are put various small insects captured by the mother wasp and upon which the young wasps feed.—St. Nicholas.

Had Left For Parts Unknown.

In a murder trial in Texas some years ago the counsel for the defense was examining a venetian regarding his qualifications to serve. The candidate admitted that he had once been a member of a jury which tried a negro for murder. It is not permissible in such cases to ask the result of the trial, so the counsel said:

"Where is that negro now?"

"I don't know," was the reply. "The sheriff hanged him at the appointed time."

No Idle Boast.

Bilkins—Smythe tries to make people believe that he belongs to the "upper crust." Wilkins—Well, I should think he did belong to the "upper crust." Bilkins—In what way does he show it? Wilkins—Always short and easily broke.

Imposing.

"The Swelltons seem to keep up an imposing establishment," remarked the canned goods drummer.

"You bet they do," replied the groceryman, with a sigh long drawn out, "and I'm one of the fellows they impose on."

announcing concerning Lord Nelson's letter proposing a truce to the crown prince of Denmark, dispatched in the midst of hostilities:

The decks being cleared of all partitions fore and aft and all ordinary conveniences removed, Nelson wrote in full view of all on the deck where he was, at the casing of the rudder head, standing, and as he wrote an officer standing by took a copy. The original, in his own hand, was put into an envelope and sealed, with his arms. The officer was about to use a wafer, but Nelson said:

"No; send for sealing wax and candle."

Some delay followed owing to the man's having had his head taken off by a ball. "Send another messenger for the wax," said the admiral when informed of this, and when the wafers were again suggested he simply reiterated the order.

A large quantity of wax was used and extreme care taken that the impression of the seal should be perfect. Colonel Stewart asked:

"Why under so hot a fire and after so lamentable an accident have you attached so much importance to a circumstance apparently trifling?"

"Had I made use of a wafer," replied Nelson, "the wafer would have been still wet when the letter was presented to the crown prince. He would have inferred that the letter was sent off in a hurry and that we had some pressing reasons for being in a hurry. The wax told no tales."

He Didn't Like Pledges.

Judge Martin Grover of Troy, N. Y., was at one time approached by a young citizen who wished to be nominated to the state assembly. The shrewd old judge had certain doubts about him, which he expressed somewhat freely, and yet he was willing to afford him a trial. He therefore addressed the aspirant in this way:

"Young man, if you will give me your word that you won't steal when you get to Albany I'll see what kin be done about sendin' you there."

"Judge Grover," replied the young man, drawing himself up with great dignity, "I go to Albany unpledged or I don't go at all."

Small Tanks.

How is this for a stunt? The center of the tack industry used to be Bromsgrove, a town in Worcestershire, England, where all work was done by hand. It was a common feat for experts to forge 1,000 to 1,200 tanks so small as to fill the barrel of an ordinary goose quill, their weight being only about twenty grams.

A Glittering Bargain.

"Yes," said the prospective investor to the Billville real estate man, "your terms at \$2 an acre are very reasonable. Is there any gold in the land?"

The agent looked around as if to assure himself that no one was listening; then he leaned over and whispered:

"It's mostly gold!"

Irresistible Attraction.

"What are you stopping for, John? If we don't hurry we'll miss our train!"

"You can go on if you want to, Maria. I'm going to see how they get that balky horse started."

Out of a Job.

Minister—Is your father working now, Johnny? Small Johnny—No, sir. Minister—Why, only last week he told me he had a job. Small Johnny—Yes, sir. But the man he was working died.

Against God's wrath no castle is thunder proof.

into my arm; melodrama, made moral; midshipman, mind his map; old England, golden land; parishioners, I hire parsons; parliament, partial men; penitentiary, nay, I repent it; Presbyterian, best in prayer; revolution, to love ruin; sweetheart, there we sat; telegraphs, great helps.

A Neat Selection.

"That's a nice umbrella you have there."

"Ain't it? Reflects credit on my taste, doesn't it?"

"It certainly does. Where did you get it?"

"Picked it out of a bunch of seven that were standing in the boarding house hall this morning."

Contradictory.

"Is your husband voracious in his appetite, madam?"

"I can't say as he is, doctor. He'll eat anything and everything as long as there's anything to eat."

Usually the Way.

"A man likes to hear hisse'f talk so well," said Uncle Eben, "dat mos' conversation looks jes' like two people impatiently waitin' deir turns to say sum-thin'."

Greatness Appreciated.

"Katy, who's in the high school," remarked Mr. Dolan, "have been readin' Herbert Spencer to me."

"Who's Herbert Spencer?"

"He's wan iv the smartest min an earth. He could explain anything at all to yez if yez could only be polite enough to stay awake an' pay attention."

A Prized Cough Cure

"I have not been without a bottle of Coltsfoote Expectorant in the house for over nine years. At that time I procured it for a bad cold I had. It worked such wonders then that it has been a household remedy ever since, and we will have no other for coughs and colds—it is so pleasant to take, and all of my children look for it as soon as they get a cold at all. Nearly all of them have been subject to croup, and that's when I find Coltsfoote Expectorant useful. You are welcome to use this testimonial as you wish."

MRS. LEWIS NIGH.

Free Sample of Coltsfoote Expectorant

will be sent to any person sending their name and address and naming this paper. It has established a wonderful record as a successful cure for coughs, colds, sore throat, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis and all irritated conditions of the throat and chest. It is the prescription of a great specialist in medicine. At all good druggists, 25c. Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto.

Send for Free Sample To-day.

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Mr. E. R. McBRIDE, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try the Tablets.—MRS. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can

Mfrs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste A, A. A., etc., etc. When writing please mention this paper.

an authoritative reference book for schools, teachers, families, business and professional men, there is one book which offers superior advantages in the solid value of its information, and the ease with which it is obtained.

One's admiration for Webster's International Dictionary increases daily as it comes to be better known. It never refuses the information sought and it never overwhelms one with a mass of misinformation illogically arranged.

The St. James Gazette of London, England, says: For the teacher, the pupil, the student and the litterateur, there is nothing better; it covers everything.

The New and Enlarged Edition recently issued has 25,000 new words, a revised Biographical Dictionary and a revised Gazetteer of the World, 2380 pages and 5000 illustrations. It has just received

THE GRAND PRIZE

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FREE "A Test in Pronunciation," instructive and entertaining for the whole family. Also illustrated pamphlet.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO.,

PUBLISHERS,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.



Ins and Outs.

"What's that noise?" asked the visitor in the apartment house.

"Probably some one in the dentist's apartments on the floor below getting a tooth out."

"But this seemed to come from the floor above."

"Ah, then it's probably the Popleys baby getting a tooth in."

What They Said.

Maybe it didn't mean just what the casual listener it seemed to mean but this was what the farmer was overheard to say to his wife as they looked over the market reports in the daily paper:

"Well, Mr'ia, hogs is up, an' tha means we're wuth a good deal more today'n we was yisterday."

The Wise Men.

"After all, it's the wise man who can change his opinion."

"But the wisest men simply can't do it."

"Why not?"

"Because they've been dead for years."

The total area of Africa is estimated at about 11,500,000 square miles, of which Great Britain owns 2,713,911 square miles.



SCALP ERUPTIONS

HIS LADY TILL ZAM-BUK CURED.

resque, 313 Stadacina St., Hochelaga, Mon- have found Zam-Buk an excellent remedy for p to this Spring I was bothered for almost rash, small pimples and sores on my face and on ur. Nothing I used would clear this rash from the sing Zam-Buk. This salve has effectually and I taken off those unsightly pimples and sores from I shall recommend Zam-Buk to all my friends."

and all skin disease Zam- is good for rheumatism es also yield to Zam-Buk s, soc. or Zam-Buk Co.,



NO MORE RHEUMATISM

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" CURED HIM

Christopher D. Graham is a well known citizen of Ottawa—formerly in the City Hall and largely instrumental in forming the Ottawa Hunt Club. Mr. Graham's voluntary testimonial as to the great benefit he received from taking "Fruit-a-tives" will carry conviction.



Ottawa, Ont. Nov. 26th, 1907.

Dear Sirs:—

I have been a sufferer from Rheumatism for a long time—pains in my shoulder and joints practically all the time. I tried various treatments without benefit and then I was recommended by a friend to try "Fruit-a-tives." I took several boxes of the tablets and now, for a long time, I have been entirely free from all rheumatism and rheumatic pains.

I wish to state, also, that I suffered from haemorrhoids, or piles, for years, I used all kinds of ointments and treatment and nothing did me any good, but after taking "Fruit-a-tives" for my rheumatism I am entirely cured of these dreadful piles. (Sgd) C. D. GRAHAM.

"Fruit-a-tives"—or "Fruit Liver Tablets" are sold by dealers at 50c a box—6 for \$2.50—or will be sent on receipt of price. Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

A Delicious Custard.

The recipe for this delicate dessert has been handed down in my family for many generations: Into each individual custard cup put the yolk of one egg, add one heaping teaspoonful of sugar, two gratings of nutmeg and five tablespoonfuls of sweet milk. Incorporate thoroughly and set the cups in a pan of hot water. Bake in a moderate oven until firm. When cool, cover with a meringue, using the whites of the eggs for this purpose, and allow one tablespoonful of powdered sugar to the white of each egg. Through the very tip of each snowy mound drop a teaspoonful of orange marmalade.—

A Mole Catcher.

A farm manager at Fodderty, Dingwall, Scotland, watching a mole catcher at work, saw sea gulls hovering over and occasionally alighting upon a turnip field in which the observer and others were at work. A particularly large and handsome bird attracted his attention by the graceful way it floated slowly over the drills, intently scanning the surface of the ground. Suddenly, steadying itself a moment, it dropped, dug its bill into the heaving ground and rose with a mole for its prey. Resting a few minutes, it gracefully began again a further search for prey. In a few minutes a second mole was unearthed.

The White Evening Waistcoat.

Anything that breaks through the gloomy, funereal, waitereal aspect of male evening dress is to be commended. But practically, as a general rule, the white evening waistcoat cannot be effectively worn much after the age of twenty-one. Black, it is well known, diminishes the proportions, but white undoubtedly increases them. I see men whom I have hitherto considered to be slim appear in white evening waistcoats and look absolutely corpulent.—London Graphic.

A Good Reason.

Pearl—They thought at first they would be married in Holland. Ruby—And what changed their minds? Pearl—Why, they heard that old shoes in Holland weighed from two to six pounds each.—Exchange.

One Exception.

"I am reduced from affluence to beggary!" he faltered.
In as few words as possible she broke their engagement.
"I wish to show," she observed haughtily, "that women, contrary to general report, do not necessarily care for things just because they are reduced!"

One pound of learning requires ten pounds of common sense to apply it.—Persian Proverb.

ORGANIC HEART DISEASE,

Nervousness and Indigestion Relieved in 30 Minutes.

The Rev. Father Lord, Sr., Montreal, Canada, says: "I have been a sufferer for 20 years from organic heart disease, nervousness and dyspepsia and have doctored both in France and America, with but temporary relief. I tried Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure and was indeed surprised at the immediate relief I obtained. I am firmly convinced that it will cure any case of heart disease and will strengthen the nerves and stomach." Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are the best. Only 10c for 40 doses. (30)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

MEXICO CITY POLICE.

Street Lanterns That Keep Them Vigilant at Night.

"When I visited Mexico," said an artist, "I found innumerable things of interest, but that which gained my notice particularly was the police system. In the City of Mexico the police at night are stationed at short intervals apart in the street. Each policeman has a lantern, which is placed on a stand in the center of the street. It is his duty to remain in easy striking distance of this lantern at all times, so that he will be on hand in case of an emergency.

"Any person who is able to reach the lamp and lift it from its hook before the policeman interferes is entitled to a reward of \$500. Any policeman who loses his lantern is subject to instant and dishonorable dismissal. This is to insure constant vigilance on their part and to require their presence at a certain point at all times. At first I regarded the thing as a joke, and I tried to get possession of the police lantern. But then I found that I was greatly mistaken. Not once, although I exercised extreme caution, was I quick enough for the policeman on watch.

"The City of Mexico is one of the best policed communities in the world. Policemen are always on hand when one requires them, and it is virtually impossible for desperadoes to operate in the open."—New York Telegram.

A SUICIDE'S HAND.

The Queer Superstition That Used to Prevail in England.

In former times it was a common notion that if a sick person could only touch the hand of a suicide he or she would be cured. This superstition was especially common in the west of England. In Cornwall touching a suicide's hand was said to have once cured a young man who had been afflicted with many tumors from his birth. A similar superstition regarding the touch of executed criminals has been widely prevalent and has often been recorded.

Robert Hunt in his "Romances of the West of England" says that he once saw a young woman led on to the scaffold at Newgate in order to have a wen touched by the hand of a man who had just been executed.

At Northampton of old the hangman is said to have had a regular fee for according a similar "privilege" to sufferers from like disorders. Even the coffin of a suicide may have curative value. There is a Devonshire belief to the effect that if any one suffering from disease can manage to throw a white handkerchief on such a coffin at the time of its interment the disease will vanish as the handkerchief decays. Much superstitious value has also been attached to the knots of the rope used either by a suicide or in the execution of a criminal.

HIS SERVICES.

What Became of All the Bills He Introduced in Congress.

"Yes, my fellow citizens," said the political candidate, "if you have paid any attention to the work of congress you will have noticed that during the past session I introduced twenty-two bills, each of which was intended to benefit this community. I stand before you today with the proud consciousness of having served you faithfully and to the best of my ability. Those twenty-two bills would, if they had been passed, have made this one of the most favored districts on God's green earth, and"—

"Oh," yelled a man in the gallery.



This woman says that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved her life.

Mrs. Emma Chatel, Valleyfield, Belleriver, Quebec, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I want to tell you that without Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I would not be alive. For months I suffered with painful and irregular periods and inflammation of the feminine organs. Doctors could do nothing for me, and said I must submit to an operation as I had a tumor. One of my cousins advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as it had cured her.

"I did so and now I have no pain and am entirely cured. Your remedy is deserving of great praise."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

PEN AND INK PIRATES.

Literary Theft Is Not Stealing; It Is Called Genius.

All authors steal. The capacity for stealing with art and elegance is one of the most potent equipments of the literary man.

Shakespeare was a magnificent thief. He stole whatever he could lay his hands on in a literary way and never marred in the stealing. He stole "Measure For Measure" from a play called "Promos and Cassandra." He stole "Hamlet" from a play by George Kyd. "Romeo and Juliet" he stole from Italy.

Sir Walter Scott stole with a sublime talent. He stole from antiquarian records. He stole from Goethe. He stole from Sheridan.

Charles Reade claimed the right of the literary artist to set jewels, even though the gems are the property of another.

Alexandre Dumas, the author of "The Three Musketeers" and "Monte Cristo," was one of the most remarkable filchers in literature. In one single year his name was attached to no fewer than forty different books. Not only did he steal unblushingly from every author who came handy, but he employed numerous literary ghosts and passed off their work as his own.

Brought to book, he had a ready reply. "The man of genius does not steal," he said; "he only conquers."

Alexander Pope, who made thousands of pounds by his poetic transla-

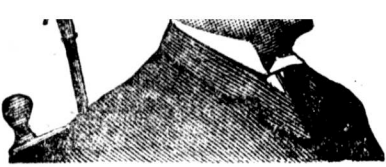
A

REMARKABLE INVENTION

FOR THE

CULTURE OF HAIR





CULTURE OF HAIR

THE EVANS VACUUM CAP is a practical invention constructed on scientific and hygienic principles by the simple means of which a free and normal circulation is restored throughout the scalp. The minute blood vessels are gently stimulated to activity, thus allowing the food supply which can only be derived from the blood, to be carried to the hair roots, the effects of which are quickly seen in a healthy, vigorous growth of hair. There is no rubbing, and as no drugs or chemicals of whatsoever kind are employed there is nothing to cause irritation. It is only necessary to wear the Cap three or four minutes daily.

60 DAYS' FREE TRIAL!

The Company's Guarantee.

An EVANS VACUUM CAP will be sent you for sixty days' free trial. If you do not see a gradual development of a new growth of hair, and are not convinced that the Cap will completely restore your hair, you are at liberty to return the Cap with no expense whatever to yourself. It is requested, as an evidence of good faith, that the price of the Cap be deposited with the Chancery Lane Safe Deposit Company of London, the largest financial and business institution of the kind in the world, who will issue a receipt guaranteeing that the money will be returned in full, on demand without questions or comment, at any time during the trial period.

The eminent Dr. I. N. LOVE, in his address to the Medical Board on the subject of Alopecia (loss of hair) stated that if a means could be devised to bring nutrition to the hair follicles their roots, without restoring to any irritating process, the problem of hair growth would be solved. Later on, when the EVANS VACUUM CAP was submitted to him for inspection, he remarked that the Cap would fulfil and confirm in practice the observations he had previously made before the Medical Board.

Dr. W. MOORE, referring to the invention, says that the principle upon which the Evans Vacuum Cap is founded is absolutely correct and indisputable.

An illustrated and descriptive book of the Evans Vacuum Cap will be sent, post free, on application.

THE SECRETARY, EVANS VACUUM CAP CO., LIMITED.

Regent House, Regent Street, London, W.

twenty-two bills would, if they had been passed, have made this one of the most favored districts on God's green earth, and"—

"Oh," yelled a man in the gallery, "we know you introduced 'em, all right, but what happened to 'em after that?"

"Gentlemen, I appeal to your sense of honor. Do you consider it fair that I should be interrupted in this manner? Is it right that I should?"

"There ain't no harm in answerin' the question, is there?" asked another of the statesman's hearers.

"Well, sir, I will tell you what became of those bills, my fellow citizens. Every one of them was printed in the Congressional Record, where, if you will look over the files, you may find them today. But to revert to the seed question, gentlemen, I do not hesitate to promise that no man living in this, the most splendid district in our grand old state, shall appeal to me in vain if you shall deem it best to send me back to Washington, where I have served you with such signal ability."

The Ticket That Came Back.

A prominent railway man tells of a railway ticket that took a sudden journey on its own account. It appears that as a northbound train on the Colorado and Southern road passed one of the stations a passenger in a forward car raised a window, and in an instant his ticket was blown from his hands. The passenger naturally gave it up for lost and was much surprised when the baggagemaster handed it to him a little while later. It appears that when the ticket flew through the window a southbound train was passing. The suction of that train, which was moving at a rapid rate, drew the ticket along with it, and as it passed the rear end of the northbound train it blew into the door of the smoking car. There it was found by the baggagemaster.

Moscow's Beggars.

Of the beggars so characteristic of Russia's ancient capital a writer says: "The old city of Moscow could not easily be dissociated from the 50,000 beggars who haunt its streets. The city belongs to them. If the city rats own the drains, they own the streets. They are part of the city; they are in perfect harmony with it. Take away the beggars and you destroy something vital. Some are so old and weather battered that they make the Kremlin itself look older, and of those who lie at the monastery doors some are so fearfully pitiable in their decrepitude that they lend power to the churches."

Salvation Army Praise

"I feel it my duty to testify to the benefit I have received from the use of Psychine. While travelling in New Ontario conducting special meetings I contracted a very bad cold, which gradually developed into Bronchitis of the worst form. I was advised to try Psychine, which I did, and after using but a few bottles I was completely restored to health. I recommend this wonderful remedy to sufferers from Bronchitis and other troubles."

Later: "I wish to add that my voice, since using Psychine, is stronger and has much more carrying power than it had before I had bronchitis, and the vocal chords do not tire with speaking."

P. TILLER, Capt. Salv'n. Army, Ann St., Toronto, Aug. 13, 1907.

Throat, lung and stomach troubles cured by Psychine; also incipient consumption. All druggists, 50c and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto.

Cord wood and Block wood for sale. Robt. Light

passed on their work as his own.

Brought to book, he had a ready reply. "The man of genius does not steal," he said; "he only conquers."

Alexander Pope, who made thousands of pounds by his poetic translation of Homer's "Iliad," was an indifferent Greek scholar. In addition to stealing from previous translators, he employed others to help and then claimed the whole work as his own.

When he translated "The Odyssey" he kept the public in ignorance that only twelve books could be called his and that the rest were the work of men whom he paid badly.

The arguments in Pope's "Essay on Man" were furnished by Lord Bolingbroke, and his "Essay on Criticism" was a poetic version of the conversation of his intimates.

Richard Brinsley Sheridan, wit, dramatist and politician, stole his famous characters Charles Surface and Joseph Surface in "The School for Scandal" from Tom Jones and Blifil in Fielding's well known novel, and he abducted Tabitha Bramble and Sir Hubert Mackilligut and transformed them into those still more entertaining characters Mrs. Malaprop and Sir Lucius O'Trigger in "The Rivals."

Of modern authors who stole and are stealing still the present writer does not say a word. Only history can afford to be free spoken.—Exchange.

Word Painting.

Mrs. Bradley, when questioned by a fellow traveler in the Pullman car in regard to her home, launched forth into a rather long and detailed description of its charms. Her little girl, Grace, who had been reading when she began to speak, soon closed her book and listened with great interest.

"It must be very pleasant," remarked the chance acquaintance, somewhat perfunctorily, when Mrs. Bradley finished, and Grace, her eyes gleaming with enthusiasm, said: "Oh, it must be perfectly lovely! What place is it, mamma?"

"Why, our own home, of course," answered the mother, somewhat embarrassed.

"Oh, dear," said Grace, sighing, "how much better it sounds than it looks!"

'Need and Needs.

Perhaps many persons have wondered why we are taught to say "He need not do that" instead of "He needs not do that," as the singular pronoun, he, requires under ordinary conditions the singular form of the verb. The reason is that in a sentence of that kind, a negative sentence, expressing requirement or obligation, "need" becomes an auxiliary and takes no change of termination in the third person singular. This exception is laid down in the grammars.

The Iron Crown.

The iron crown of Lombardy, so called from the narrow iron band within it supposed to have been beaten out of one of the nails used at the crucifixion, was probably first worn by Agilolph at his coronation in 591. The historic crown after gracing the brows of such sovereigns as Charlemagne, Henry of Luxemburg, Frederick IV., Charles V. and the great Napoleon was in 1866 given up to Victor Emmanuel and is now preserved with great care at Monza, near Milan.

Reassuring.

Old Bullion—It galls me to think that my money goes into your spendthrift hands when I die. Young Bullion—Never mind, governor. It won't stay there long.—London Tit-Bits.

Nobility does not lie in the hall full of family portraits dimmed by the hand of time.—Seneca.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.									
Stations		Miles	No.12	No.40	No.4	No.6			
			A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.			
Lve	Bannockburn	0	6:00	1:40					
	Allans	5	6:15	1:50					
	Queensboro	8	6:25	2:05					
	Bridgewater	14	6:40	2:25					
	Tweed	20	6:55	2:45					
Lve	Tweed	7:00	7:20	2:55					
	Stoco	21	7:10	3:05					
	Larkins	27	7:25	3:20					
	Marlbank	33	7:40	3:40					
	Brinsville	37	7:55	3:55					
	Tamworth	40	8:10	4:10	9:30	4:15			
	Wilson	41							
	Enterprise	46	8:25	5:35	2:50	4:35			
	Mudlake Bridge	48							
	Moscow	51	8:37	5:50	3:02	4:47			
	Galbraith	55	8:48	6:10	3:15	5:00			
Lve	Yarker	55	10:10	3:17	5:25				
	Camden East	59	10:25	3:38	5:38				
	Thomson's Mills	60							
	Newburgh	61							
	Strathcona	69							
	Napanee	69	11:00	4:05	6:15				
Lve	Napanee	69							
Lve	Deseronto	78	11:25	6:35					

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.									
Stations		Miles	No.3	No.4	No.5				
			A.M.	P.M.	P.M.				
Lve	Kingston	0			3:25				
	G. T. N. Junction	8			3:35				
	Glennvale	10			3:51				
	Murvale	14			4:04				
Lve	Harrowsmith	18			4:20				
	Sydenham	19			4:30				
	Harrowsmith	23			4:40				
	Fredericton	26			4:50				
Lve	Yarker	26	8:35	3:05	5:25				
	Camden East	30	9:15	3:18	5:38				
	Thomson's Mills	31			5:45				
	Newburgh	34	9:45	3:35	5:58				
	Strathcona	40	10:00	3:50	6:15				
Lve	Napanee	40			6:35				
Lve	Napanee, West End	40			6:35				
Lve	Deseronto	49			6:55				

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.				PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE.			
TRAINS		STEAMERS		STEAMERS		TRAINS.	
Leave Napanee	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Picton	Leave Picton	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Napanee
2 20 a.m.	2 40 a.m.			6 00 a.m.	7 25 a.m.	9 50 a.m.	10 10 a.m.
3 30 "	3 50 "					11 30 a.m.	11 50 a.m.
6 30 "	6 50 "	7 00 a.m.	8 50 a.m.	9 50 a.m.	11 20 a.m.	12 49 p.m.	1 00 p.m.
6 55 "	7 15 "					12 55 p.m.	1 15 p.m.
10 30 "	10 50 "					3 45 p.m.	4 10 "
11 00 "	11 25 "	1 40 p.m.	3 00 p.m.			6 10 "	6 30 "
12 05 p.m.	12 25 p.m.					7 40 "	8 00 "
1 25 "	1 40 "					1 40 a.m.	2 00 a.m.
4 30 "	4 50 "	5 30 p.m.	7 00 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 30 p.m.	1 00 "	1 20 "
6 35 "	6 55 "					5 55 "	6 15 "
6 50 "	7 10 "	7 00 a.m.	8 30 a.m.			7 00 "	7 20 "
8 15 "	8 35 "					7 30 "	7 40 "
All other trains run daily - Sundays excepted.							

Daily. All other trains run daily (Sundays excepted).

WALTER RATHBUN, President. H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent. D. A. VALLEAU, Asst. Superintendent.

WHEN FASTING IS FATAL.

Loss of Weight Below a Certain Point Brings Death.

During a long fast the daily loss of weight becomes gradually less and less. Death comes when the total loss has reached a certain percentage, which percentage varies with the original weight. Fat animals may lose half their weight, thinner ones perhaps two-fifths.

A man or woman of rather spare habit, weighing 143 pounds, could, therefore, lose about fifty-five pounds before succumbing. Heart action, respiration and blood pressure remain unaltered during starvation, but the temperature of the body falls nearly a degree in most cases. The secretion of gastric juice ceases, but saliva and bile are still formed. The duration of life depends upon the extent and activity of the physiological processes.

Children die after a fast of from three to five days, during which they have lost a quarter of their weight. Healthy adults, however, have fasted sixty days when water has been taken.

A German physician notes the case of a woman, aged forty-seven, who died after a fast of forty-three days, during which she drank water freely. Her weight, which was 143 pounds a year before her death, was reduced to ninety-nine pounds. It was a case of suicidal melancholia, and the woman patiently carried out her horrible undertaking so quietly as to scarcely attract the notice of her family and died at last calmly and peacefully without complaint or apparent evidence of suffering.

WRITE IN SECRET.

The Way Chinese Court Historians Do Their Work.

There are court historians in China, as there are in other countries, but there is one striking difference, and it lies in the fact that the work of the Chinese court historians does not see the light until the reigning dynasty comes to an end.

In this way these Celestial historians have an opportunity to describe most truthfully the virtues and vices of the valorous rulers and the real significance of the events which take place during their regime. They can write what they please without fear of censure, for they know that their work will not be published as long as the reigning dynasty lasts.

This has been the rule for more than 2,000 years, the first court historian having been appointed by the imperial house of Han, which reigned from 206 B. C. until 25 A. D.

The duty of these historians is to write plain accounts of all the events that occur during their tenure of office. At regular intervals their completed work is taken from them and is locked up in an iron safe or vault. There it remains until the first member of a new dynasty ascends the throne.

It is then given with all the other histories in the vault to the court historian, who is then living, and from the mass of documents he is expected to prepare a truthful history of the dynasty which has just expired.

Tortoise That Dreads Rain.

The tortoise is not an animal one would naturally fix upon as likely to be afraid of rain, but it is singularly so. Twenty-four hours or more before rain falls the Gallapagos tortoise makes for some convenient shelter. On a bright, clear morning when not a cloud is to be seen the denizens of a tortoise farm on the African coast may sometimes be seen heading for the nearest overhanging rocks. When that happens

RACE UP A MOUNTAIN

The Wonderful Feat of a Gaunt Kanaka Runner.

BEAT HALF A DOZEN HORSES

It Was a Terrific Test of Endurance, and the Sturdy Hawaiian Native Won Easily, Though Two of the Competing Horses Dropped Dead.

"Did any of you ever hear of a thirty-five mile steeplechase for man and beast?" inquired a California man in a party of turf followers when stories of queer bets and long shots were going around. "Well, there was an affair of that kind down in the Hawaiian bunch in the fall of 1883, when that genial gambler, Kalakaua, was king of the islands. There were no telephones joining the islands then, and state messages and mandates were carried by the interisland steamers and delivered by Kanaka runners. These runners could gallop all day, like American Indians in retreat or on the trail, and they didn't know what getting winded or tired meant.

"Kalakaua thought a good deal of these runners of his. He maintained that they could go faster and farther than horses over the Hawaiian country. In this he was disputed by a number of the white attaches of his court. Kalakaua wagered \$5,000 in gobs of \$1,000 with five of them that he would pick out a runner from among the Kanakas who'd get from Hilo to the top of the burning lake of Kilauea, a distance of thirty-five miles, quicker than any horse and any rider could do the trip. They snapped the king up at even money. It looked as if they had the good end of it. The king and a big party from Honolulu sailed in one of the interisland steamers to Hilo, on the main island of Hawaii, to see the finish.

"The king picked up a huge, lithe, slinky Kanaka, a man about thirty years old, who had been employed as a runner on the island of Maui for a number of years, to try the trick for him. Eight Kanakas made the start a-horseback, on native ponies, bred away back from western cayuses—strong, sure footed, nippy tempered little demons, thoroughly used to the bad roads and the climbing. The king and his party had gone up to the Volcano House, at the top of Kilauea, in coaches the day before to be on hand to greet the winner.

"Now, I understand that that road from Hilo up to the burning lake of Kilauea has been improved since the time I'm speaking of, but it surely was a bad trail then. It was only wide enough for one wagon, and it was a forty-five degree affair in the climb all the way up. The palms that lined the road used to get blown across the trail by the score in big windstorms, and the coach drivers counted it a part of their business to jump from their seats every time they came to these obstructions and shoulder them out of the way. This work had all been attended to carefully, however, in advance of the race by order of Kalakaua, and it looked like a pipe for the cayuses, all of which had made the run up many a time.

"Kalakaua didn't ask for any handicap allowance for his man. The runner toed the scratch with the horses, and they got off together at the crack of the gun. The horses distanced the runner from the jump, and he let them distance him. He was dressed in a G string, and he just took up a steady lone and let the cayuses get out of his

POSTAGE STAMP CHEATS.

Foolish Persons Who Run the Risk of Going to Prison.

"You would be surprised," said a postoffice clerk, "at the efforts people make to avoid the payment of postage. And quite often it is not the work of children either. The most common trick is to take the stamp that has been canceled by hand and the impression just touches the edge of the stamp. After pricking the marked edge with a pin or cutting it with a pair of shears to resemble the punctured edge of the stamp or tearing away that part the stamp is put on an envelope for another voyage. All these are placed in the hands of postal inspectors for investigation.

"Others try to give the impression that a stamp had been put on an envelope and become loose and lost in transit by sticking a stamp on the envelope and then pulling it with part of the envelope sticking to it off again. These as well as underpaid letters, unless they have a foreign destination, where postage is then collected, are marked 'Returned for postage' and sent back to the sender. Second class matter, as a roll of newspapers, is often sealed against inspection by having the stamps overlap the cover. Whether foreign or not it is returned for postage. When it again shows up, the mistake rectified, upon inspection it is usually found to contain written letters, photographs (unmounted), jewelry, merchandise of all kinds, making the package underpaid; hence it is again returned.

"But the limit of foolishness comes when a person tries to efface the indelible ink from the stamp and with half the features of the stamp missing or rubbed away and some of the ink still remaining affixes it to an envelope, with the address of the sender upon the back to facilitate investigation.

"This, though, is stretching it a little too much: A postcard that had been put through a canceling machine and delivered to the addressee had the canceling impression and the address scratched off with the aid of a sharp knife and a new address substituted and a written message pasted on the reverse side."

AN OLD GORMANDIZER.

One Man Who Lived That He Might Simply Eat and Drink.

In a little yellowed English magazine, dated April, 1804, I came across the following amusing scrap:

If the Duke of Q. does not extend his life to a still longer period, it will not be for want of culinary comforts and those other succulent arts by which longevity is best promoted. His grace's sustenance is thus daily administered:

"At 7 in the morning he regales in a warm milk bath perfumed with almond powder, where he takes his coffee and a buttered muffin, and afterward retires to bed. He rises about 9 and breakfasts on cafe au lait, with new laid eggs just parboiled; at 11 he is presented with two warm jellies and rusques; at 1 he takes a veal cutlet a la Maintenon; at 3 jellies and eggs repeat; at 5 a cup of chocolate and rusques; at 7:30 he takes a hearty dinner from high seasoned dishes and makes suitable libations of claret and madeira; at 10 tea, coffee and muffins; at 12 sups off a roast poulet, with a plentiful solution of lime punch; at 1 in the morning he retires to bed in high spirits and sleeps till 3, when his man cook, to the moment, waits upon him in person with a hot and savory veal cutlet, which, with a potato of wine and water, prepares him for further repose that continues generally uninterrupted till the morning sun-

MAN-A-LIN



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MAN-A-LIN Is An Excellent Remedy for Constipation.

There are many ailments directly dependent upon constipation, such as biliousness, discolored and pimpled skin, inactive liver, dyspepsia, overworked kidneys and headache.

Remove constipation and all of these ailments disappear.

MAN-A-LIN can be relied upon to produce a gentle action of the bowels, making pills and drastic cathartics entirely unnecessary.

A dose or two of Man-a-lin is advisable in slight febrile attacks, la grippe, colds and influenza.

FORETOLD HIS FUTURE.

The Message Carl Schurz Received From Spirit Land.

An extraordinary experience with a medium is given in the Carl Schurz memoirs in McClure's.

After receiving what purported to be a message from Schiller, General Schurz asked that the spirit of Lincoln be summoned to tell why President Johnson had called Schurz to Washington.

"The answer came, 'He wants you to make an important journey for him.' I asked where that journey would take me. Answer, 'He will tell you tomorrow.' I asked further whether I should undertake that journey. Answer, 'Yes; do not fail.' (I may add, by the way, that at that time I had not the slightest anticipation as to what President Johnson's intention with regard to me was.)

"Having disposed of this matter, I asked whether the spirit of Lincoln had anything more to say to me. The answer came, 'Yes; you will be a senator of the United States.' This struck me as so fanciful that I could hardly suppress a laugh, but I asked further, 'From what state?' Answer, 'From Missouri.' This was more reasonably

Twenty-four hours or more before rain falls the Gallapagos tortoise makes for some convenient shelter. On a bright, clear morning when not a cloud is to be seen the denizens of a tortoise farm on the African coast may sometimes be seen heading for the nearest overhanging rocks. When that happens the proprietor knows that rain will come down during the day, and, as a rule, it comes down in torrents. The sign never fails. This presensation, or whatever you may call it, which exists in many birds and beasts, may be explained partly from the increasing weight of the atmosphere when rain is forming, partly by habits of living and partly from the need of moisture, which is shared by all.

Knew His Dickens.

A third form boy in a city school belongs to a family of Dickens worshippers who have a kind of Dickens fellowship among themselves—read Dickens round the fireside in turns at night, quote Dickens in all sorts of little "family" catch phrases. The boy of nine took his place in the Scripture class recently, the lesson had been on the story of Uriah the Hittite, and the form master was driving it home by close questioning. "And what," he asked, "was the name of Uriah's wife?" Dead pause; then the voice of the youthful Dickens scholar piped, "Please, sir, Heep!"—London Chronicle.

His Sufferings.

"Your debts don't seem to worry you much."

"That's where you wrong me," answered the genial but impecunious person. "I have a highly sympathetic nature, and I can't begin to tell you how it disturbs me to see my creditors so worried. Sometimes I almost wish they'd keep away!"

Making Trouble Pay.

"What does you do when de wolf howl at de do?"

"Well, suh," replied Brother Williams, "I mos' ingenrully sets a trap fer de wolf an' sells him ter a circus."

His Way.

First Broker—I hear it's been touch and go with poor old Carter. Second Ditto—Yes, he touched me for a dollar this morning and went.

Light may disclose a jewel, but it takes darkness to disclose a star.—Van Dyke.

Extravagance.

"This is your little sister, Tommy," said the father, showing him the baby. "You will love her dearly, will you not?"

"Yes, of course," replied Tommy, inspecting the latest arrival, "but it'll cost a great deal to keep her, won't it?"

"I presume so."

"Yes," said Tommy, with a long drawn breath, "and when I asked you the other day to buy me a white rabbit you said you couldn't afford it."

This Is a Fact.

"When a man loves a girl in a novel he raves about her through forty chapters. In real life he never mentions her name."

"What's the application?"

"Merely that realism in a love story is not possible."

Still Faithful.

Mlle. Suzanne—Is that young man still under the window? Maid—Well, mademoiselle, he's running around in the snow to keep himself warm, but he goes in the shape of a heart all the time.—Bon Vivant.

Going to law is losing a cow for the sake of a cat.—Chinese Proverb.

cap allowance for his man. The runner toed the scratch with the horses, and they got off together at the crack of the gun. The horses distanced the runner from the jump, and he let them distance him. He was dressed in a G string, and he just took up a steady lope and let the cayuses get out of his sight. For ten miles the cayuses were so far above him on the trail that he couldn't even see them, but this Kanaka knew how to wait.

"The horses began to come back to the runner long before the Halfway House was reached, and the Kanaka was just galloping along at the beginning of the third hour, with the same big stride he had started in with, his arms up and shooting out in front of him like soldiers on the double time drill. There wasn't a pant in him when he fetched up at the Halfway House. He stooped down there to a spring beside the road and took a couple of mouthfuls of water. The cayuses were up ahead a bit, blowing their heads off, for they had been going at a clip that they had never been pushed to before.

"The Kanaka headed the bunch a mile beyond the Halfway House, and it was a big romp for him the rest of the distance. He took a position for the remaining seventeen miles of the journey about a city block ahead of the writhing and panting horses, and he just stuck to his lope like a man wound up. He never let 'em get nearer than a block to him for the remaining three hours of the trip, looking back at them, with a grin, once in a while. When only three miles yet remained before the Volcano House was to be reached, the Kanaka took another drink out of a spring and began to draw away. The Kanaka riders whipped and spurred their horses, but it was no good. The Kanaka runner disappeared out of their sight on the tortuous trail, and when six of the cayuses pulled up at the hotel veranda about three-quarters of an hour later the runner was, sitting on the steps, fanning himself and drinking saké. Two of the horses had dropped dead in their final effort.

"The Kanaka made the thirty-five mile trip over sticks and stones on a miry road in 6 hours and 40 minutes, and he looked fit to run for his life when he got through."

The Hat He Had.

"Mamma, if I had a hat before I had this one, it's all right to say that's the hat I had had, isn't it?"

"Certainly, Johnny."

"And if that hat once had a hole in it and I had it mended I could say it had had a hole in it, couldn't I?"

"Yes; there would be nothing incorrect in that."

"Then it would be good English to say that the hat I had had had had a hole in it, wouldn't it?"

Yes, Indeed.

"It takes a couple of sweethearts a deucedly long time to say goodbye, even if they are parting for only a few hours."

"Much adieu about nothing, eh?"

Amiable.

"Daughter, is your husband amiable?"

"Well, ma, he's just exactly like pa. When he gets his own way about everything he's just perfectly lovely."—Pathfinder.

Among the richer classes 343 in 1,000 live to 60 years; in the middle classes, 175; of the laboring class, 156.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

in the morning 'he retires to bed in high spirits and sleeps till 3, when his man cook, to the moment, waits upon him in persona with a hot and savory veal cutlet, which, with a potation of wine and water, prepares him for further repose that continues generally uninterrupted till the morning summons to his lacteal bath.

"In this routine of living comforts are the four and twenty hours invariably divided, so that if his grace does not know, with Sir Toby Belch, 'that our life is composed of four elements' he knows at least, with Sir Ague Cheek, 'that it consists in eating and drinking.'"

A Reason For Thanks.

The impecunious author's wife was trying on a new dress and endeavoring to observe the hang of it by means of a round mirror on top of a high chiffonier. Every woman will appreciate what that means.

"Oh, dear," she exclaimed as she thought with some pathos, "I haven't seen the bottom of my skirt since I was married."

Her husband looked up, brute that he was, and remarked:

"Well, you can thank your lucky stars for that."

Breaking Wire.

Anybody who has tried to break a piece of wire without the aid of a pair of pinchers will probably agree that the operation is both a difficult and painful one. There is a method, however, by which it may be easily accomplished. By bending the wire into a loop and pulling both ends as tight as possible an injury will be caused to the wire, which on being straightened will immediately break. By this means wire up to No. 12 gauge may be successfully dealt with.

Fire and sword are but slow engines of destruction in comparison with the babbler.—Steele.

To say "every one is talking about him" is a eulogy, but to say "every one is talking about her" is an elegy.—Anonymous.

asked whether the spirit of Lincoln had anything more to say to me. The answer came, 'Yes; you will be a senator of the United States.' This struck me as so fanciful that I could hardly suppress a laugh, but I asked further, 'From what state?' Answer, 'From Missouri.' This was more provokingly mysterious still, but there the conversation ceased.

"Hardly anything could have been more improbable at that time than that I should be a senator of the United States from the state of Missouri. My domicile was in Wisconsin, and I was then thinking of returning there. I had never thought of removing from Wisconsin to Missouri, and there was not the slightest prospect of my ever doing so.

"But, to forestall my narrative, two years later I was surprised by an entirely unsought and unexpected business proposition which took me to St. Louis, and in January, 1869, the legislature of Missouri elected me a senator of the United States. I then remembered the prophecy made to me at the spirit seance in the house of my friend Tiedemann in Philadelphia."

Work of the Farmer.

The countless millions of our population are fed and clothed by the American farmer. The grain waving in golden beauty upon the great plains of the west, the cotton drifting like summer snow upon the fields of the south, freight the fleets of nations and loose their sails, thread the continents with track of steel, fill the earth with the roar of trains and heap for trade and commerce and useful art those stores that make a nation great. Where are the sinews of our strength if they are not found in our great, diversified agricultural products? What victorious hosts ever waved as joyous banners as those that float above the tasseled maize from the snows of Maine to the spicy groves of California? What spirit of beauty hovers above southern fields when fleecy bolls uncover to crown "King Cotton!"—Hon. Ezekiel S. Candler, Jr., of Mississippi in House of Representatives.

BLOOD DISEASES

Guaranteed Cured or No Pay.



If you ever had any contracted or hereditary blood disease, you are never safe until the virus or poison has been removed from the system. You may have had some disease years ago, but now and then some symptom alarms you. Some poison still lurks in your system. Can you afford to run the risk of more serious symptoms appearing as the poison multiplies? Beware of mercury or mineral drugs used indiscriminately—they may ruin the system. Twenty years experience in the treatment of these diseases enables us to prescribe specific remedies that will positively cure all blood diseases of the worst character, leaving no bad effects on the system. Our New Method Treatment will purify and enrich the blood, heal up all ulcers, clear the skin, remove bone pains, fallen out hair will grow in, and swollen glands will return to a normal condition, and the patient will feel and look like a different person. All cases we accept for treatment are guaranteed a complete cure if instructions are followed.

Reader if in doubt as to your condition, you can consult us FREE OF CHARGE. Beware of incompetent doctors who have no reputation or reliability. Drs. K. & K. have been established over 20 years. WE CURE Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Stricture, Blood and Secret Diseases, Kidney and Bladder Complaints. Consultation Free. If unable to call write for a Question List for Home Treatment.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY
Cor. Michigan & Griswold Sts. Detroit, Mich.

A House of Mystery

OR, THE GIRL IN BLUE

CHAPTER X.—(Continued).

If, however, Nellie Channing was lovely, her beauty was far eclipsed by that of my neighbor on my right, a tall, dark-haired girl in blue, a Miss Anson, who with her mother, a quiet, white-haired, elderly lady, were the only other guests in addition to myself. From the moment we were introduced I saw that Mrs. Anson's daughter possessed a face that was absolutely perfect, rather oval in shape, with large, beautiful eyes, that seemed to shine as they looked upon me, and to search me through and through. Her complexion was good, her cheeks well rounded, her mouth small and perfectly formed; her teeth gleamed white over and anon as she smiled at the Colonel's humorous remarks, and her nose was just sufficiently upturned to give her countenance a pleasant air of coquetry.

Her costume, rich and without any undue exaggeration of trimming or style, spoke modestly of the handwork of a first-class couturiere. The shade of turquoise blue suited her dark beauty admirably, and the bodice, cut discreetly low, revealed a neck white and firmly modeled as that of the Venus of Milo. Around her throat, suspended by a golden chain so fine as to be almost imperceptible, was a single diamond set in a thin ring of gold, a large stone of magnificent lustre. It was her only ornament, but, flashing and glittering with a thousand fires, it was quite sufficient. She wore no rings. Her hands, white and well-formed, were devoid of any jewels. The single diamond gleamed and glittered as it rose and fell upon her breast, an ornament assiduously lit to adorn a princess.

Mrs. Anson sat opposite me, chatted pleasantly during the meal, and now and then her daughter would turn, raise her fine eyes to mine for an instant and join in our conversation. That she was exceedingly clever and well-informed I at once detected by her terse and clever criticism of the latest play, which we discussed. She compared it, with a display of knowledge that surprised me, to a French play but little known save to students of the French drama, and once or twice her remarks upon stage technicalities caused me to suspect that she was an actress.

Mrs. Anson, however, displayed this notion by expressing her disapproval of the stage as a profession for women, an opinion with which her daughter at once agreed. No, she could not be an actress, I felt assured. Both mother and daughter bore the unmistakable hall-mark of gentleness.

I sat beside Mabel Anson in rapt admiration. Never before in all my life had my eyes fallen upon so perfect an incarnation of feminine grace and marvellous beauty; never before until that moment had a woman's face held me in such enchantment.

Presently the conversation turned, as it so often does at dinner-tables, upon certain engagements recently announced, whereupon the Colonel, in the merry, careless manner habitual to him, advanced the theory that most girls married with a view to improve their social position.

"As to a husband's fortune," remarked his wife, with that stiff formality which was her peculiar characteristic, "it really isn't so important to a woman as the qualities which lead to fortune—ambition, determination, industry, thrift—and position such a man may

once. They become heedless of whether each other's features are classical or ugly; but they never fail to be cognizant of one another's temper or shortcomings."

"You speak as though from experience," she laughed without, however, attempting to combat my argument.

Another outburst of laughter greeted this bantering remark of hers.

"No," observed Nellie, on my other hand. "Mr. Heaton is the most confirmed bachelor I know. I believe he's a woman-hater—if the truth were told."

"Oh, really, Miss Channing!" I protested. "That's certainly too bad of you. I assure you I'm no hater of the sex, but an admirer."

"Heaton's about to make a pretty speech," observed the jovial, red-faced Colonel. "Go on, Wilford, my dear fellow, we're all attention."

"No," I said, laughing. "I've been drawn quite unfairly into this controversy. Therefore I'll preserve a masterly silence."

"Mr. Heaton is, I think, diplomatic," laughed the dark, handsome girl next to me. "He has cleared his character of the aspersion cast upon it, and preserves a dignified attitude." And she turned and smiled gaily upon me in triumph.

She was exquisitely charming. I sat at her side gossiping merrily, while to my dazzled gaze she presented a beautiful picture of youthful and delicate feminine sweetness combined with patrician grace. For the first time in all my life that petticoated paradox, woman, conveyed to me the impression of perfect beauty, of timidity and grace, combined with a natural, inborn dignity. There was nothing forced or unnatural in her manner as with other women I had met; none of that affected mannishness of deportment and slangy embellishments of conversation which are so characteristic of girls of to-day, be they daughters of tradesmen or of peers. The qualities which imparted to Mabel her distinct individuality were the beautiful combination of the dainty delicacy with the elegance—of simplicity with elevation—of spirit with sweetness. The artless manner in which her innate nobility of soul and natural loftiness of spirit shone forth through her patrician disguise was apparent from her conversation when, an hour later, we resumed our chat in the drawing-room. She showed in that short and pleasant gossip that she possessed that upright simplicity of mind which disdained all crooked and indirect means, which would not stoop for an instant to dissimulation, and was mingled with a noble confidence in the power of good in the world.

She gave me the impression—why, I cannot tell—of one who had passed under the ennobling discipline of suffering and self-denial. A melancholy charm tempered the natural vigor of her mind; her spirit seemed to stand upon an eminence and look down upon me as one inferior to her in intellect, in moral principle—in fact, in everything. From the very first moment when I had bowed to her on our introduction she held me spell-bound in fascination.

When the ladies had left, and I sat alone with the Colonel, smoking over a liqueur, I inquired about her.

"Mrs. Anson is the widow of old General Anson," he said. "He died about

"Certainly," I answered, surprised.

"What is it?"

"I've noticed to-night that, like many another man, you are entranced by the beauty of Mabel Anson. Be careful not to make a fool of yourself."

"I don't understand," I said quickly.

"Well, all I would say is, that if you desire happiness and peace of mind, steel your heart against her," he answered with a distinct air of mystery.

"You speak in enigmas."

"I merely give you a timely warning, that's all, my dear fellow. Now, don't be offended, but go home and think it over, and resolve never again to see her—never, you understand—never."

CHAPTER XI.

Long and deeply I pondered over the Colonel's words. That he had some underlying motive in thus warning me against the woman by whom I had become so fascinated was vividly apparent, yet to all my demands he remained dumb. On the afternoon following I found him in the St. James's Club—that club of diplomatists—and reverted to the subject. But all the response he vouchsafed was—

"I've merely warned you, my dear fellow. I shall say no more. I, of course, don't blame you for admiring her. I only tell you to pull yourself up short."

"But why?"

"Because if you go further than admiration you'll be treading dangerous ground—devilish dangerous, I can assure you."

"You mean that she has a jealous lover?" I suggested.

"She has no lover, as far as I am aware," he answered.

"Then, speaking candidly, Channing," I said, "I don't see why you should turn prophet like this without giving me any reason."

"My reason is briefly told," he said with unusual gravity. "I don't wish to see you upset and unhappy; now that you've recovered your sight."

His words seemed very lame ones.

"Why should I be unhappy?"

"Because Mabel Anson can never be more to you than an acquaintance; she can never reciprocate your love. I tell you plainly that if you allow yourself to become entranced and all that sort of thing, you'll only make a confounded ass of yourself."

"You certainly speak very plainly," I observed, annoyed that he should interfere so prematurely in a matter which was assuredly my affair alone.

"I speak because I have your welfare at heart, Wilford," he answered in a kindly tone. "I only regret now that I asked you to my table to meet her. It is my fault, entirely my fault."

"You talk as though she were some genius of evil," I laughed. "Let me act as I think fit, my dear Channing."

"Let you go headlong to the devil, eh?" he snapped.

"But to love her is not to go on the downward path, surely?" I cried incredulously.

"I warn you, once and for all, to have nothing whatever to do with her," he said. "I know her—you do not."

But I laughed him to scorn. His words seemed utterly absurd, as though his mind were filled by some strong prejudice which he dared not to utter for fear of laying himself open to an action for slander. If her acquaintance were so extremely undesirable, why did he invite her and her mother to his table? His words were not borne out by his own actions.

So I bade him farewell rather coolly, and left the club abruptly, in anger with myself at having sought him, or bestowed a single thought upon his extraordinary warning.

(To be Continued.)

ILLS OF BABYHOOD

AND OF CHILDHOOD

The ills of babyhood and childhood are many and may prove serious if not promptly cured. In homes where Baby's Own Tablets are kept there is a prompt cure at hand for such troubles as indi-

BLOOD MAKING TONIC TREATMENT

A Cure for Anæmia That is Showing Remarkable Proofs of Cures in Stubborn Cases.

When the body becomes weak and run down, either from overwork, worry or severe illness, an examination of the blood would show it to be weak and watery. This condition is called anæmia, which is the medical term for "bloodlessness." The common symptoms are paleness of the lips, gums and cheeks, shortness of breath and palpitation of the heart after the slightest exertion, dull eyes and loss of appetite. Anæmia itself is a dangerous disease and may gradually pass into consumption. It can only be cured by treating its cause—which is the poor condition of the blood. The blood must be made rich and red, thereby enabling it to carry the necessary nourishment to every part of the body.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the greatest medicine in the world for making new, rich blood and they have been curing anæmia and other blood diseases for nearly a generation, and are now recognized the world over as an invaluable household remedy.

Mrs. D. Estabrook, Brooklyn Road, N. B., says:—"My daughter Gertrude, who is now in her sixteenth year, was sickly from early childhood, we were constantly doctoring for her, but it did not seem to help her in the least. In fact as she grew older she seemed to grow weaker. She was always pale and listless, suffered from headaches, dizziness and palpitation of the heart. She did not rest at night, and would often toss and moan the whole night. Finally she had to discontinue going to school, and as she was continually taking doctors' medicine without benefit I grew discouraged, and feared we would lose her. Friends urged us to give her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I finally decided to do so. By the time she had taken three boxes there was an improvement, and a little later she was able to return to school. From that on she grew stronger, had an excellent appetite, slept well at night, and is now as healthy a girl as you will see. I believe that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved her life, and as a mother I would recommend these pills to every family in which there are young girls."

All medicine dealers sell these pills, or you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ROYAL JEWELS FOUND.

Belonged to Wife of Pharaoh Seti II.—Remnants of a Tragedy.

Archæologists are excited over a recent find of great importance in the Valley of the Tombs of the Kings at Thebes, where the jewels of the wife of Seti II. have been brought to light.

Seti was a royal lady of the nineteenth dynasty, who lived about 1300 years B. C., and was probably no less a person than the wife of the Pharaoh of "Exodus."

It is said that there are bracelets of heavy gold, earrings several inches in length, bearing the cartouche of the royal wearer, rings of elaborate workmanship, and fillets of gold, which the queen wore round her head; but no one but the fortune finders and experts have yet viewed the treasure—with the exception of Sir Eldon and Lady Gorst. The tomb itself proved empty, the jewels being found a few days later embedded in mud, where they had probably been thrown by robbers of some by-gone age, who plundered the tomb of the royal dead.

Engineers working at Shellai, in connection with the heightening of the great Nile dam below Philæ, announce the discovery of a prehistoric cemetery. As in the case of the jewels found at Thebes, the public are excluded till it

ry, career-manner model of the advanced theory that most girls married with a view to improve their social position.

"As to a husband's fortune," remarked his wife, with that stiff formality which was her peculiar characteristic, "it really isn't so important to a woman as the qualities which lead to fortune—ambition, determination, industry, thrift—and position such a man may attain for himself."

"And in education?" inquired Mrs. Anson, softly, apparently interested in the argument.

"In education a man certainly should be his wife's equal," answered Mrs. Channing, speaking with that high-pitched jerkiness of tone which made it appear as though her words snapped off short. "Undoubtedly there is some subtle affinity between opposites. Yet there must be likeness as well as unlikeness. The latter will lend paucity, which is pleasant, but the former will give peace, which is essential."

"With that opinion I quite agree, mother," remarked Mabel Anson, merrily. "At first love, it is, of course, a sufficient, but a little later the individual characteristics must reassert themselves, and then in the absence of a prepossession and sympathy in ones best interests and the race a hard sprang up, slight, unobtrusive, perhaps, but still impassable, and in one sense man and wife are not one, but distinctly two."

"My dear Mabel, you talk like a woman of fifty," her mother remarked reprovingly, whereupon all joined in laughter.

Her daughter's cheeks flushed slightly, and for a moment she appeared offended.

"Well, mother, I only expressed what is my firm opinion," she protested with a pouting pout. "I see so many ridiculous engagements announced and marriages contracted that my theory becomes strengthened every day."

"And is not good longer essential with a husband?" came, now, a low, clear voice, on that point, and the father, challengingly, from behind the big open door.

"So be it, then. For an instant her husband's eyes met hers, and she at once lowered her head with a downward sweep of her long dark hair."

"I don't think that a girl thinking seriously of her future should not lay any great stress on good temper, she answered, in a sweet musical voice. "A sunny firm, a pair of good eyes, a gentle preference of these might easily outweigh good fortune."

"And then, I don't disagree with you," remarked suddenly. "It has always appeared to me that after the first year or so, married people rarely think of each other's features, because they are always in each other's presence."

in moral principle—in fact, in everything. From the very first moment when I had bowed to her on our introduction she held me spell-bound in fascination.

When the ladies had left, and I sat alone with the Colonel, smoking over a liqueur, I inquired about her.

"Mrs. Anson is the widow of old General Anson," he said. "He died about twelve years ago, and they've since lived a great deal abroad."

"Well off?" I inquired, with affected carelessness.

"Very comfortably, I should say. Mrs. Anson has a fortune of her own, I believe. They have a house at present at The Beltons."

"Mabel is extremely good-looking," I remarked.

"Of course, my dear boy," laughed the Colonel, with his liqueur-glass poised in his hand, a twinkle in his eye. "Between us, she's the prettiest girl in London. She creates a sensation wherever she goes, for beauty like hers isn't met with twice in a lifetime. Lucky chap, whoever marries her."

"Yes," I said reflectively, and then diligently pursued the topic in an endeavor to learn further details regarding her. My host either knew very little, or purposely affected ignorance—which I was unable to determine. He had known her father intimately, having been in his regiment long ago. That was about all I learnt further.

So we tossed away our cigars, drained our glasses, and rejoined the four ladies who were awaiting us in the drawing-room, where later, at Mrs. Channing's urgent persuasion, my duty in blue suited herself at the piano and in a sweet, clear contralto sang an Italian a charming solo from Puccini's Bohème, the notable opera of that season.

Then, with the single diamond glittering at her throat, she came back to where I stood, and sinking into the cosy corner with its pretty hangings of velvet silk, she accepted my congratulations with a delicate grace, a charming dignity, and a grateful smile.

At last, however, the hour of parting came, and reluctantly—very reluctantly—I took her small hand, bent over it, and handed her into her carriage beside her mother.

"Good-night," she cried merrily, and next instant the fine pair of boys plunged away into the rainy night.

I returned into the hall, and my host helped me into my overcoat.

We were alone, for I had made my adieux to his wife and daughters.

"Well," he said very gravely as he gripped my hand prior to my departure, "we are old friends. Will you be so kind to say one word without taking offence at it?"

ILLS OF BABYHOOD AND OF CHILDHOOD

The ills of babyhood and childhood are many and may prove serious if not promptly cured. In homes where Baby's Own Tablets are kept there is a prompt cure at hand for such troubles as indigestion, sour stomach, colic, constipation, diarrhoea, worms, teething troubles and other minor ailments and the Tablets can be administered as safely to a new born baby as to the well grown child. Mrs. Octave Paulin, Caraque, N. B., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for both my little boy and girl for the various ailments of childhood and have found them always a splendid medicine. No mother should be without the Tablets in the home." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SLEEPING IN FACE OF ENEMY.

Uncontrollable Desire in Situations of Great Tension.

It is not an unknown thing for a soldier to fall asleep even when ostensibly taking an active part in an action, says the British Medical Journal. A case in point is supplied by an interesting communication from a London surgeon who served in South Africa. He writes:

Any one who has seen men in situations of great tension knows that some of them—in fact a small minority of them—may be overcome by an uncontrollable desire to sleep. It affects some men more than others. At Honning Spruit, June, 1900, the writer happened to be the only surgeon on the spot when Col. Bullock (now Gen. Bullock) was attacked for about nine hours by a Boer force double his own in numbers, better armed and assisted by artillery. We were without this invaluable assistance. The Boers failed to take the post.

During the attack the writer visited a trench in which one man was badly hit and another was lying, apparently dead, except that he had not the color of a man killed in action. The writer turned him over to get a better look at him and found the man had been sound asleep; and this was not the only case of sleeping that day.

Col. Bullock's force were called upon to repel an attack at about 7 a. m. on empty stomachs, were obliged to lie face downward in shallow trenches and endure the shell and rifle fire from all but invisible foes, and in the sun, after a sleepless night of travel in railway trucks, a few of them went to sleep. The main cause, the writer believes, was the tension of the situation in the absence of active physical exertion.

The writer felt the same desire for sleep, but active employment kept him awake. The wound, except the most severely wounded, soon succumbed to the beautiful action of this natural anaesthetic.

READY TO RISK IT.

Dinner was a little late, so a guest asked the hostess to play something. Seating herself at the piano, the lady executed a very classical composition with precision. She finished, and there was still an interval of waiting to be bridged.

In the silence she turned to an old gentleman, who was sitting near the piano, and said, "Would you like a sonata before dinner?"

He gave a start of surprise and pleasure.

"Why, yes, thanks," he said. "I had a couple on my way here, but I think I could take another."

EASY.

"Can any little boy," asked the new teacher, "tell me the difference between a lake and an ocean?"

"I can," replied Edward, whose version had been learned from experience. "Lakes are much pleasanter to swallow when you fall in."

in mud, where they had probably been thrown by robbers of some by-gone age, who plundered the tomb of the royal dead.

Engineers working at Shellai, in connection with the heightening of the great Nile dam below Philae, announce the discovery of a prehistoric cemetery. As in the case of the jewels found at Thebes, the public are excluded till it has been viewed by experts, but it is an open secret that the bodies found are those of a prehistoric people, who embalmed in a most primitive way, were small in stature, and so poor in worldly goods that they carried with them to their graves only a few pebble ornaments. Near to this cemetery a trench was discovered, in which were found the bodies of forty Roman soldiers, lying side by side, with their heads cut off.

Another prehistoric mummy, of the period of the one in the British Museum, was found at Thebes a few weeks ago, and will be sent to England before long.

9 YEARS BAD LEG HEALED BY ZAM-BUK.

Mr. C. Johnson, of Poplar Hill Creek, Athabasca Landing, Alta., says: "About nine years ago a running sore commenced on my right leg caused by a ruptured blood vessel. As time went on it got worse and my sufferings were intense. I had a very sore leg indeed, and had very small hopes of ever seeing it healed, in fact I was told by several who had known such sores that I would suffer with it for life. When I was almost in despair I heard of Zam-Buk and commenced using it. Other sores I had used caused me much suffering, but Zam-Buk soothed the pain, and as soon as the wound became clean it was only a matter of three or four days before it was healed."

Zam-Buk cures cuts, burns, pimples, ulcers, ringworm, and all skin diseases. All stores and druggists, 50c box, or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

ONE ADVANTAGE.

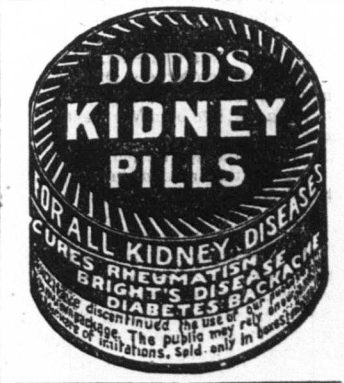
"I'm glad I'm not like man," remarks The oyster with a snicker. "I simply can't get in a broil As long as I am in liquor."

The strongest single animal thread known is a hair from the tail of a horse.

Mrs. N. Peck—"Sir! Before I married you I was used to having the best of everything." Mr. N. Peck—"And you do still, my dear. For when I proposed you said that I was everything to you, and ever since you've always got the best of me."

Holloway's Corn Cure is a specific for the removal of corns and warts. We have never heard of its failing to remove even the worst kind.

The house-surgeon of a big hospital was started one morning recently by the request of a young girl patient for an extra allowance of butter. "But why, pray?" he demanded, "don't you get sufficient?" "Well, sir," she explained, "you see, my sweetheart is coming to see me to-day, and I want my hair to look nice."



WANTED

Our readers to note that the celebrated French remedy, PANGO, which has been sold under a guarantee—that in cases where the outward application, as directed, fails to relieve pain, money paid will be refunded—still stands. In no case, notwithstanding the large and increasing sale, has a refund been asked for. Recommended for neuralgia, headache, rheumatism, gout, catarrhal colitis, stiff joints, etc. Ask your druggist for a sample and do not accept a substitute. You will be pleased with it. Price 25 and 50 cents.

The Pango Company, Toronto

or wholesale

Lyman, Knox & Clarkson, Limited, Toronto.

Lyman Bros. & Co., Montreal, Toronto.

FARMS FOR SALE.

"Arcola Farms and Moose Mountain Ranches. Farms strong, permanent and well located. Terms to suit any practical farmer. Improved farms \$15 to \$25 per acre. Ranches \$3.40 to \$6 per acre. Mortgages and Land Agreements for sale. The Cook Brothers, Arcola, Sask. Write to-day.

Improved Farm, 640 acres of splendid wheat land, a rich chocolate loam on a clay sub-soil. Sixteen miles from Warner, a thriving town on the A. R. & I. Co.'s road forty-eight miles south of Lethbridge, fifty acres cultivated, house of seven rooms, stable for eleven horses, all fenced and cross-fenced. Price \$17 per acre. Terms eight dollars cash and balance easy. Also unimproved land in selected districts at from eight to fifteen dollars per acre. If interested let me furnish you with full particulars. Average yield last year, 35 bushels wheat per acre. Not one bushel of frozen grain raised in the Lethbridge District.

T. E. PATTISON. Lethbridge, Alta.

AGENTS WANTED. A reliable man in every city and town in Canada with waterworks to sell a patent article needed in every home, hotel and public building. Sells at sight. Mustlers can and are making \$5.00 a day. Write at once for particulars. Geo. T. Cole, Owen Sound, Ontario.

WANTED
to hear from owner having
A GOOD FARM
for sale. Not particular about location. Please give price and description, and reason for selling. State when possession can be had. Will deal with owners only.
L. Darbyshire, Box 984, Rochester, N. Y.

THOUGHTFUL MAN.

A lady who is subject to heart disease took tea last Sunday with a neighbor, and while sitting at table her husband rushed in without a hat and in his shirt-sleeves.

"Be calm!" he exclaimed hurriedly to his wife; "don't excite yourself—you know you can't stand excitement, and it might be worse!"

"Good gracious!" cried the wife; "the children—"

"They're all right. Now, Mary, don't get excited; keep calm and cool. It can't be helped now; we must bear these visitations of Providence with philosophy."

"Then it's mother!" gasped the wife.

"Your mother's safe. Get on your thoughts, but don't hurry or worry. It's too late to be of any use, but I'll fly back and see what I can do. I only came to tell you not to get excited."

"For mercy saks," implored the almost fainting woman, "tell me the worst!"

"Well, if you will have it, the consequences be on you own head, Mary. I've tried to prepare you, and if you will know—don't excite yourself; try and keep calm—but our kitchen chimney's on fire, and all the neighbors are in our front garden!"

She survived.

A. J. PATTISON & CO.

Weekly Market Letter.

A. J. Pattison & Co. in their weekly news letter to clients, report as follows: The municipal Bond market has been more active during the week than for some time past. Large blocks of municipal Bonds have been taken up for investment to yield from 5 to 5½ per cent. The Stock market, both in Toronto and New York, has shown unusual activity and advances in prices for the higher class of dividend payers was in a number of cases substantial. Some of the changes were from 5 to 8 points. The evidence of returning confidence in general conditions and the unprecedented accumulation of money at financial centers are factors in these results. We look for temporary recessions, but feel that purchases of the better class of stocks can be profitably made. The mining stock market has experienced very marked activity in the developed properties. Trelhewey, Foster, Silver Leaf and Crown Reserve advanced from

HOUSES CATCH CONSUMPTION.

Become Saturated With Various Disease Germs.

The Paris municipal council has just made the alarming discovery that some hundreds of houses in the working-class districts of the city are smitten with consumption. This means that they are literally dwellings of death, since anybody inhabiting one of them for any length of time is practically certain to catch the complaint.

That buildings can become saturated with disease germs after this fashion has long been known to medical men. "Cancer-houses," for instance, were discovered by Mr. Semmes Smith in the Lincolnshire Fens, England, and elsewhere, which were literally eaten up with this most terrible of maladies. Another, instanced by Mr. D'Arcy Power, claimed as victims three tenants, who inhabited it one after another. It was then set light to by the landlord, and burnt all standing together with everything that it contained.

Plague, too, has been proved to infect certain dwellings after a like fashion. In one case, mentioned in a recent report of the Indian Commissioners, a large tenement house in Bombay was so badly diseased that it meant death to anyone rash enough to enter it. It was, therefore, boarded up, and remained empty for over a year. Then two families of vagrant beggars, numbering eleven persons in all, broke in, and took up their abode there without the knowledge of the authorities. Within a week not one of them was left alive.

Perhaps, however, the most extraordinary instance in point is afforded by the case of Amber, the ancient capital of Jeypore, which contracted leprosy so badly that no one would dwell within its walls who could help it, for fear of infection. So, eventually, Jey Sing, the then rajah, ordered a general exodus of all the inhabitants that were left alive.

The edict was duly carried out, and from that day to this the city has remained unpeopled, a prey to the loathsome disorder that recent experience has shown to still linger in its silent streets and deserted squares.

TIMELY ANNOUNCEMENT.

"Ah wish ter announce befoh de collexshun am taken up," said Parson Snowball, "dat Ah has totally convalesced from de cold dat Ah had las' week. Derfoh hit will not be necessary foh de congregashun ter put no moh cough lozengans in de contribushun box dis mawnin'."

The colony of Barbary apes on Gibraltar, the only one in Europe, is regarded as sacred, and none of the animals may be killed.

A Wide Sphere of Usefulness.—The consumption of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has grown to great proportions. Notwithstanding the fact that it has now been on the market for over thirty-one years, its prosperity is as great as ever, and the demand for it in that period has very greatly increased. It is beneficial in all countries, and wherever introduced fresh supplies are constantly asked for.

De Long—"I hear you are hunting for a rich wife." Shortleigh—"Right you are." De Long—"Bag anything?" Shortleigh—"Nothing but my trousers."

WEAK WATERY BLOOD causes much trouble. That tired feeling and many more symptoms follow in its wake. Try "Ferrovin." It is the best tonic to make you strong and well. All druggists sell it.

"That lady," said the new assistant, "wished to know if these eggs were fresh. How do I tell when eggs are not fresh?" "You don't," replied the grocer.

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch in human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

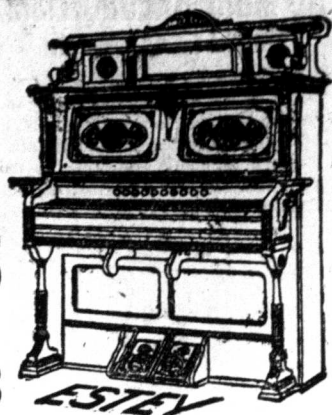
A Special Sale

—OF—

HIGH-CLASS ORGANS

—AT—

BARGAIN PRICES



Did you ever decide that if you purchased an organ, you would like any certain make of instrument? If so, you will probably find it on this list.

Every organ is an exceptionally good one and is priced away below usual selling values. An early order is advisable to secure the organ of your choice. Better send your second and third choices in case the first should be sold before your order is received.

TERMS OF PAYMENT—Organs under \$50—\$5 cash, and \$3 per month without interest. Organs over \$50—\$10 cash and \$4 per month without interest. A discount of 10% for cash.

TERMS OF SALE

Every organ fully guaranteed.
Every organ shipped subject to approval.
We pay the return freight if not fully satisfactory.
A handsome stool accompanies each organ.

- BELL—5-octave organ, by W. Bell & Co., Guelph, in attractive walnut case with music rack and lamp stands; has 10 stops, 2 sets of reeds in the treble and one in the bass, coupler and knee swell. Special Sale Price **\$39**
- DOMINION—5-octave organ, by the Dominion Co., Bowmanville, in solid walnut case with extended top; has 8 stops, 2 sets of reeds in the treble and one in the bass, lamp stands, 2 knee swells, etc. Special Sale Price **\$39**
- KARN—5-octave organ, by D. W. Karn & Co., Woodstock, in very handsome walnut case attractively carved and panelled; has lamp stands, music rack, 9 stops, 2 sets of reeds in the treble and one in the bass, couplers, 2 knee swells. Special Sale Price **\$45**
- DOHERTY—A very handsome 5-octave walnut organ, by W. Doherty & Co., Clinton; has 12 stops, 2 sets of reeds throughout, lamp stands, music rack, 2 couplers and 2 knee swells. Special Sale Price **\$47**
- DOMINION—A very handsome organ, by The Dominion Co., Exhibition model design of case, mirror, brackets and cupboard for music under the music desk; has 10 stops, 2 sets of reeds throughout, coupler and 2 knee swells. Special Sale Price **\$52**
- SHERLOCK-MANNING—A very beautiful 5-octave organ, by the Sherlock-Manning Co., London, with high back, attractively carved, with mirror; has 13 stops, 2 sets of reeds throughout, 2 couplers, 2 knee swells, mouse-proof pedals. Used less than six months. Special Sale Price **\$58**
- THOMAS—6-octave walnut piano-case organ, by The Thomas Organ Co., Woodstock, with mirror, rail top and fret-carved panels; has 11 stops, 2 sets of reeds throughout, 2 couplers, 2 knee swells. Special Sale Price **\$63**
- DOHERTY—6-octave piano-case organ, by The Doherty Co., Clinton, in ebonized case, with mirror top and lamp stands; has 11 stops, 2 sets of reeds throughout, couplers, 2 knee swells. Special Sale Price **\$73**
- BELL—6-octave piano-case organ, by W. Bell & Co., Guelph, in attractive walnut case with mirror, rail top and fret-carved panels; has 11 stops, 2 sets of reeds throughout, 2 couplers, 2 knee swells. Special Sale Price **\$83**
- DOMINION—6-octave piano-case organ, by The Dominion Organ Co., Bowmanville, in solid walnut case, with carved panels and mirror rail top; has full length music desk, lamp stands, mouse-proof pedals, etc.; has 11 stops, 2 sets of reeds throughout, 2 couplers, 2 knee swells. Cannot be told from new. Special Sale Price **\$88**
- THOMAS—6-octave piano-case organ, by The Thomas Organ Co., Woodstock, in handsome mahogany case with mirror, rail top and attractive marquetry design in the panels; has 12 stops including couplers, vox humana, etc., 2 complete sets of reeds, knee swells, mouse-proof pedals, etc. A slightly used instrument. Special Sale Price **\$97**
- SHERLOCK-MANNING—A very beautiful Sherlock-Manning organ in mahogany case, double veneered and piano finished throughout, with full length plain panels and music desk; has 13 stops, 2 sets of reeds throughout, 2 couplers, 2 knee swells, mouse-proof pedals, etc. Used less than a year. Special Sale Price **\$98**
- DOMINION—Six octave piano case organ, by The Dominion Organ Co., in handsome solid walnut case with mirror, rail top and full swing carved panel; has 11 stops, including couplers, vox humana, etc., 2 complete sets of reeds, mouse-proof pedals, special folding pedal cover, etc. Special Sale Price **\$94**
- ESTEV—Six octave piano case organ, by the Ester Organ Co., Brattleboro, Vt. This superb make of instrument, "the standard of the world in organ building," is in solid walnut case with carved panels, 11 stops, 2 sets of reeds throughout, 2 couplers, 2 knee swells. Used less than a year. Special Sale Price **105**

COURLAY, WINTER & LEEMING

188 YONGE STREET, TORONTO, ONT.

A. J. PATTISON & CO.

BANKERS,

33 Scott St., Toronto.

Phone, Main 1311

cial conditions and the unprecedented accumulation of money at financial centers are factors in these results. We look for temporary recessions, but feel that purchases of the better class of stocks can be profitably made. The mining stock market has experienced very marked activity in the developed properties. Trethewey, Foster, Silver Leaf and Crown Reserve advanced from 5 to 8 points on increasing shipments of ore.

Several of the most prominent mines have, for some time been making large and profitable shipments and it is expected that some of these will be placed on a dividend basis within a short time. Trethewey and Foster appear to be well managed and are making an excellent showing.

Following are the weekly shipments from Cobalt camp, and those from January 1st to date:

Week ending May 9th since January 1st

Buffalo 46,290, 563,810, Coniagas 380,910, Cobalt Lake 180,610, Crown Reserve 40,000, Cobalt Central 107,180, City of Cobalt 338,000, Drummond 92,340, Foster 69,800, 238,500, Kerr Lake 330,710, King Edward 127,240, La Rose 40,000, 1,901,652, McKinley 60,000, 1,183,900, Nipissing 122,240, 1,230,870, Nova Scotia 120,790, Nancy Helen 140,420, O'Brien 127,500, 1,763,070, Right of Way 60,470, 120,680, Provincial 143,210, Standard 39,730, Silver Queen 524,200, Silver Cliff 52,000, Silver Leaf 132,800, Townsite 85,100, Temiskaming 237,250, Temiskaming H. & B. 529,000, Trethewey 679,916, Watts 114,430.

Looking up from his magazine, an Essex farmer said vehemently to his wife one night: "Do you know what I'd have done if I had been Napoleon?" "Yes," the woman answered, "You'd have settled down in Corsica, and spent your life grumbling about bad luck and hard times."

Some time ago an office boy, answering the telephone for the first time in his life, and not knowing how to use it was told that, when the bell rang, he was to answer it. When, therefore, he heard it ring, he picked up the receiver and shouted: "Hello! Who's there?" The answer came back: "I'm one hundred and five." "Go on," said the boy. "It's time you were dead."

Pale, sickly children should use Mother Graves' Worm Extremator. Worms are one of the principal causes of suffering in children and should be expelled from the system.

Few men have their faces on banknotes, but most of us are satisfied if permitted to get our hands on them.

Old Gentleman—"Have you no family ties?" Willie—"Oh, yes, sir! Father makes me wear all his old ones!"

Cucumbers and melons are "forbidden fruit" to many persons so constituted that the least indulgence is followed by attacks of cholera, dysentery, griping, etc. These persons are not aware that they can indulge to their heart's content if they have on hand a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, a medicine that will give immediate relief, and is a sure cure for all summer summer complaints.

SLIGHT MISTAKE.

Jim was the village neer-do-well; always in some scrape or other, nothing daunted by repeated thrashings administered to him by his father. At the age of fourteen he ran away to sea, but was glad enough to return home again at the end of six months, having had a very rough time of it.

On the second day after his return, he was walking, or, rather, limping, through the village when he met the parson, who stopped him.

"Well, Jim," said the minister, "glad to see you've come back home. Did your father kill the 'fatted calf'?"

"No, sir," replied Jim, "but he very nearly killed the prodigal son."

wished to know if these eggs were fresh. How do I tell when eggs are not fresh?" "You don't," replied the grocer.

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch in human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

A certain judge, while passing through the scene of an election riot, had a large stone thrown at his head, but as he happened to be in a stooping posture at the time it passed over him. "You see," said he, addressing his friends afterwards, "that had I been an upright judge I might have been killed."

Not a Nauseating Pill.—The excipient of a pill is the substance which enfolds the ingredients and makes up the pill mass. That of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills is so compounded as to preserve their moisture, and they can be carried into any latitude without impairing their strength. Many pills, in order to keep them from adhering, are rolled in powders, which prove nauseating to the taste. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so prepared that they are agreeable to the most delicate.

It's easy for the defeated candidate who was promised the support of his friends to believe King David was right when he said "All men are liars."

SCALD HEAD is a disgusting and obstinate disease, frequent in children. Treatment: Perfect cleanliness and a generous application of Weaver's Cerate. Mothers will be glad to learn this.

"Why do so many of you go round playing together?" the schoolboy asked the leader of the German band. "It was safer," was the thoughtful reply of the music-loving foreigner.

Why not keep up your home with a bright cheery appearance. It makes everybody happy. It makes you happy. Ramsay's paints are happy paints. They make things clean and new and give longer life to the home. Ask your dealer show you the colors with suggestions how to do it. Write A. Ramsay & Son Co., Montreal, for pack of picture post cards of Homes.

Tommy—"Halloa, Jimmy, where are you going to in such a hurry?" Jimmy—"I'm going home." Tommy—"Something good going on there?" Jimmy—"Well, ma's going to spank me." Tommy (in surprise)—"But why are you in such a hurry?" Jimmy—"Because if I don't get home at once pa will be in, and he'll do it."

How to Cleanse the System.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of scientific study of the effects of extracts of certain roots and herbs upon the digestive organs. Their use has demonstrated in many instances that they regulate the action of the liver and the kidneys, purify the blood, and carry off all morbid accumulations from the system. They are easy to take, and their action is mild and beneficial.

It isn't the amount of money a man earns, but the amount he gets that counts.

A little girl had been allowed by her mother to visit the minister's family and stay for dinner. After the preacher had finished asking a blessing the child said: "That isn't the way my papa asks a blessing." "And how does your papa ask a blessing?" inquired the minister. "Why, he just says: 'Good Heavens! what a meal!'"

10c. The latest success.

Black Watch

The big black plug chewing tobacco.

2265

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Bonds yielding 4 to 6 1-2% always on hand in amounts to suit investors requirements,

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Correspondents—Chas. Head & Co., Members of New York and Boston stock exchanges.

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43x56 inch bed, cost \$2,500,

Will be Sold for \$400 Cash

In order to make room for larger and faster machines. It is in good running order, as it has just been thoroughly overhauled by a competent machinist.

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Steam Power, Heat, Electric Light

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Most Central Location. Four Large Freight Elevators.

S. Frank Wilson & Sons, 73-81 Adelaide St., West

SHE SQUINTED.

A schoolmistress asked a child what See-spell. The child hesitated. "What is it I do when I look at you?" said the teacher.

"Thiquint," replied the pupil.

FEATHER DYEING

Cleaning and Dyeing and Kid Gloves cleaned. They can be sent by post, 1c per oz. the best place is

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

MONTREAL

FREE BOOK

"HOW THE BANK WAS SAVED"

Tells how a young man saved the bank by a wise investment. Every stock buyer and investor should read this book. Not for sale. Sent free on request. Your name on a postal will bring it. Write to-day

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PETERBOROUGH CANADA
The Best and Cheapest Canoes, Skiffs, Launches Etc.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND GET OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING

AFRAID PLACE WOULD GO

Traveller Tells of the Fatal Tillsonburg Fire

A despatch from Toronto says: That there was no fire rope in the room he occupied in the Queen's Hotel, Tillsonburg, was the statement made on Thursday by W. T. A. Proctor, a travelling salesman for Austin & Co., of No. 60 Yonge street.

ONE FIRE ESCAPE.

"There was no rope in my room, No. 6 and the only fire escape was on the side of the hotel, running from the third to the second storey, then a drop to the street. People stood at their windows as long as they possibly could crying for help and seeking desperately a way down. Miss Gray stood that way for some time before she jumped. I think most of those that did jump had done so before I got out. I was waked up by hearing women screaming. My bedroom floor was hot as I stepped on it. The room was full of smoke, and I could hear the roar of the flame all around me.

ESCAPE CUT OFF.

"I grabbed my clothes and my grip, and got out in the hallway, thinking to get down the way I came, by the main stairs. But I could see this was impossible as the stairs were in flames. I groped round and finally struck the back stairs, carrying my trousers coat and other clothes and my grip. It seemed to me when I saw escape cut off by the main stairs that I was going to die right there, and it was not a nice thought at all. Halfway down the back stairs I fell the rest of the flight, and managed to reach the street. I saved my underclothing, but had dropped my trousers as I fell, and when I went back after them I found a portion of the charred cloth, including the pocket, which had contained \$60. I discovered a corner of the wad of money still there unburned. They say I can have them redeemed at the bank.

"A man that crawled to the roof says that Wheatley must have tried to escape and that he was not in his room when the roof fell. He heard someone coughing underneath him, and he thinks it was Wheatley.

"Besides my trousers I lost a \$50 gold watch and a number of personal trinkets.

GOOD WORK OF VOLUNTEERS.

"The volunteer fire force did great work. They had ten men at work with five steams of hose, and the pressure was so good they sent the water right over the building. They got their ladders up quickly too, and saved a number that way. I saw two of them standing on the upper balcony on the hotel front, with the flames creeping around their feet, while a third was throwing pails of water on the fire to keep it down, so that the two men could play the hose in through the top window.

"The people in the inside rooms had an awful time. The fire was burning in a square circle in the centre of the building, and this fact prevented any from penetrating through it to reach the stairs.

"Several people used the fire escapes on the side. Mr. Malone was one, and a woman also got down that way.

HAD A PRESENTMENT.

"I must have had some presentiment of the fire, for the night before I had a local jeweller there who came to see my samples. I opened one trunk and took out a cutlery tray, and then I said, 'No, I won't open any more here to-night. This old fire-trap might go at any minute.' I arranged to show him the rest in the morning.

"I saw a man, whose name I won't tell, climb back up a ladder down which he had escaped, after his stick pin. His room was in the back, where the fire was not so hot. Not content with this, he made the journey again, after his tooth brush.

IN PANIC OVER SOCKS.

"Another man was running around excitedly, declaring that he had lost his socks in the fire, and asking for the proprietor, saying some one must pay for them.

"You can't say too much for the firemen. They stuck to their work with flames dropping all around them, and they went through the building to King for Wheatley, when it was dangerous to do so.

"That morning they tell me only one of the employees of the steel plant showed up at work, and Tillson's hadn't a man show up. Every one was at the fire."

sparkle brass buttons. However, it is adapted only to those uncanny children who are careful of their clothes.

A walking suit may mean a close fitting cloth cutaway with a trotter skirt in ankle length, or it may mean a directoire coat of Shantung with a skirt that sweeps the floor by several inches, and with unatashed assurance the Parisienne will inform you that both skirts are short.

Bands that suggest the tunic are more practical for walking skirts than the tunic draperies that are seen at their best in the soft materials of house gowns and evening dresses. The line of trimming that is most generally becoming dips towards the front and rises on the sides, giving a slight forward movement.

The designers of children's clothes adhere to simplicity in style and the makers try to avoid the mistake of over-trimming. They are made dainty, with hand run tucks, brier stitched or fagoted bands, insets of fine lace, or sprays of embroidery, but the embroidery and lace should be used in small quantities and suggest the idea of finish.

One of the most beautiful white serge gowns has a directoire coat with lapels and cuffs of lavender silk. The skirt is

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, May 26.—Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.16; No. 2, \$1.13; No. 3, \$1.08; feed, practically none offering, nominal quotations are 70c, No. 2 feed 65c, Georgian Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white, 94c to 95c outside; No. 2 red, 64c outside; No. 2 mixed, 93c to 94c; goose, 90c.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, nominal at 80c, Toronto freight; No. 3 mixed, 1c less.

Flour—Manitoba patents, special brands, \$6.00 seconds, \$5.40; strong bakers', \$5.30; winter wheat patents, \$3.50.

Barley—No. 2, 55c to 60c outside.

Peas—No. 2, 92c to 94c, outside.

Rye—No. 2 scarce and wanted, 88c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 64½c to 65c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 49c to 50c outside; No. 2 mixed, 47½c outside.

Bran—\$24.50 to \$25 here.

Shorts—\$25 at the mills.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Wholesale quotations are:—Eggs—New-laid, 17c to 18c. Butter—Prices are lower, and further declines are expected.

Creamery prints 26c to 27c

do solids 24c to 25c

Dairy prints 23c to 24c

do large rolls 21c to 22c

Inferior 18c to 19c

Honey—Strained steady at 11c to 12c per pound for 60-pound pails, and 12c to 13c for 5 to 10-pound pails. Combs at \$1.75 to \$2.50 per dozen.

Potatoes—Ontario, 90c; Delaware, \$1, in car lots on track here.

Cheese—Firm; 14c for large and 14½c for twins, in job lots here; new make, 12c for large and 12½c for twins.

Beans—\$1.85 to \$1.90 for primes, and \$1.95 to \$2 for hand-picked.

Maple Syrup—\$1 to \$1.10 per gallon.

Baled Straw—\$8 to \$9 per ton

Baled Hay—Timothy is quoted at \$12 to \$14, in car lots on tracks here.

PROVISIONS.

Pork—Short cut, \$21 to \$21.50 per barrel; mess, \$17.50 to \$18.

Lard—Tierces, 11½c; tubs, 11½c; pails, 12c

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 10½c, tons and cases; hams, medium and light, 12c to 13½c; hams, large, 11½c to 12c; backs, 16c to 16½c; shoulders, 9½c to 10c; rolls, 10c to 10½c; breakfast bacon, 14c to 15c; green meats, out of pickle, 1c less than smoked

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, May 26.—Flour—Manitoba spring wheat patents, \$6.10 to \$6.20; second patents, \$5.50 to \$5.70; winter wheat patents, \$5.25 to \$5.75; straight rollers, \$4.50 to \$5; in bags, \$2.15 to \$2.25; extra, \$1.50 to \$1.90.

Rolled Oats—\$2.75, in bags of 90 pounds.

Oats—No. 2, 51½c to 52½c; No. 3, 49c to 50c; No. 4, 47c to 48c; rejected, 45c to 46c; Manitoba rejected, 50c; North Bay.

Cornmeal—\$1.60 to \$1.70 per bag.

Milled—Ontario bran, in bags, \$23 to \$23.50; shorts, \$25 to \$26; Manitoba bran, in bags, \$23; shorts, \$25 to \$26.

Cheese—Receipts of cheese to-day were 4,850 boxes, as compared with 4,555 boxes for the same date last year.

Butter—Local market is dull and weak, with western quoted at 11½c and easterns at 11½c.

Eggs—Fair trade is reported in selected stock at 19c; No. 1, 17½c and No. 2 16c per dozen.

Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, \$22.50; half barrels, \$11.50; clear fat

YOUNG FOLKS

JIMMIE'S LIFE-LINE.

One fine, bright morning the Fairport boys, who were waiting at the end of Peterson's wharf for Lawrence Dike, were surprised to see him coming with a new boy, a stranger to all of them.

"It must be his cousin from the West," said Johnnie Oliver. "He said his cousin was coming this week to spend the rest of the summer."

Johnnie was right. The new boy, Jimmie Jalmer, was Larry's cousin, who lived in a small town in the West, and had never seen the ocean, or any other large body of water, till now. He was rather small, with slender arms and legs, and did not look as if he could do much; but he looked good-natured and full of fun, and the other boys decided that he was going to be all right and a good fellow.

This morning they were all going in a big dory over to Bayley's clam-flats. To Jimmie everything was new and delightful. He kept snuffing the fresh salt air and looking out across the bay, and by and by he made everybody laugh by saying, "My! I didn't know there was so much water anywhere in the world—all in one bunch!"

That was not the only laugh the other boys had at Jimmie's ignorance. When they reached the clam-flats, and all took off their shoes and stockings and waded in the mud, Jimmie slipped overboard with the rest, and then gave a yell and started to run toward the shore. He thought he was going to sink over his head, and was terribly frightened. And when he began to run, his feet stuck in the soft mud and he fell down, flat on his face. The other boys helped him up, and brushed off the mud as well as they could, and he got well laughed at. But when he found how foolish he had been, and that there was really no danger, he laughed as loudly as any of them.

It was a day full of surprises for Jimmie. He cut his foot on a clam-shell, and got one of his fingers badly nipped by a crab which he found later on, on the beach. And on the way home, when he wanted to row, and the boys let him try it, he "caught a crab," and when his oar came out of the water, fell over in the boat, flat on his back.

All this was great fun to the rest of the boys, and Jimmie himself did not seem to mind it much; but when it was learned that Jimmie could not swim, it was different. In Fairport every boy learned to swim almost as soon as he could walk, and by the time they were eight or nine years old all of them could float, do "dog-paddle" and overboard, and dive and bring up pebbles. It began to be thought that perhaps Jimmie was a sort of "backward," and that made him feel very badly, and also made his cousin Lawrence, in some degree, ashamed for him.

But it was not long before something happened which made them change their minds. The boys were all in swimming one hot afternoon at the end of the wharf. One after another they had slipped off their clothes and pried them up on the string-piece of the wharf, and then with a glad shout had leaped like big white frogs, head first, into the cool, deep water. At last Jimmie was the only one left on the wharf. He sat there gloomily, watching his playmates diving and splashing below him, and wishing that he could share the fun, but he was afraid he could never learn to swim. He had tried and tried, in shallow water, but succeeded only in getting his nose and eyes and mouth full of water, and then becoming frightened and sinking.

Now as Jimmie watched the other boys he saw that Arthur Holmes was acting strangely. His face looked very white, and his breath was coming in little short gasps. He had turned toward the wharf and was swimming in, or trying to. He looked up at Jimmie and tried to call out something, but with the shouts of the other boys, Jimmie could not make out

Fashion Hints.

FADS AND FANCIES.

Silk muslin gowns show cloth hems. The new petticoat is a mere ruffle buttoned to the corset.

Filigree is not admitted to the decorated scheme of parasols.

Some smart princess gowns simulate the tunic by means of a tuck.

White pique suits are trimmed on the skirt with bands of colored linen.

Smart colored effects are this year obtained in the dotted Swisses.

Straw colorings, pongee shades, and other light tones are much sought in cotton stuffs.

The new rose red is being made up with touches of black at the belt and neck.

Bands of dotted Swiss threaded with ribbon make a pretty finish for night-gowns.

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The new rose red is being made up with touches of black at the belt and neck.

Bands of dotted Swiss threaded with ribbon make a pretty finish for night-gowns.

Dyed lace made over chiffon of a light or shade is sometimes seen on some smart new blouses.

Many of the new princess gowns are made with a princess slip, but deny the fact by belt or sash.

The sleeveless coat in silk, lace embroidered net, or what one will be to be a picturesque feature.

The heavy fllet laces gain constantly in popularity and have quite superseded the Irish and Venise.

The idea of braiding an entire coat of a dark color with white or biscuit soutache is popular in Paris.

Green is favored in gown trimmings this year and lingerie dresses are embroidered in its delicate shades.

Long sleeves are making gradual headway and it is advisable to have a few summer dresses made with them.

Cluny lace, the color of the dot, is combined with the Swiss and the dress is worn over a slip of self-color or white.

The skirt with the plain, close fitting top but flaring at the lower part continues to grow in favor. It is sometimes trimmed with a wide fold, but just as often it is plain.

Pretty and new are the jabots made of fine plaited lawn with a colored hemstitch like a handkerchief, of course, in washing fibres. They are black and white, with pale blue, mauve, and yellow edging.

The management of the Grecian draperies, especially in the skirts, is adroit. They are wonderfully plastic when well handled and lend themselves admirably to the concealment of bald points and the emphasizing of good ones.

The summit of juvenile jauntiness is reached by a reser of snowy white serge to which is attached a sailor collar of dark blue serge and on which

fagoted bands, insets of fine lace, or sprays of embroidery, but the embroidery and lace should be used in small quantities and suggest the idea of finish.

One of the most beautiful white serge gowns has a directoire coat with lapels and cuffs of avander silk. The skirt is fitted up high above the waist in a way revealed by the coat, and in the front are two tiny flaps piped with lavender. The front gore is outlined by lavender piping and small tuks, commencing at the hips, and are continued for a distance down the skirt.

SERIOUS FLOOD IN QUEBEC.

Breaking of an Old Dam Puts Two Villages Under Water.

A despatch from Montreal says: News was received here on Wednesday of a most extraordinary flood at Carillon, Que., and Point Fortune, Que., which has been caused by the breaking of the old canal dam at Carillon, by the high water from the Ottawa River. Both these villages are inundated and great damage has been done to hotels, stores and residences. The lighting plant at Carillon, which supplies light to neighboring villages, has been put out of business and all will be in darkness for some time.

GOOD CROP PROSPECTS.

Beneficial Rains Have Been Falling in Manitoba.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Reports from all parts of the grain district of the Canadian Northwest show timely rains for the past 24 hours. While it was a cold rain in some districts, agricultural interests regard the situation generally as very satisfactory. Seeding is complete and the moisture has been evenly distributed through the season. Crop prospects in Western Canada were never more flattering, with a largely increased acreage.

Butter—Local market is dull and weak, with western quoted at 11½¢ and eastern at 11½¢.

Eggs—Fair trade is reported in selected stock at 19¢; No. 1, 17½¢ and No. 2 16¢ per dozen.

Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, \$22.50; half barrels, \$11.50; clear fat backs, \$23; dry salt long clear backs, 11¢; barrels plate beef, \$17.50; half barrels do., \$9; compound lard, 8½¢ to 9½¢; pure lard, 12½¢ to 13¢; kettle rendered, 13¢ to 13½¢; hams, 12½¢ to 14¢, according to size; breakfast bacon, 11¢, according to size; breakfast bacon, 14¢ to 15¢; Windsor bacon, 15¢ to 16¢; fresh-killed alator-dressed hogs, \$9.50; live, \$6.60 to \$6.75.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, May 26. — Wheat — Spring higher; No. 1 Northern, \$1.07½; carloads; No. 2 red, \$1.02; Winter easy. Corn—Higher; No. 2 white, 80¢; No. 2 yellow, 80½¢. Oats—Easier; No. 2 mixed, 52¢; No. 2 white, 51½¢. Barley—75 to 85¢. Rye—No. 1 on track, 90¢.

Minneapolis, May 26.—Wheat—May, \$1.05½; July, \$1.04½ to \$1.04½; Sept., 99½¢; No. 1 hard, \$1.08½ to \$1.09½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.07½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.04½ to \$1.05½; No. 3 Northern, 98 to 98½¢. Flour—First patents, \$5.45 to \$5.60; second patents, \$5.30 to \$5.45; first clears, \$4.25 to \$4.35; second clears, \$3.55 to \$3.65. Bran—In bulk, \$21.75 to \$22.

Milwaukee, May 26.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.10 to \$1.11; No. 2 Northern, \$1.08 to \$1.09½; July, 89½¢ asked. Rye—No. 1, 84 to 84½¢. Barley—No. 2, 75¢; sample, 60 to 60½¢. Corn—No. 3, cash, 75 to 76½¢; July, 66½¢ bid.

Duluth, May 26.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.09½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.07½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.04½; May, \$1.04½; Sept., \$1.01½.

New York, May 26.—Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red, \$1.05 elevator; No. 2 red, 99½¢; late July, f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, \$1.13½ f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, \$1.12½ f.o.b. afloat.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto May 21.—The more abundant supplies of cattle which have been brought forward of late have had the effect of weakening the values.

Hardly four loads of choice export cattle were brought forward. Their prices ranged from \$5.50 to \$6 per cwt.

Picked butchers' cattle were selling up to \$5.90 per cwt. Straight loads of choice cattle were worth \$5.20 to \$5.50 per cwt. Medium butchers' cattle sold around \$4.05 to \$5.10. In cows \$3 to \$5 was the range for common to the best.

A few stockers were offered on an active demand. Some of the heavier ones brought \$4.35 per cwt. The range was \$3 to \$4.35.

A steadily demand was reported for choice milk cows. The range for the best class was \$40 to \$60 per cwt. Common cows were not much wanted.

Prospects are for lower prices in lambs and sheep. Export ewes, \$4.75 to \$5.50; bucks and culls, \$3.50 to \$4.50; grain-fed lambs, \$7 to \$7.50; common lambs, \$5 to \$6 per cwt. Spring lambs were worth \$3 to \$6.75 each.

Select hogs were sold at \$6 per cwt. off cars, Toronto, and lights and fats at \$5.75 per cwt.

SAVING BOY FROM CIGARETTE.

Government Bill Introduced in the Commons.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Hon. Mr. Aylesworth gives notice of a bill "To restrain the use of tobacco by young persons." Its object is to prevent the sale of cigarettes to boys under 16, and it will provide that any person making such sale shall be liable to a fine of \$10 for the first offence and of higher penalties for subsequent offences. The police will be given power to confiscate any cigarettes found in the possession of any boy under 16. Such boys will be fined \$1 for the first offence, \$3 for a second, and \$4 for a third and subsequent offences.

he saw that Arthur Holmes was acting strangely. His face looked very white, and his breath was coming in little short gasps. He had turned toward the wharf and was swimming in, or trying to. He looked up at Jimmie and tried to call out something, but with the shouts of the other boys, Jimmie could not make out what it was.

Then the other boys saw, too, but instead of doing anything, they began to laugh. "Look at Art!" one of them cried. "Isn't he doing it great!" They thought he was trying to make believe drown, to fool Jimmie; and Jimmie had had so many tricks played on him that for a moment he thought so, too.

But by this time Arthur had reached the piling on which the wharf stood, and made a grasp for one of the posts. He clasped his arms about it and tried to climb up, but it was covered with the green slime left by the tide, and was so slippery that not even a cat could have clung to it, and slowly he slipped back, and with a painful cry sank out of sight. All the other boys thought it was only a joke, but Jimmie had seen Arthur's frightened eyes, and quick as a flash he acted. He saw at a glance that there was not a thing on the wharf that could help him except the boys' clothes. With one grab he seized two shirts, knotted the sleeves together, and dropped the dangling end of one of the other sleeves down the side of the wharf. Arthur had come up again, and was trying to cling to the slippery post. By lying on his stomach Jimmie could just reach him with the shirt-sleeve, but he saw that the line would be too short to do more than hold the drowning boy up for a few minutes. So, still lying on his stomach, and holding to the shirt with one hand, he reached for another shirt with his other hand, and wriggled along until he seized it. Then with his teeth and his free hand, he tied that shirt to the others.

He could now stand up, and with the lifeline in his hands, and crying to Arthur not to be scared, and to hold on tight, he walked along the edge of the wharf, toward the shore, towing Arthur with him, until the water was shallow enough for Arthur to touch bottom.

The other boys had seen by this time that Arthur was not fooling, but had been seized by cramps, and they had come swimming in to help. But the rescue was all over by the time they got ashore.

It was a pretty sober group of boys that went along, helping Arthur to his home; and when old Capt. Alexander Bowers heard what Jimmie had done he patted him on the shoulder and said, "You are nobody's fool, my boy, even if you didn't smell salt water till this summer. A cool, quick head is sometimes better than a strong body." And little Jimmie was satisfied. — Youth's Companion.

MRS. GUINNESS' TEETH.

A despatch from South Norfolk, Conn., ly Identified.

A despatch from Laporte, Ind., says: The upper and lower plates of artificial teeth from the mouth of Mrs. Belle Guinness were found on Tuesday in the ashes of the Guinness' home. "This proves beyond the shadow of a doubt," said Sheriff Smutzer, "that Mrs. Guinness was burned to death in the fire." Dr. I. P. Norton, who made the lower plate, positively identified it. He also identified the lower plate, having frequently seen it, although it was made before he became Mrs. Guinness' dentist. The issuing of a certificate of death of Jennie Olsen and the turning over of the body by Coroner Mack to her relatives in Chicago puts the official stamp of identification upon one of the bodies found at the Guinness farm regarding which there has been much controversy.

NEW TREATY WITH BRITAIN.

Provides for Exchange of Prisoners Salvage and Wreckage.

A despatch from Washington says: Acting Secretary of State Bacon and Ambassador Bryce, of Great Britain, on Monday signed a treaty which provides regulations for the exchange of prisoners and for salvage and wreckage.

AN ATTEMPTED MURDER

Desperate Attack With Club Interrupted By a Neighbor.

A despatch from Brockville says: A nuderous assault was made on Wednesday upon Robert Stewart, a 70-year-old farmer, living on the second concession Elizabethtown, near Brockville, by a young man giving the name of McCormick, who had been in Stewart's employ as a farm hand for the past week. The two men started for the fields, and, according to the story told by Stewart, there was no provocation for the crime. They were working away, when McCormick suddenly approached from behind with a club, striking Stewart over the head as he stooped to adjust a seeder. The blow somewhat dazed him, but he turned and faced his assailant, who dealt blow after blow, Stewart protecting himself as best he could with his hands and arms, which show evidence of the combat, for they are battered and bruised.

Murder would have undoubtedly been committed had not the assault been witnessed by a neighboring farmer named Kingstone. On seeing him approach McCormick beat a hasty retreat into the woods.

Stewart was covered with blood from head to foot, but never lost consciousness. He was removed to the hospital here, where he lies in a critical condition with four scalp wounds, four cut into the bone and some fully three inches long. It is feared there is also a fracture of the skull.

Stewart says the man carried the club under his coat and that it was banded

with a cloth. When he fled he took the club, but in the struggle the cloth came off and it was found close by saturated with blood. The deed was evidently planned, as the man had taken the precaution to tie the farmer's faithful collie to the fence. It is thought that McCormick had robbery as his chief object, as he was aware that the day before Stewart had received considerable money on a big sale of hogs.

It turns out that McCormick's real name is James Young, and is the son of a former resident of Brockville now living in Oswego, N.Y. He recently returned here after serving several years in the Elmira Reformatory for train wrecking near Ogdensburg and was released on parole.

After an exchange of three days, in which a large section of Leeds County and a part of the State of New York was covered, the police, on Friday, succeeded in capturing James Young, the farm hand who made a murderous assault on Robert Stewart, his employer, on Tuesday last in his mother's house.

He made a stout resistance, and when overcome remarked that were he in the possession of his two revolvers he would have shot the constable.

He appeared before Magistrate Deacon and was remanded for a week.

The victim of the assault to-day made an ante-mortem statement to the Crown Attorney, as he is in a critical condition.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraph Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

The steamer *Montrose* ran into the wharf at Quebec, on Wednesday, doing considerable damage.

Maurice Hill, a young Englishman, committed suicide near Indian Head, Sask., by shooting.

Emmerson Bennis was killed by a mass of clay falling upon him at Bell's brick-yards, Toronto.

The Dominion Railway Board, hearing evidence on behalf of a viaduct for Toronto, adjourned till June 4.

Bishop McEvay of London, Ont., has been appointed Archbishop of Toronto.

There is talk of a great struggle between the C. P. R. and the mechanical unions.

The steamer *Calvin* carried away three gates in the Welland Canal, and traffic there is suspended for repairs.

William O'Connor was sentenced to seven years at the Hamilton Assizes for assaulting and robbing a woman.

Zarossi, the Italian banker, charged with swindling in Montreal, has been arrested in Mexico City, and steps will be taken to extradite him.

James Young, the hired man who assaulted Mr. Robt. Stewart with a club, near Brockville, was arrested near his mother's house, after three days' chase by the constables.

F. B. Deacon was acquitted at Stamford of a charge of stealing a note for \$1,000, on the ground of an error in bookkeeping.

Hon. A. B. Aylesworth has given notice of an amendment to the criminal code to increase the penalty for selling cigarettes to minors.

UNITED STATES.

Five persons were killed by a tornado in Kansas and Iowa, on Thursday.

W. H. Marsh, the wealthy Brooklyn manufacturer who died of hydrophobia, was a Canadian.

The suspension of the Allegheny National Bank leaves the City of Pittsburgh practically without funds.

Seven young people were drowned while on a moonlight excursion at Clarendon, Arkansas, on Wednesday.

Rev. S. A. Coffman, a prominent Methodist minister of Fairmount, W. Va., killed his wife on Wednesday while he was temporarily insane.

George Steery, an aged millionaire drug exporter, was shot by his son at New York because he intended marrying a young Brooklyn school teacher.

Dr. O'Brien of the State Hospital at Massillon, Ohio, claims to have discovered the *paratyphoid bacillus* and to have been successful in treating the disease.

A Grand Jury at Laporte, Ind., has returned seven indictments, five of them charging murder, against Ray Lamp-bert, Mrs. Guinness' hired man.

Helley J. Gardner, formerly connected with the Royal Bank of Canada, has been arrested at Providence, R. I., charged with stealing 13,000 shares of Bay State gas stock at Boston.

GREAT BRITAIN.

As a result of recent disasters night manoeuvres will be discontinued in the navy.

The British steamer *Latona* collided off the Lizard with the *Japanese*, on Wednesday, and went down.

Dr. Newton Friend, a reputable Suffolk physician, vouches for a cure of rheumatism by bee stings.

Six militant suffragists who were demonstrating in front of Mr. Asquith's residence in London, on Thursday, were arrested and sent to prison.

The Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company has voted to increase its capital to £750,000 by the issue of £250,000 preference stock.

LOSSES BY ONTARIO FIRMS.

Much Produce Went Down with Thomson Liner.

A despatch from London says: The Thomson Line steamer *Latona*, which left Montreal on May 8th for London, and was sunk off the Lizard in collision with the British steamer *Japanese*, bound for Montevideo, carried a very valuable cargo of farm produce, mostly from Ontario.

The *Latona* was only three years old, and one of the finest freight boats afloat. She had a refrigerator plant which could give a temperature of 17 below zero. She was valued at \$750,000, and her cargo, which is also a loss, was worth \$340,000.

Besides butter and eggs, the *Latona* carried 18,000 boxes of cheese from C. W. Riley, and Co., of Ingersoll, and T. Ballantyne and Son, Stratford, also cheese in crock from the McLaren's Imperial Cheese Company.

The Davies Packing Company had a large consignment of meat on board, as did also the Matthews Company, of Brantford and Peterboro; the Ingersoll Packing Company, the Whyte Packing Company, of Stratford; the Canadian Packing Company, of London, and the Fearman Company, of Hamilton.

The Canadian Cannery lost a large shipment of canned goods.

The vessel and cargo are said to have been fully insured.

The principal Ontario meat packers lost 798 packages of meat. Ontario shippers were losers in cheese, peas, tea, lawn mowers, lumber and doors.

Gordon and Ironsides were shippers of all the cattle.

WELL EQUIPPED FOR BISLEY.

Pointed Bullets and Re-barrelled Rifles for Canadian Team.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Dominion Rifle Association has ordered a supply of pointed bullets for the Bisley Olympic team. The team is all equipped with Lee-Enfield rifles, newly re-barrelled and tested. The association is thus doing everything it can to place the team in as good a position as possible for the great shooting matches in competition with teams from all parts of the world. The Sutherland Sign Co. has donated 20 aperture sights, of the latest model, to the team, and as aperture, or peep sights are allowed both at the Olympic games and at the Bisley meet, these will be the sights used by the Canadians.

105 FATAL ACCIDENTS.

Returns for April Show 289 More People Injured.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Industrial accidents occurring to 289 individuals work people of Canada during the month of April, 1908, were reported to the Department of Labor. Of these 105 were fatal, and 184 resulted in serious injuries. In addition, five fatal accidents were reported as having taken place prior to the beginning of the month, information not having been received by the department before April, 1908. The number of fatal accidents reported in April, 1908, was 24 more than in the previous month, and one less than in April, 1907.

NOT ALLOWED TO LAND.

64 Galician Immigrants to Quebec Had Not Enough Money.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Steamship *Montrose*, which arrived at Quebec on May 20, had as passengers 64 Galicians looked to Toronto, Montreal, Ottawa and other cities.

They did not have on them the amount of money prescribed by the regulations of the Immigration Department, namely, \$25, and were refused admission to Canada.

SIXTY WERE KILLED.

Pilgrims Ground to Death in Belgian Train Wreck.

KING WILL VISIT THE CZAR

Two Monarchs Will Meet at Reval, in the Gulf of Finland.

A despatch from London says: King Edward will spend a week shortly with the Emperor and Empress of Russia. It is expected that his Majesty will embark on the royal yacht at Portsmouth on May 29, at the conclusion of President Fallieres' visit to London. The meeting of the two Monarchs will take place at Reval, in the Gulf of Finland, where King Edward will arrive on June 9th on board the royal yacht *Victoria* and Albert, and escorted by two cruisers. Diplomats are greatly interested

in this meeting, which, it is expected, will further strengthen the relations between Great Britain and Russia that have been so much improved by the conclusion of the Anglo-Russian agreement. This will be the first meeting of King Edward and the Czar since the King's accession. It is understood, however, that had it not been for the Russo-Japanese war and the subsequent international troubles of Russia this meeting between the two rulers would have been arranged much earlier in King Edward's reign.

THE DEADLY BUTTERCUP

There Is Cancer In It, Says a Philadelphia Physician.

A despatch from Philadelphia says: Dr. W. W. Chalfant, whose declaration that many cases of measles are due to a poison contained in the common field buttercups attracted considerable attention, is out with another statement in arraignment of the flower.

He now accuses it of being the cause of cancer. "The active poisons in the buttercup," says Dr. Chalfant, "are substances which produce inflammation at contact, and when taken internally may cause inflammation of the stomach and

convulsions, and frequently death. The poison is transferred also in milk and meat."

The familiar and to many persons disagreeable smell of mutton is, he asserts, a distinctly cancerous smell. He states that he has produced conditions similar to those of cancer by rubbing healthy flesh with buttercups, and declares that in all probability the disease has its origin in the meat or milk of animals which eat the flowers. He urges the destruction of the bloom.

HEALTH

EXERCISE FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Children whether boys or girls need no particular instruction regarding exercise. The natural mobility and restlessness of the young animal suffice to give exercise enough to all parts of the body. But when the little girl gets along into her teens and begins to feel her dignity, she no longer cares to romp, and carefully restrains whatever impulse she may have to rapid movements lest she be thought a tomboy. It is then that she needs physical instruction and guidance in order to preserve her health during the remaining years of exacting school life and to lay a good physical foundation to serve her through after years.

In the school or college the gymnasium provides a variety of exercises some of them very useful but the best form of exercise and the easiest and most convenient to practise is walking. There is indeed nothing to equal it as an all-round exercise, not only for girls and young women, but for persons of all ages and conditions.

In the first place, walking can be adapted to the needs and capabilities of every one, and can be varied from the most gentle form of muscular exercise to one of the most violent; from the slow, quiet stroll to the breath-taking heel-and-toe stride at a five-mile-an-hour gait. The delicate and the robust can therefore profit equally by this exercise.

Another advantage, and this is most important, is that the walking is done in

ly?" If you do, you are one of thousands. And yet, don't you know that getting tired easily is just of itself a disease? It shows a letting down of the vital forces that requires attention and toning up.

You need, first of all, more rest, not necessarily more hours of sleep at nights but little half hours of rest snatched here and there in your hours of work. And by rest isn't meant simply the physician's rest that comes from lying down. Don't lie down to think over your plans for economy, or for entertaining, or for any thing else.

When you lie down to rest shut your eyes and stop thinking. Ten minutes of this is better than an hour of the other. Then you need more food probably. No more food at meals necessarily, but food taken oftener.

Instead of waiting until luncheon take a cup of beef tea during the forenoon. In the afternoon take a glass of milk and a biscuit, if that agrees with you. And then get a little fresh air every day. And get it in the exercise of walking if you can.

THREE COACHES LEFT RAILS.

C. N. R. Flyer Wrecked Near Winnipeg—Fireman Injured.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The Canadian Northern "Flyer" which left here on Tuesday night for Minneapolis and St. Paul, was wrecked at Carleton Station, 15 miles south of here. The tender of the engine left the rails first throwing the engine on its side. Three coaches left the rails, the express, mail and baggage cars, and second-class coach. Fireman McBride was injured about the shoulders and back. The passengers escaped with only a bad shai

...from...
rheumatism by leg stings.

Six militant suffragists who were demonstrating in front of Mr. Asquith's residence in London, on Thursday, were arrested and sent to prison.

The Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company has voted to increase its capital to £750,000 by the issue of £250,000 preference stock.

King Edward has withdrawn his executor, granted in 1907 to John H. Shirley, United States Consul at Charlotte-town, P.E.I.

GENERAL.

The Swiss Government is trying to banish asbuth.

Serphino, a Russian gardener, grows black roses.

Cholera is rampant among the British forces on the Indian frontier.

Five thousand gendarmes will be scattered throughout Corea to preserve order.

The Chinese rebels in Yunnan province have captured a railway and defeated Government troops.

The Mohmands lost two hundred men in a fierce battle with the British forces in northern India.

The Pope refuses to let French priests take pensions under the Church devolution law, and many millions of dollars will go in default to public charities.

Prof. Theodore Davis announces the discovery in Egypt of the tomb of Horemheb, the last king of the 18th dynasty, after cutting through 300 feet of rock and finding that robbers had looted the tombs 3,500 years ago.

EARTHQUAKE CAUSED FIRE.

Insurance Companies Win Suit Over Kingston Disaster.

A despatch from London says: The question whether the fire which partially destroyed the city of Kingston, Jamaica, in January of 1907 broke out before or after the earthquake was decided in the King's Bench division on Wednesday night in favor of the insurance companies interested in the losses incurred. The insurance companies claimed that the earthquake caused the fires, and that consequently they were protected from the claims for damages under the earthquake exemption clause in their policies. The present test case was brought by a Manchester firm against the London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Co. It had occupied the attention of the court for the best part of a month. Many witnesses were brought from Jamaica, and leading counsel were engaged by both sides.

WHAT CHINAMEN PAY.

Half of Nearly \$700,000 Goes to Province of British Columbia.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The poll tax of \$500 on each Chinese immigrant into Canada brought the Federal Treasury last year no less a sum than \$690,000. The total arrivals of Chinese were 1,380, each paying \$500 on entry. Under terms of the act half the tax goes to the Dominion and half to British Columbia, where nearly all the Chinese remain. On Tuesday the Finance Department provided a check to the Provincial Government for \$345,000, being half the total amount received. The Chinese of Chinese in other Provinces were as follows: Ontario, 1; Saskatchewan, 1; New Brunswick, 4; Nova Scotia, 3; Quebec, 74.

RUSSIA NEEDS \$400,000,000.

Finance Minister Announces Foreign and Domestic Loans for Big Sums.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: During a speech on a bill providing for the construction of the Amur Railroad on Tuesday, Finance Minister Kokovsov made the first announcement of foreign and domestic loans to raise \$400,000,000 the sum required for the construction of the Amur line, the double-tracking of the Siberian road, and the certain reforms in the army which are necessary for the defence of Russia in interests in the Orient. These loans will be floated partly at home and partly abroad.

of the Immigration Department, namely, \$25, and were refused admission to Canada.

SIXTY WERE KILLED.

Pilgrims Ground to Death in Belgian Train Wreck.

A despatch from Antwerp says: A railroad accident of unprecedented horror in the annals of Belgian train disasters occurred at 9.06 on Thursday morning at Contich, a station six miles southeast of Antwerp on the main line. An express train from Antwerp to Brussels crashed into a train loaded with pilgrims, mostly workmen and peasants on their way to a local shrine. This train was standing on a siding. Several of its cars were telescoped and shattered to matchwood. The total number of dead is placed at sixty and the wounded at over one hundred. The engineer and fireman of the express were among the killed.

BIG DECLINE IN IMMIGRATION.

Returns Will Show a Falling Off of Nearly Forty Thousand.

A despatch from Montreal says: There has been a marked falling off in the number of immigrants coming to Canada during the present year, despite a general impression that the number was, if anything, increasing. It was stated on Thursday by immigration officials here that the figures would show a falling off of between thirty and forty thousand for the year up to now, as compared with the number coming in during the same part of last year. The falling off was very marked during the first three months, amounting to nearly fifteen thousand. With the opening of Spring there was a temporary rush, but this has dropped off, and each week shows big declines as compared with last year, which was a record-breaker. On the other hand, the immigration officials state that the class of men coming out is much better than last year. This year the immigration is largely composed of people from the British Isles, and the stricter regulations have resulted in the sending out of a much better class, especially the regulation that each immigrant must have at least \$25 in cash.

WAS TREED BY WOLVES.

A Western Man's Adventures Near Canora, Saskatchewan.

A despatch from Canora, Sask., says: John Goodrich has returned from an exploring trip to his ranch some 75 miles north, during which he had an unusually trying experience. About a month ago Mr. Goodrich left here for his ranch with sixty head of cattle. During a snowstorm that intervened the cattle scattered around the country in bunches of from five to ten. To make things worse he lost his team while crossing a bog about fifty miles north, the animals suddenly dropping out of sight and he was unable to rescue them. During the search for his stock he was one night attacked by a large pack of wolves and forced to spend the night in a tree. His clothing was wet and froze to his body, and he was in an exhausted condition by the time the wolves dispersed in the morning.

MARRIED BY MISTAKE.

Connecticut Woman Is Suing For a Divorce.

A despatch from South Uorwalk, Conn., says: When Wm. Kriskick and Miss Alexandra Kirsikka, two Poles, applied for a license from Town Clerk Herbert R. Smith on Saturday they got a marriage license, and John Currow, Justice of the Peace, married them. The bride has now instituted proceedings for divorce, and threatens the officials. She says all that they wanted was a dog license. Kriskick's dog was named Louise, and in his broken English all he could say was that he wanted a license for Louise, which accounted for the mistake. The bride is a cousin of the bridegroom.

adapted to the needs and capabilities of every one, and can be varied from the most gentle form of muscular exercise to one of the most violent; from the slow, quiet stroll to the breath-taking heel-and-toe stride at a five-mile-an-hour gait. The delicate and the robust can therefore profit equally by this exercise.

Another advantage, and this is most important, is that the walking is done in the open air, and if it is done rapidly, the increased respiratory movements draw in great quantities of poisoned air, which oxygenates the blood and all the tissues of the body, and removes the carbonic acid gas and the waste matters which the blood brings to the lungs.

Walking also quickens the circulation and so strengthens the heart, the central pump, upon the proper working of which the health of the organism, and even life itself, depends.

Rapid walking, which all persons whose strength will permit should practise in preference to strolling, exercises not alone the leg muscles, but those of the back, of the chest, and even of the arms. The schoolgirl who is past the running and skipping age should always be made to walk to and from school in all weathers, and if the school is not far enough from home to give a walk of at least three or four miles, the deficit should be made up before the evening meal.

There is the added qualification that this valuable form of exercise calls for no outlay, no machinery, no apparatus beyond a pair of well-fitting shoes and a good road.—Youth's Companion.

DIET FOR SLEEPINESS.

Dr. William Stevens says that insomnia is not a disease itself, but the effect of an unhealthy condition of body or mind. When the cause is removed the insomnia may be expected to disappear.

Every physician has had stubborn cases of it which would not yield to any treatment and for which a change of air or of scene became necessary. But such cases as these should not occur, and do occur only when the sufferer has neglected precautions that should have been taken when the trouble first made itself manifest.

Insomnia results from causes which can be removed if attended to in season. The most common cause is found in the digestive organs. Either unsuitable food, causing insomnia as a feature of indigestion, or insufficient food, causing the patient to be kept awake by hunger.

There are few things which can be universally recommended as diet for sleeplessness, since what will agree with one man, will disagree with another. But two things that may almost always be recommended are lettuce and celery.

BANISH THAT TIRED FEELING.

Are you one of the women who say: 'I am perfectly well, only I get tired eas-

here on Tuesday night for Minneapolis and St. Paul, was wrecked at Carter Station, 15 miles south of here. The tender of the engine left the rails first throwing the engine on its side. Three coaches left the rails, the express, mail and baggage cars, and second-class coach. Fireman McBride was injured about the shoulders and back. The passengers escaped with only a bad shaking up.

UP TO THE BAYONETS.

Fierce Charge by Mohmands in Northern India.

A despatch from Simla, says: The Mohmand mountaineers are offering a stout resistance to the British punitive expedition, under the command of Major-General Sir James Willcocks. There was heavy fighting at Umri-Killi on Wednesday. The tribesmen frequently took the offensive and repeatedly charged up to the British bayonets. Two British officers were killed and one was wounded and a score of Sikh troopers were injured. The losses of the Mohmands were more than two hundred.

FIRE IN MANITOBA TOWN.

Half a Block of Main Street of Russell Was Wiped Out.

A despatch from Russell, Man., says: The west side of Main Street, for over half a block, was wiped out by fire on Tuesday night. The loss is approximately \$100,000, and not half covered by insurance. Among the places burned were: T. A. Wright's office, G. W. Glover's store, R. B. Rogers' office, the Odd-fellows' Hall, J. W. Fraser's store, A. B. Gall's office, and F. Matheson's store.

WINNIPEG'S NEW STATION.

Contract Awarded to Peter Lyall & Sons of Montreal.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The contract for the new million-dollar union station at Winnipeg to be used by the C. N. R., G. T. P., and National Transcontinental Railways has been awarded to Peter Lyall & Sons of Montreal. The contract for the building alone, exclusive of furnishings, etc., amounts to \$885,000.

Two Scottish women were arguing which of them was the more thrifty. First Woman—"Dae ye see that purse? Weel, that's ma first one, an' it's as guid as the day I got it. Ye canna come up to that, noo." Second Woman—"Michty me! Whit a poor beast! Ye ken Dugald, ma husband?" "Oh, aye; what a good him?" "Weel, he's ma first man; an' noo ye've got yer third. So dinna preach thrift to me again."

FRANCHISE FOR THE WOMEN

British Government Will Not Oppose Amendment to Electoral Reform Bill

A despatch from London says: Prime Minister Asquith, replying on Wednesday to delegation favoring woman suffrage, said that the Government intended to pass a comprehensive measure of electoral reform, and that should an amendment favoring woman suffrage be introduced the Government would not oppose it, provided the proposed change was upon democratic lines. He pointed out that no change of this kind could be effected unless the women of the country supported it as well as the electors. The Premier was cheerfully neutral respecting woman's suffrage. He admitted

that he had not "reached the state of grace which its advocates enjoyed," but he had an open mind. He was aware that about two-thirds of his colleagues favored it.

This declaration means that the Government will not attempt to influence its followers, but will leave all to vote as they please. This stipulation for a democratic basis is held to mean that any proposal, in order to avoid the Government's hostility, must conform approximately with the law governing the male franchise. It is predicted that such a proposal will certainly be carried by a large majority.

WARM WEATHER SHOES

TANS AND CANVAS.

For Men Women and Children. Never before have we had such a tempting array of warm weather footwear.

LADIES' BROWN KID OXFORD'S at..... 1.50 and 2.00

LADIES' TAN CALF OXFORDS and PUMPS from 1.98 to 4.00

GENTS' TAN BOOTS and OXFORDS 3.00 to 5.00

CHILDREN'S TAN BOOTS an Endless Variety..... 50c to 2.00

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

SEEDS

GARDEN SEEDS
FLOWER SEEDS
Large Stock
NEW SEEDS

FRANK H. PERRY.

THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market.

When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK WHEAT FLOUR always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE COAL. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

CAMBRIDGE'S

Charcoal
Oil skin suits
Asbestos sadirons
Lawn Mowers

Oils for any purpose
Ice Cream Freezers
Lumber and Shingles

Screen Doors
Tile all Sizes
Oiled and Galv. Wire
Vegetable and Fruit Slicers
Elephant Brand Paint
Star Cement.

Seasonable Goods at

M. S. MADOLE'S.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

The Townworth Athletic Association has been granted letters of incorporation.

Why suffer from heat when you can get a good gasoline or oil cooking stove that will do your cooking and not cook you. See them at
BOYLE & SON'S

The buoys in the river were set out on Friday last by Mr. Seymour Lind.

Shirts

Broken Sizes.

Regular \$1.00 and 1.25.

Clearing at

75 cts.

A good opportunity to buy a good Shirt at a low price.

A.E. Lazier.

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.
30-3-m

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.
Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. S. Kimmerly continues paying 17½¢ cash or trade for new laid eggs from the farm stone, and pullers eggs not wanted. 22 nutmegs, Toasted Corn Flakes 3 packages 25¢, Five Roses Flour \$5.00, Good Flour \$2.80. Car of Seed Corn in stock.

The annual camp will be held as usual at Kingston, June 16th, 1908. All men wishing to go will kindly hand in their names to Sergt. Douglas or Lieut. F. R. Maybee at once. New uniforms and caps will be issued for this year. Further particulars later.

Piles are easily and quickly checked with Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. To prove it I will mail a small trial box as a convincing test. Simply address Dr. Shoop Racine, Wis. I surely would not send it free unless I was certain that Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment would stand the test. Remember it is made expressly and alone for swollen, painful, bleeding or itching piles, either external or internal. Large jar 50¢. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

On Saturday morning Miss Bessie C. Fretz, only daughter of Frank Fretz, of Richmond, was united in marriage to Clarence Jones, of Picton. The ceremony was performed at eleven o'clock in Trinity Methodist church, by Rev. W. H. Embley. The bride was attended by Miss Mabel Waltham, of Waupoos, and a like service was performed for the groom by Harry Van de Bogart. The bride was attired in a becoming travelling suit of brown. After the ceremony the newly wedded couple took the noon train for a honeymoon in the east. On their return they will reside in Picton, where the groom is a successful young business man.

Coal \$6.75.

J. R. Dafoe will sell choice fresh

J. N. Osborne's

Barber Shop is on the north side of Dundas street near Stacey's. Call and see how well he can suit you.

Lawn Grass Seed.

We have the very best mixture also White Dutch Clover Seed and a special mixture of grass seed that will grow in any shady nook—Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

Lecture at Selby.

The Rev. J. F. Mears, of Napanee, will give his popular lecture on "Jean Valjean" in the Methodist Church, Selby, on the evening of the 29th of May, under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society. Refreshments, music and a splendid lecture, all for 20c. Come one, come all.

A little better than the Best.

Will be the silver medal elocutionary contest to be held in the Western Methodist Church on Monday evening, June 1st. New contestants, new selections, and a musical programme worth hearing. Contest starts at 8 sharp. Silver collection.

The New Shoe Store.

The Regal Shoe for Men.

The Boston Shoe for Women.

Hawley & Maybee,

Opposite Royal Hotel.

OBITUARY.

LILLIAN PARKER ROCKWELL.

Beloved wife of Mr. W. D. Rockwell, of Chicago, passed away at their home Oakley Boulevard, Chicago, on Thursday of last week, aged 29 years. The news came as a shock to her many Napanee friends who met her during her short stay here a couple of years ago with her husband. Besides her husband, three children remain. The sympathy of Mr. Rockwell's many Napanee friends goes out to him in his sorrow.

Mrs. Mary Jane Parks, beloved wife of Mr. Irvine Parks, County Treasurer, passed away at their residence, South Napanee, on Thursday morning. Deceased had been ill for some time though not seriously, but the disease could not be combated. Mrs. Parks was a sister of the late Mrs. Jackson, who passed away a few weeks ago. Mrs. I. B. Sills is also a sister of the deceased. Mrs. Parks leaves besides her sorrowing husband one daughter, Mrs. Ezra Huffman, Hay Bay, to mourn the death of an estimable wife and mother and a truly christian woman. The funeral will take place this afternoon to the Central Methodist church of which congregation deceased had been a member for a long number of years. The remains will be taken to the Parks' cemetery, Hay Bay for interment.

They're seeing more in Napanee

Because so many people have had their imperfect vision scientifically corrected by the optician in charge of the optical department at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

OBEYED ORDERS.

The Lady Knew Just What to Do When a Fire Started.

Mrs. Wilcox had boundless faith in the wisdom and general effectiveness of her husband's advice, and consequently he had primed her with instructions for any emergency that might arise when he was absent. Among other things, he had repeatedly warned her in case of fire to spread a rug on the blaze and then telephone for the engines.

So deeply was this advice impressed on her subconsciousness that her actions the day of the fire in her home were purely automatic.

She had bought a new hat, and, the room being rather poorly lighted, she used the gas jet over her bureau as an aid to studying the new millinery

best feed mills known to the trade.
A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE COAL. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.
Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

CAMBRIDGE'S

Supberb Confectionery.

Just arrived, a fresh supply of Lowney High Class Chocolates
All kinds of Cake and Pastry.
Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda.
Lunches at all hours.

Cambridge's Bakery & Confectionery Store
Next A. E. Paul's, and The Robinson Company, Limited.

COAL!

OUR CELEBRATED

PLYMOUTH COAL!

All sizes for prompt delivery.
We also carry in stock
Steam Coal,
Blacksmithing Coal
—and—
Blue Grass Cannel Coal
for a bright gratefire.
All at close prices FOR CASH.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 101
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-11

CHAS. STEVENS,

LOCAL SALESMAN WANTED

FOR NAPANEE AND
ADJOINING COUNTRY
To represent

CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES

A permanent situation for the right man for whom the territory will be reserved and pay weekly. Free equipment.
Write for particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON,
Fonthill Nurseries
(over 800 Acres)
Toronto, Ontario

If You Wish to be Successful

ATTEND THE

KINGSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE Limited.

head of Queen Street, CANADA'S HIGHEST GRADE business school. Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy and all commercial subjects thoroughly taught by competent, experienced teachers. Enter at any time. Rates very moderate.— Send for Catalogue.

H. E. METCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM,
President. Secretary.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

The Tanworth Athletic Association has been granted letters of incorporation.

Why suffer from heat when you can get a good gasoline or oil cooking stove that will do your cooking and not cook you. See them at
BOYLE & SON'S

The boys in the river were set out on Friday last, by Mr. Seymour Lindsay. There is an average of about three feet more water in the river this year than last summer.

The Steamer Ella Ross, which has been a familiar excursion boat in the river for a number of years has been sold by the Deseronto Navigation Co to Port Perry parties who will run her as an excursion steamer.

Mr. Nisbett Dean, a former resident of Napanee, passed away last week at St. Catharines at the home of his son-in-law, Mr. Miles S. Plunley. Mr. Dean was a resident of Napanee for twenty-two years and was well known by a large number of Napeaneans. For the past six years he has resided in St. Catharines. During the past four years deceased has been totally blind, and on May 2nd he suffered a stroke of paralysis from which he did not recover. He had been an invalid for some years and had been tenderly cared for by his daughter and son-in-law. Deceased was aged 72 years 1 month. The funeral took place at St. Catharines.

Tired nerves, with that "no ambition" feeling that is commonly felt in spring or early summer, can be easily and quickly altered by taking what is known to drug gists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. One will absolutely note a changed feeling within 18 hours after beginning to take the Restorative. The bowels get sluggish in the winter time, the circulation often slows up, the kidneys are inactive, and even the heart in many cases grows decidedly weaker. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is recognized everywhere as a genuine tonic to these vital organs. It builds up and strengthens the worn-out weakened nerves; it sharpens the failing appetite, and universally aids digestion. It always quickly brings renewed strength, life, vigor, and ambition. Try it and be convinced. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

TALK ABOUT GROCERIES

If you want good Groceries and the best, no cheap trash, you want to go to

H. W. KELLY,
Campbell House Corner.

and you can get the best Rolled Oats in town, also

Headlight Coal Oil	15c a gallon
Water White Oil the best	16c a gallon
3 Tin Gillet's Lye	25 cents
1 lb Laundry Starch	6c per lb.
Canada Corn Starch	7c per box
Canada Laundry Starch	7c per box
Bonson's Corn Starch No 1	3 for 25c.
6 bars Surprise Soap	25 cents
10 bars Judd Soap	25 cents
6 Green Castle	35 cents
1 lb French Castile Toilet	10 cents
1/2 lb Best Baking Powder	15c a tin
1/2 lb Baking Powder	10c a lb tin
Pure Cream Tartar	30c a lb
Greenputts	2 for 25c.
3 Boxes Silver Glass Starch	25 cents
New Mixed Peel	15c a lb
3 Corn Flakes	25 cents
O. W. Kay No Salmon	13c a tin
2 lb Paris Lump Sugar	15 cents

The best 25c Green Tea in town.

If you want good Breakfast Bacon try our PEA MEAL.

H. W. KELLY

The bride was attired in a becoming travelling suit of brown. After the ceremony the newly wedded couple took the noon train for a honeymoon in the east. On their return they will reside in Picton, where the groom is a successful young business man.

Coal \$6.75.
J. R. Dufor will sell choice fresh mined coal for \$6.75 cash for the month of May.

Gasoline for Stoves and Engines.
High Grade Motor Gasoline kept free from coal oil and containing no sediment to clog the tubes, at the Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

Election of Officers.
The officers of Napanee Lodge No. 86, I. O. O. F., for the ensuing term were elected on Tuesday evening as follows:
J. P. G. J. A. Grange,
N. G. Frank Allison,
V. G. Wm. Harrison,
R. S. Geo. Smith,
Per. Secy. E. McLaughlin,
Treas. G. B. Joy,
Representatives to Grand Lodge
G. F. Ruttan, W. M. Mayber,
Representatives to District Meeting
F. J. Vandalstyne, W. M. Mayber, R. J. Dickinson.

CASTORIA.
Bears the
Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher

Base Ball at Kingston.

The base ball game at Kingston, on Monday, between the Victoria's, of that city, and the Napanee team resulted in the defeat of the latter by a score of 11-6. Probably the least said about the game the better, but the fact remains that under more favorable circumstances the result might have been different. In the first instance our boys are not accustomed to playing ball in hay fields. The grass on the diamond was so tall that it was no trouble to loose the ball in it. Then again the decisions of the referee were not such as to cause rejoicing on the part of the locals. The fact that the Napanee pitcher in the fifth innings threw down the ball, and refused to stay in the box, owing to the decisions of the umpire, speaks for itself. Undoubtedly the umpire was honest in his efforts, and did the best he could, but his decisions several times cost the local runs. The locals played practically an errorless game, and all things being equal, when they meet the "Victoria's" in a league game they will wipe out this minor defeat by putting it all over the Kingston boys. The members of the Kingston team are a gentlemanly lot of fellows and play snappy ball from start to finish. Following were the players:

Napanee: Shultz, L. Trimble, p. Shorts, 1b. Dunn, 2b. Derry, 3b. C. Trimble, ss. Warner, rf. McNeill, cf. Allison, if.

Kingston: H. Dick, c. G. Dick, p. Haylett, 1b. McCartney, 2b. Crawford, 3b. Pound, ss. Mundle, rf. Gillispie, cf. Nicholson, if.

Score by innings
Kingston 11016020 11
Napanee 00000321 6

Didn't Agree with Me

Mr. Arthur Tonnison, 88 London Street, Toronto, writes enthusiastically of the merits of Psychine for all stomach troubles.

"For seven years I have had indigestion and dyspepsia. I tried scores of remedies. My room resembled a drug store with nostrums, which I had bought. Eventually I used Psychine, and every dose brought permanent relief."

All throat, lung and stomach troubles quickly cured by Psychine. It is the prescription of a great specialist. At all druggists, 50c and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto.

Strawberries will soon be here. Buy non-poisonous stew kettle that will not discolor your fruit and every kettle guaranteed perfect.
BOYLE & SON.

the engines.
So deeply was this advice impressed on her subconsciousness that her actions the day of the fire in her home were purely automatic.
She had bought a new hat, and, the room being rather poorly lighted, she used the gas jet over her bureau as an aid to studying the new millinery achievement. Suddenly as she was lifting the lace creation off her head it slipped and fell directly upon the blazing gas jet.

The expected happened. The hat was soon burning fiercely, still on the top of the gas pipe.

Mrs. Wilcox, mindful of Jack's advice, grabbed a valuable Persian rug on the floor and, spreading it carefully over the lighted gas jet and flaming hat, rushed out to the telephone.

At the doorway she collided with her maid, Estelle, who, hearing the rapid movements in the room, was coming to learn the cause.

Running over to the bureau, the girl turned out the gas and, throwing the rug on the floor, stamped out the flames, which had burned a hole through the valuable tapestry.

"Why, Mrs. Wilcox," she cried, "why didn't you turn out the gas?"

"Turn out the gas?" answered her mistress. "Well, aren't you bright! I never thought of that. Jack has always told me to put a rug on a fire."

A THOUSAND FITIES.

That everybody whose skin is on fire with some one form or another of Skin Eruptions, should not know of Dr. Agnew's Ointment. One application controls the flame—a few applications cure.

It's a wonderful treatment in cases of blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerating Piles, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald-head, Ring-worm, Eczema, Itch, Skin Blisters, Pimples, Chronic Erysipelas, Liver Spots. Dr. Agnew's Ointment is specially efficacious as a Pile cure. Apply it before retiring for from 3 to 5 nights and a cure is assured. (31)

Sold by T. B. Wallace



Boys' Wash Suits and Blouses.
A GREAT RANGE OF PATTERNS.

SUITS from \$1.00 to \$3.00.
BLOUSES at 50c. and 75c.

Graham & Vandalstyne.

Clerical Clothing



Clergymen as a rule are particular about their clothing. Following the same rule, we are particular about our clothing for clergy

Clerical Suits of appropriate fabrics correctly fashioned in a diversity of styles.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, - Napanee.

WARNED BY DESERTS

What These Sandy Wastes Mean to Mother Earth.

A DEATH GRIP ON THE WORLD

They Indicate the Beginning of the End of Our Beautiful Planet, Which Is Doomed to Roll Through Space a Parched and Lifeless Orb.

Deserts already exist on the earth, and the nameless horror that attaches to the word in the thoughts of all who have had experience of them or are gifted with imagination to conceive is in truth greater than we commonly suppose, for the cosmic circumstance about them which is most terrible is not that deserts are, but that deserts have begun to be. Not as local evilities are they only to be pictured, but as the general inescapable death grip on our world, for it is the beginning of the end. What depauperates the forests to grass lands and thence to wastes must in turn attack the sea bottoms when they shall have parted with their seas.

Last of the fertile spots upon the planet because of the salts the streams have for ages washed down and of the remnant of moisture that would still drain into them, eventually they must share the fortune of their predecessors and the planet roll a parched orb through space. The picture is forbidding, but the fact seems one to which we are constructively pledged and into which we are in some sort already adventured.

Girdling the earth with what it takes but little personification to liken to the life extinguishing serpent's coils run two desert belts of country. The one follows, roughly speaking, the tropic of Cancer, extending northward from it; the other, the tropic of Capricorn. Arizona is in the northern land, as are the Sahara, Arabia and the deserts of central Asia.

Now, these desert belts are growing. In the great desert of northern Arizona the traveler, threading his way across a sagebrush and cacti plain shut in by abrupt sided shelves of land rising here and there some hundreds of feet higher, suddenly comes upon a petrified forest.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Saul spent Friday last with friends at Camden East.

Mrs. H. E. Saul left on Thursday to spend a week at Portsmouth the guest of Miss Nora Wakeford.

Miss Marion Stevens was home from Enterprise to spend 24th with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Stevens.

Mr. Albert Walker, Bath, was a caller at our office on Monday.

Mrs. John Derry and two children are spending the week visiting relatives in Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Grange spent Sunday and Monday with friends in Kingston.

Messrs Ed McNeill, Marysville, and A. V. Price, Newburgh, were callers at our office on Friday.

Misses Minnie VanAlstyne, Lena Root and Bert Oliver took in the 25th in Kingston.

Mr. W. H. Perry, Toronto, is visiting his father, Mr. Jeremiah Perry, Fredericksburgh.

Mrs. W. A. Rockwell, Wellington, left last week for Chicago, to visit her son, Mr. W. D. Rockwell.

B. S. O'Loughlin, Esq., Yarker, was in town on Wednesday.

Rev. J. De P. Wright with Mrs. Wright and son, were in town on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. McAfee, Tamworth, were in town on Wednesday.

Mrs. F. W. Vandusen was in Kingston on Monday consulting a specialist regarding her eyesight.

Miss Myrtle Stevens returned from Toronto on Friday to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas Stevens.

Mr. Fred Sheppard has purchased the brick house on Bridge street formerly owned by Mrs. Close, of Edmonton.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Herrington and a party of friends spent 24th at Camp-Le-Nid.

Mr. J. I. Johnston was in Picton on Monday and Kingston on Tuesday.

Miss Marjorie Gibson and Mr. H. Warner made a trip to Colebrook last Monday calling on friends.

Miss Meek spent Victoria Day with friends in Prescott.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Travers returned from their wedding trip Tuesday morning after a very pleasant time in Quebec.

Mrs. Isaac Lockwood went to Belleville to visit friends on the 24th.

Mrs. Bogart and Miss Bessie Bogart have established themselves at their camp at Bogart's-on-the-Bay for the summer.

Mrs. A. C. Clarke, Napanee, and Mrs. C. D. Shorts, Newburgh, are visiting friends in Rochester, N. Y.

Rev. E. F. Bell, Woodville, N. Y., spent last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Bell.

We are sorry to say that Mrs. Thos. Jamieson is still confined to her bed and very weak.

Miss Ada Lane returned on Wednesday from Albany, N. Y., where she has been visiting her brother.

Miss Edith Gibson is home from Toronto for the holidays.

Mr. Harold Downey, Oakland, Cal., is visiting his father, Mr. A. McN. Downey.

Mrs. W. J. Jowett spent a few days this week in Picton.

Dr. and Mrs. R. A. Leonard spent a few days last week in Belleville.

Mr. F. B. Allen spent a couple of days in Montreal this week.

Mr. J. G. Louches spent a few days this week in Toronto.

Mr. M. O. Fraser and family have moved from Kawartha, Ont., to North Vancouver, B. C.

Miss Horton, Moncton, will sing at the services in the Methodist Church.

Confidence

when eating, that your food is of highest wholesomeness—that it has nothing in it that can injure or distress you—makes the repast doubly comfortable and satisfactory.

This supreme confidence you have when the food is raised with

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

There can be no comforting confidence when eating alum baking powder food. Chemists say that more or less of the alum powder in unchanged alum or alum salts remains in the food.

Mrs. E. L. Brown, Niagara Falls, is the guest of Mrs. Alfred Alexander.

Mr. Harold Martin will return to the west next week, after a short stay with his mother.

Mr. Lizzie Roe and sister, Mrs. Dr. Whitmore, of New Haven, Conn. are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Sherwood.

Mr. Frank Hamilton, Toronto, spent 24th the guest of Miss Louise Davy.

Miss Bessie Sherwood has returned from New York.

Mrs. Norman Perry, Ogdensburg, N. Y., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Wm. Hamblly, who is very ill at the residence of her son, Warden C. W. Hamblly.

Mr. Miles Oliver, Watertown, N. Y., spent last Friday and Saturday in Napanee.

DEATHS.

PARKS. At Napanee, on Thursday, May 28th, 1908, Mary Jane Parks, beloved wife of Mr. Irvine Parks, aged 67 years, 7 months, and 27 days. Funeral this afternoon at 1.15, Central Methodist Church.

Bed-Bug Poison and Buffalo moth Killer.

House cleaning time is here. We have a sure cure for Bed Bugs and a large supply of Moth liquids etc. at Wallace's Drug Store, Napanee.

The Gas Co. have the ruins of the Gas House about cleared up and ready for immediate rebuilding. The old gas holder yet remains to be removed however.

STR. REINDEER.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Daily, Sundays Excepted. Effective Wednesday, April 22nd, 1908. Subject to change without notice.

A. M.

Ins and Outs.

"What's that noise?" asked the visitor in the apartment house.

"Probably some one in the dentist's apartments on the floor below getting a tooth out."

"But this seemed to come from the floor above."

"Ah, then it's probably the Popeys' baby getting a tooth in."

CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

A simple and effective remedy for

SORE THROATS AND COUGHS

They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and honey. Your druggist or from us, 10¢ in stamps. LEEMISS, MILLS CO., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 401

Home Seekers Excursions

TO—

Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

APRIL 23rd, 24th and 25th
MAY 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th
JUNE 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th
JULY 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th
AUGUST 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th
SEPTEMBER 1st, 2nd and 3rd

For full particulars apply to

E. McLAUGHLIN

17-3rd Agent C. P. R.



SANARA, ARABIA and the deserts of central Asia.

Now, these desert belts are growing. In the great desert of northern Arizona the traveler, threading his way across a sagebrush and cacti plain shut in by abrupt sided shelves of land rising here and there some hundreds of feet higher, suddenly comes upon a petrified forest.

Trunks of trees in all stages of fracture strew the ground over a space some miles in extent. So perfect are their forms he is almost inclined to think the usual wasteful woodchopper has been by and left the scattered products of his art in littered confusion upon the scene of his exploit. Only their beautiful color conveys a sense of strangeness to the eye, and, leaning down and touching them, he finds that they are stone; chalcedony, not carbon! Form has outlived substance and kept the resemblance, while the particles of the original matter have all been spirited away. Yet so perfect is the presentment one can hardly believe the fact, and where one fallen giant spans a little canyon one almost thinks to hear the sound of water rushing down the creek.

But it is some millions of years and more since this catastrophe befell, and the torrent, uprooting it, left it prone, with limbs outstretched in futile grasp upon the other side. A conifer it was, cousin only to such as grow today, and flourished probably in the cretaceous era, for the land has not been under water here since the advent of tertiary times.

Nowhere near it, except for the rare cottonwoods along the bank of the Little Colorado, grows anything today. The land which once supported these forests is incompetent to do so now. Yet nothing less changed, there since except the desiccating water supply. During tertiary and quaternary time the rainfall here has been less and less. Proof of this is offered by the great pine oaks that cap the plateau of which these petrified forests form a part and is known by the San Francisco peaks. The forest above sea level of the spot where the chalcedony trunks are strewn is about 4,500 feet. The lower present limit of the pine in its full development is 6,500 feet. Two thousand feet upward the verdure line has retreated since the former forests were. And this is no local alteration, for upon the other side of the plateau petrified remains of trees are similarly found.

The line of perpetual green has then because in desert regions the moisture is found most plentiful nearest to the clouds from which it falls upon a parching earth. Streams, instead of gathering volume as they go, are largest near their source and grow less and less with each fresh mile of flow. The brooks descending from the Anti-Lebanon, in Syria; water the gardens of Damascus and, thence issuing upon the plain, lose themselves just beyond the threshold of its gates. So in the Arizona desert, though in a less degree, and those who live there know it but too well.—From Percival Lowell's "Mars and the Future of the Earth" in Century.

Yes.

We want you to come and see us and bring along your cash, and we think we can show you that you can save money by buying from us. We are offering a big discount off all lines of crockery and glassware in order to reduce our stock, which is far too large for this season of the year. You will find as good value with us in all lines of groceries etc., as any where in town. Our tea at 25c. has them all whipped in the cup. Will pay highest price for eggs — THE COXALL CO.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Lawn Hose, Nozzles, Sprayers, Mowers, Rakes at BOYLE & SON.

Mr. F. B. Wilson spent a couple of days in Montreal this week.

Mr. J. G. Loucks spent a few days this week in Toronto.

Mr. M. G. Fraser and family have moved from Wawanesa, Man., to North Vancouver, B. C.

Miss Horton, Morven, will sing at the service in the Methodist Church, Newburgh, next Sunday.

Mr. Wm. M. P. Lockhead, formerly of Centerville, now of Berlin, was in Napanee Tuesday.

Mr. Isaac Lockwood went to Orangeville to spend 24th with friends.

Mr. H. M. Deroche, K. C., was able to be down to his office on Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Hiram Walker, of Wilton, was in Napanee last Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. A. C. Waring and Miss Belya Warner, of Colebrook, were in Napanee last Friday.

Miss Kathleen Cowan is home from Victoria College, Toronto, for the summer.

Mrs. George I. Ham and daughter, Miss Endare, are spending this week in Toronto at the races.

Mr. T. B. German was in Toronto a few days this week.

Miss Mabel Downey, of Chicago, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. McN. Downey.

Misses Viola Vanalstine, Lulu Shepherd and Nellie Pybus spent Monday in Pictou.

Mr. Nelson Wagar, Parma, left this week for the west.

Mrs. J. H. McKinnon and daughter, Mrs. Harry Pringle, Toronto, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Uriah Wilson. M. P. Mrs. McKinnon came down to bring her mother, the late Mrs. McCullough.

Mr. R. G. Harris Travers, will be "At Home" to her many friends Tuesday, June 2nd, after 1 p. m.

Miss Georgie Daly arrived home from the Southern States on Wednesday, and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Herb Daly. Miss Daly is in poor health.

Mrs. J. G. Hooper, Toronto, is here to attend the funeral of her aunt, the late Mrs. Irvine Pinks.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bourne and son of Toronto, were guests of Mrs. J. Webster over the 24th.

Misses M. Hall, Horton E. Stratton, and C. Bristol, and Messrs G. Gibbard, W. Harrison and W. Robinson, were among the party who took train from town to Deseronto on the 25th, and spent the day sailing on the bay.

Mrs. Jos. Lowry, Melita, Manitoba, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Vanalstine, Palace Road. Her son Master Aryst Lowry, is spending a couple of weeks with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Davis, Pictou.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Smith returned last week from Rochester where they attended the graduation of his daughter, Miss Ada Smith, a trained nurse, and left on Monday for Chicago to attend the graduation of his son, Mr. Ches Smith, as a full fledged dentist.

Mr. F. W. Smith was in Kingston on Tuesday. The Kingston Whig of Wednesday says: Frederick Smith, Napanee, was heartily greeted by scores of old friends, yesterday. He is a jeweler, a former Kingstonian, and has the happy faculty of telling stories as effectively as his brothers, Charles, John and George, of Kingston. Frederick has been in business in Napanee for forty years.

The following ladies and gentlemen had a picnic party from Yarker to Verona on Monday, May 25th, going by van: Miss Gertrude Connolly, Miss Violet Ewart, Miss Edith Baxter, Mr. Craig, Mr. Clarence Ewart and Mr. Topill, of Yarker; Miss Jean Gibson and Mr. Ernest Madden, of Napanee; Mr. Percy Madden, of Newburgh, and Miss Helen Wartman, of Colebrook, formed the party and they had a jolly time fishing and boating on the lake. Mr. Wm. Switzer, of Yarker, was the driver and on their return at Colebrook, Mrs. Frank Wartman entertained the party with fire works and refreshments.

has longer yet remains to be proved however.

STR. REINDEER,

LOCAL TIME TABLE.
Daily, Sundays Excepted. Effective Wednesday, April 22nd, 1908. Subject to change without notice.

	A. M.
Napabee	Leave 6:00
Deseronto	7:20
Houghs	7:20
Thompson's Point	7:40
Gen Island	8:05
Glenora	8:10
Pictou	8:30
Pictou	Leave 9:30
Thompson's Point	10:00
Houghs	10:20
Deseronto	10:40
Napabee	11:40
Deseronto	Leave 1:10
Houghs	1:40
Thompson's Point	2:10
Pictou	2:30
Pictou	Leave 4:00
Glenora	4:20
Gen Island	4:40
Thompson's Point	4:45
Houghs	5:15
Deseronto	5:30
Napabee	5:50
Stop on signal.	Arrive 6:20

CONNECTIONS.
At Deseronto with Bay of Quinte and Grand Trunk Railway Trains for all points East, West and North; with Steamer Eda Ross for Upper Bay Ports. At Pictou with Central Ontario Railway.
JAS. COLLIER, Captain.

To make fortunes out of the future you must put something into the present.

Agents wanted to sell Securities For Sale
Fruit Lands & Cheap Farms & Suburban Acreage.

Gold-Coppers pay big dividends all over British Columbia.

BRITISH COLUMBIA ILLUSTRATED

Containing over 100 views, post paid 25c, stamps. — Richest Province in British Empire

Nothing Risked, Nothing Gained. Nothing Ventured, Nothing Won

Splendid Opportunity to Invest
The richest men in the world are investing in British Columbia Copper Gold and Silver Mines. Why can't you begin now? The greatest Gold-Copper discovery of the age is in British Columbia.

Big Four Consolidated Gold Mines, Limited. Capital \$625,000.

Every Dollar subscribed used in Development of Mine.

Special Offer—20c per Share, will shortly advance to \$1.00.

Mines directly west of Le Roi and Le Roi No. 2, shares sold from 5 cents to \$10.00 and Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co. of Canada, Ltd., shares \$100.00 each, the Giant California, adjoining our own, shares about \$110.00, Granby Mine paid over \$3,000,000 Dividends per year. Gold-Copper Mines in British Columbia paid large Dividends. Big Four assays from \$5.00 to \$800.00 in gold, copper, silver, with 30 per cent. in the treasury. Invest now and you won't regret it.

NOTE—Most of these mines sold for a few cents once, but overcapitalized ever now, pay big dividends. Big Four is on the railway, near smelters. Rossland Mines received Highest Awards for richest gold copper ore sent to St. Louis Exposition. Big Four had best display at Dominion Fair, New Westminster, B.C. No less than 100 shares sold for cash, above this. Shares can be had on installment plan, on yearly contract, 15 per cent. cash, balance monthly.

Nearly Two Miles of Railway on Property.

Company has no debts or liabilities. Send for Illustrated Prospectus and Booklet, "Mining Up-to-date," to Secretary, with 5c. stamps.

BIG FOUR MINES, LIMITED.

P. O. Box 174, VANCOUVER, B. C., CANADA.

Feel-Rite Dyspepsia Tablets

Are recommended by everyone who uses them—they can't help it, for they immediately invigorate the stomach by letting it take a rest.

Feel-Rite Dyspepsia Tablets destroy dyspepsia, belching, that "hump of lead feeling," burning sensations, indigestion, loss of appetite and aversion to food.

Have Feel-Rite Dyspepsia Tablets handy, where you can take one after each meal. Then you will know what a blessing it is to have a good appetite and to get all the good possible out of everything you eat. You'll feel happy and good-natured. Feel-Rite Tablets only cost 25c. a box and are positively superior to any other on the market. You cannot afford to be without a box of these Tablets. Get them to-day, and if you are not satisfied with the result your money will be cheerfully refunded.

A Free Sample may be had from The Medical Hall, or The Red Cross Drug Store, or by mail from

THE FEEL-RITE CO.,

Napabee, Ont.

Full particulars and directions with each package.

Price, 25c., or 5 Boxes for \$1.00.